

THE NAPANEE

Historical Society

Vol. LVII No. 18—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY,

W. T. BAIRD

ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR

of Trinity Methodist Church.

Teacher of Piano, Organ, and Voice Culture.

A few Pupils more will be accepted.

Studio:—Dundas Street. 38tf

MONUMENTS!

Markers, Posts, Latest Designs.

WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

Place your order now and have a Monument erected this spring.

The Napanee Marble Works
MARKET SQUARE.

DOXSEE & CO.

On Sale Tuesday,

April 9th.

Six dozen Brassieres ranging in price from 75c to \$1.00 sizes 36, 38 and 40.

Sale price, 50 cents

MILLINERY

Hats to suit every face and every purse. Headquarters for stylish head wear. Many New Models and Exclusive Styles not shown elsewhere. Neckwear and Corsets our Specialty.

The Leading Millinery House

NOTICE!

5000 Muckruts Wanted

Production and Conservation

On March 28th the Women's Committee to the Organization of the Production and Conservation Campaign met in the Council Chamber under the convensorship of Mrs. J. W. Robinson. Nearly all the members were present showing of what prime importance is considered the most intense cultivation of every foot of ground, and the conservation of every ounce of food produced thereon. The ladies present were very enthusiastic in their discussions and most decided in their conviction that when our men are making so many noble sacrifices for our sakes, that right-minded people of all classes will do his individual best, regardless of the fact whether someone else is doing his or not.

A generous offer was received from Mr. W. S. Herrington, who is willing to send for all seeds or plants required, through the Horticultural Society thereby obtaining greatly reduced rates. This offer was gratefully accepted. All persons requiring seeds will please send in their names and lists of requirements to Mr. W. S. Herrington, or Mrs. J. W. Robinson.

The following resolutions were drawn up and unanimously carried:

1. Resolved that all organized societies in town be communicated with and asked to refrain from serving refreshments for at least a month, and then altogether, if found at all feasible. Also that this committee pledge themselves to use their influence to make public opinion as strong as possible against the giving of refreshments at entertainments, both private and public.

2. Resolved that as a committee we assist the Men's Committee in any way possible in getting vacant lots cultivated this year.

3. Resolved to interview Mr. Treynouth, of the Public School, Messrs. MacLean, Smith and Evans, of the Collegiate, The Robinson Co., Boyle & Son, Gibbard Furniture Co., and all other companies or factories in town where male help is employed, and ask each to be responsible for the cultivation of a lot—one person in each concern to superintend and look after the production of the greatest amount of food possible on the space taken.

The meeting adjourned until called together again by the chairman.

SEED OATS

Farmers are asked to increase production this year. The best and quickest way to do this is by sowing better seed. Oats are the largest crop in Lennox and Addington county. And yet the average yield of oats in this county is only 30 bushels to the acre. Individual farmers report yields of 40, 50 and even 60 bushels of oats to the acre. Why this low yield? Because farmers are sowing oats that are run out. Oats that are light in weight, thick in hull, germinate weak-

March School Report

NAMES IN ORDER OF MERIT

SR. IV—Alma Wales, Lillian Smith and Helen Loyst equal; Jack Stewart, Ray Walker, Mary Derry and Florence Davis equal, Lillian Birchall, Vivian Exley, John Alexander, Gerald Smith, Lily Morris, Everett Smith, Ethel Jayne, Albert Tomlinson, Edith Baker, Bessie Woodcock, Ambrose Killorin, Willie Barrett equal; Florenod Walker, Joseph Killorin, Margaret Cavanaugh, Arthur Miller, Fred Vanalstine, Walter Metcalfe.

JR. IV—K. Barrett, H. Cornwall, M. Davy, M. Wilson, M. Perry, E. Vankoughnet, J. McCormack, W. Clarke, C. Knox, H. Hull, K. Edgecomb, H. Holmes and O. Liddell, equal; M. Ford, M. Edgar, V. Morris, H. Kellar and E. Baughan, equal; C. McCullough, S. Purdy, R. Grass, J. Coates, H. Stevenson, B. Reid, E. Rion, S. Woodcock, M. Daly, H. Morris, C. Wilson, M. Villard, C. Walker G. Jenkins, R. J. Miller, F. McGee.

SR. III—Carl Garrett, Allen Walters, Mary Cooke, Walter Stevens, Frances Mills, Betty Smith, Elizabeth Carmichael, Ernest Cooke, Stella Woodcock, Lepha Woods, Georgie Robinson, Mary Fox, Cora Kellar, Donald Demille, Tillie Waller, Helen Davy, Edith Cottle, Edith Osborne, Gertrude Davern, Harry Vine, Rosabelle Lewis, Bill Daly, Leone Sampson, Nelda Reid, Elizabeth Fraser, Josephine Loucks, Melville McDougall, Eugene Fox, Gladys Deschene, Lorne Wartman, Donald Roblin, Kathleen Tierney, Jessie Marsh, Herbert Blackadder, Carrie Davis, Helen Card, Card. Missed exgms.—Carrie Ryan, Willie Caton, Charlie Conway, Ernest Stinson.

JR. III—K. Deschene, L. Sweet, C. Blackadder, C. McVicker, H. Davy, N. Vanalstine, E. Fraser, F. Perry, W. Normile, J. Davern, J. Fox, A. Powell, C. Burley, P. Stewart, M. Storms, D. Quick, O. Perry, G. Gleeson, A. Boothe, O. Kellar, M. Markle, H. McDougall, F. Ford, N. Ballard, K. Middleton, L. Marsh, A. Cavanaugh, I. Garrison, B. Kelly, D. Magee, P. Jackson, J. McCumber, D. Miles, E. Boyd, G. Smith.

SR. II—Wilma Garrett, G. Barnes, G. Robinson, A. Cavanaugh, R. Thompson, E. McCormick, H. Sagar, M. Roblin, A. Davy, M. Pizzariello, O. Graham, D. Powell, M. Corkill, F. Ballard, N. Graham, D. Osborne and T. Ham, equal; N. Black, H. Benn, D. Scott, M. Stevens, B. Reeve, E. Lewis, B. Tinney, W. Coates, E. Sagar, T. McGraw, C. MacDonald, C. Barnes, J. Deschene, P. Castaldi and D. Denison, equal; C. Hawkins, G. McGee, S. Kelly, A. Stevens, G. Jaynes, M. Rogers, T. Fenwick, M. Winters, A. Garrison, L. Burleigh, O. Babcock, N. Aseltine.

JR. II—Ch. Fraser, G. Lee, C. Lee, H. Lucas, E. Switzer, C. Fraser, M. Martin, H. Thomson, R. Stevens, H. Deline, W. Taylor, D. Campbell, N. Midmer, D. M. Johnston, D. Travers, A. Rogers, K. Miller, D. Haggerty, H. Irvine, M. Kellan, L. Graham, A. Wilson, E. Wilson, M. F. F. F.

guerie Thompson, Florence Kink Donald Hawley, Helen Walker, Jos Leafe, Clarence Pennell, Donald I wick, Bessie Conger, Clarence As stine.

SR. PRIMARY—Agnes Cuddy, ma Snider, Earl Thompson, G. Wells, Jessie Stevenson, Grace Le Marion Grass, Eldon Edgar, Sta Fox, Jack Grange, Bernice Bar Claude Thompson, James Wilk Bernice Thompson, Jim Perry, F Stevenson.

JR. PRIMARY—Marion Scultho Margaret Douglas, Aubrey Pyt Colborne Harrington, Ethel Wilk Marjorie Silis, Katherine Cony Eyvel Loucks, Albert Wagar, Doro Storms, Walter Anselstine, Vera Ri er Donald Conger, Howard Pui Clarence Thompson, Gerald Pybus.

TOWN COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the council was held in the office of Messrs. E. rington, Warner & Grange, on Th day evening, the council chamber ing occupied for other purposes.

Members present—Mayor Robins Reeve Graham, Councillors Boy Lowry, MacGregor, Steacy, Spenc and Stevens.

James Poulos, who conducts a liard room in the Coates block, plied for a renewal of his license. present license expires April 21st.

Communications were received fr different churches in town request the council to reduce the number billiard and pool licenses. It was intension to establish an athletic c and reading room for the young m where physical and moral instruct could be given.

Moved by Councillor Lowry, s onded by Councillor Steacy, that th communications be laid on the ta until next meeting. In the meanti the clerk to draft a new by-law p viding for discontinuing licenses one month's notice. Carried.

Communication from W. J. Tayl night constable, asking for a bonus of \$100. Laid on the table.

Charles Markle was before the co cil with a proposition to collect al garbage in town, if the council wo provide him with a pig pen and co ing apparatus. The number of p he could keep would depend on amount of garbage collected. Rel red to the Town Property Commit to bring in a report on the cost of material and cooking outfit. T matter is along the line of grea production as well as cleaning garbage.

Councillor MacGregor read monthly report of Chief Barrett. T police court docket was a light last month. Number of cases 10, w 9 convictions and 1 dismissal. Fi and fees collected \$25.25.

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New Models and Exclusive Styles not shown elsewhere. Neckwear and Corsets our Specialty.

The Leading Millinery House

NOTICE !

5000 Muskrats Wanted

Highest Price Guaranteed

Also bring your Beef Hides and other Skins. Deal direct with

W. G. PAUL,

Office Paisley House Block, Phone 191. Market Square

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office—Winnipeg.

Capital (authorized)..... \$6,000,000

Capital (paid up)..... 1,431,200

Rest and Undivided Profits \$848,544

DIRECTORS.

President—Capt. Wm. Robinson.

Vice-President—John Stovel.

W. R. Pawli, A. McTavish Campbell,

Sir Douglas Cameron, K.C.M.G.

E. F. Hutchings, Geo. Fisher.

General Manager—Robert Campbell.

Bills of Exchange, Drafts and Orders on all Countries bought and sold.

Collections made in all parts of Canada, and in foreign countries.

Branches distributed throughout all Canada.

W. J. WIGGINS,

Manager Napanee Branch.

Don't Forget !

I am open to buy all kinds of

Grain Seeds and Beans, Hay, Straw and Potatoes, in small or Car Lots

AT TOP PRICES.

And have For Sale

Flour, Bran, Shorts, and Mixed Feeds, Meal, Oil Cake, and Cotton Seed.

OUR NEW GROCERY

One Door West, is nicely stocked with First-Class Goods.—A call will repay you.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street, NAPANEE, ONTARIO. Opposite Campbell House.

Soldiers' Comfort Kits \$1.75. Ask to see them at WALLACE'S.

The meeting adjourned until called together again by the chairman.

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Farmers are asked to increase production this year. The best and quickest way to do this is by sowing better seed. Oats are the largest crop in Lennox and Addington county. And yet the average yield of oats in this county is only 30 bushels to the acre. Individual farmers report yields of 40, 50 and even 60 bushels of oats to the acre. Why this low yield? Because farmers are sowing oats that are run out. Oats that are light in weight, thick in hull, germinate weakly, and can not possibly give a good yield.

Here is good news for farmers. The County Council have arranged with the Ontario Department of Agriculture to have two cars of No. 1 tested seed oats sent to this county for distribution to farmers at cost. These special seed oats are Improved O.A.C. No. 72, weigh 42 pounds to the bushel, germinate 98 per cent. to 100 per cent., are very thin in the hull, and last year yielded over 75 bushels to the acre. The average yield of these oats for the past five years has been over 60 bushels to the acre. The growers, Ruthven Bros., Alliston, Ontario, have a 400 acre farm devoted to the breeding of this special strain of Improved O.A.C. No. 72 Seed Oats, and now have the best strain of this breed of oats in the world. This seed is guaranteed absolutely clean and free of all noxious weed seeds.

Every farmer should avail himself of this opportunity and sow some of these seed oats. If a farmer's seed is not good, the increased yield from these oats will more than pay the small extra cost of seed. Then again, it is impossible to get a sufficient supply of mill-feeds. A farmer can feed his own oats, and buy these seed oats, and thus have better seed and more feed. The cost of these oats at Napanee is \$1.40 per bushel.

Marquis seed wheat is being sold to farmers in the county at \$2.00 per bushel delivered anywhere in the county, freight prepaid. Large numbers of farmers are preparing to sow an increased acreage of Spring Wheat.

A supply of tested seed corn will also be obtained and sold to farmers at cost. All applications for seed wheat, oats or corn, should be made to Mr. G. B. Curran, Ontario Department of Agriculture, Napanee.

Every man in Canada who can work, should do so this year. He should apply that work where it will be of most value to the nation and the Allies. Food is an absolute essential to victory. Most men can do something to increase food production, and they are willing to get at it. Many residents of Napanee have already made plans to go back to the farm. All who have made such plans are asked to send their names to Mr. Curran, so they will not be listed with the slackers. Others who have not made plans to aid production should hand their names to Mr. Curran AT ONCE, write, phone or telegraph, but get the names there, and Mr. Curran will find suitable places. Instead of planning an auto trip for vacation, or a quiet time down the Bay, plan to spend those two weeks or two months on someones farm. No one can afford to be idle while our friends and Allies are dying for us. "Produce" said Carlyle "Produce if it be but the infinitesimal fraction of a product, produce it God's name produce it."

Why do tourists, who make film records of their travels, insist on having "Kodak" film and Velox paper? Simply because they can rely on these to get results under all weather conditions. Look for word "Kodak" on metal end of every Eastman film. Sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

Benn, D. Scott, M. Stevens, B. Reeve, E. Lewis, B. Tinney, W. Coates, E. Sagar, T. McGraw, C. MacDonald, C. Barnes, J. Deschene, P. Castaldi and D. Denison, equal; C. Hawkins, G. McGee, S. Kelly, A. Stevens, G. Jaynes, M. Rogers, A. Fenwick, M. Winters, A. Garrison, L. Burleigh, O. Babcock, N. Asselstine.

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SR. FIRST BOOK—Libburn Cowling, Georgie Hoxey, Edmund Hamson, Katherine Gleeson, Walter Exley, Dorothy Clarke, Donald Smith, Ruth Graham, George Reid, Dave Stinson, Frank Robinson, Robert Wilson, Geo. Sexsmith, Gerald Cline, Evelyn Mills, Harvey Foote, Helen Moore, Ray Bongard, Cameron Booth.

JR. FIRST BOOK—Lorne Uens, Hazel Frink, Harold Barrager, Gordon Babcock, Ralph Wilson, Helen Wilson, Charlie Walters, Edith Hodgson, Nettie Deshane, Cecil Harrison, Florence Vanvolkenburg, Jack Powell, Grace McCabe, Jim Plumley, Clifford Walker, Dorothy Lucas, John Davis, Keitha Lewis, Rose Baker.

SR. PRIMER—CLASS I—Arthur Sweet, Garfield Hearn, Donald Huyck, Everett Pybus.

SR. PRIMER—Grace Boyes, Percy Denison, Helen Nelson, Ambrose Dean, Carmel Fretts, Marion Clark, Leona Jenkins, Audrey Wilson, Jean McGraw, Marjorie York, Muriel Garrison, John Wheeler, Bernice Hartman, Lerneice Edgecomb, Wilbur Miller, Hazel Datoe, Jack Black, Wm. Vandusen, Garfield Thompson, Ralph Vanalstine, Aleta Foote, Jack Baker, Georgie Wheeler.

JR. PRIMER—Willie Gordon, Jack Kellar, Irene Magee, Josephine Clark, Walter Pybus, Leonard Baird, Roland Vanvolkenburg, Donald Jenkins, Evelyn Barrager, Lenore Black, Durwood Conway, Percy Schryver, King Babcock, Earl Babcock, Robert Fraser, Russell Storms, Anson Wheeler.

JR. PRIMER—Senior Class—Tommy Winters, Hazel O'Connor, Ernest Giffard, John DeMille, Aleta Wagar, Harold Reddyco, Harold York, Gordon MacGregor, Gordon McLean, Alios Knox, Lesten Boyes, Grace McDonald, Helen Harrigan, Arthur Frink, Grace Boyd.

Class A—Ethelbert Switzer, Helen Stevens, Phoebe Ford, Borden Lewis, Martha Wheeler, Marjorie Sedore, Angelo Castaldi, Cyrus Middleton, Joe Thomson, John McDonald, Jimmie Graham, Zetta Kellar, Dorothy Taylor, Fred Sagar, Earl Milligan.

Class B—Charlie Huffman, Marjorie Giffard, Marjorie Daly, Jimmie Daly, Frank McDonald, Norma Hartman, Bennie Davy, Roy Wilson, Frona Foote, Clifton Tinney, Tilly Davy, Hazel Baker, Evelyn Martin, Edith Datoe, Vincent Deshane, Everton Green, Florence McCabe.

EAST WARD

JR. II—Clarence King, Tommy Barrett, Mildred Harrington, Herman Douglas, James Normile, Molly Kinkley, Keith Jackson, Hazel Sampson, Clara Deschene, Georgina Snider, Helen Vankoughnet, Grace Wagar, Marion Vanalstine, Zetta Lucas, Alice Leaf, Mostyn Edar, Arthur Grass, Harold Barrett, Cecil Grass, Beatrice Asselstine, Roy Pennell, Marion Sills.

FIRST CLASS—Helen Grange, Marion Douglas, Kippie Edgar, Hazel O'Neil, Nelda Jackson, Pauline Card, Lauretta Walker, Earl Pybus, Mar-

Councillor MacGregor read a monthly report of Chief Barrett. A police court docket was a light one last month. Number of cases 10, with 9 convictions and 1 dismissal. Fines and fees collected \$25.25.

Chief Barrett applied for a uniform. Left with the Police Committee with power to get.

Reeve Graham was given power to advertise for tenders for street spring and street supplies.

Moved by Councillor Steacy, seconded by Councillor MacGregor, the Street Committee have the approval of the council to open up the quarry, and if it can be worked advantage, have stone crushed sufficient to supply the streets for season. Carried.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Madole Hardware Co. \$12
Napanee Brick Co.
Fire Alarm Account from Hydro Electric 20
Bell Telephone Co.
Insurance on Fire Hall and engine 16
The account of the Napanee Works for \$29.85, was referred.

Campbell's Varnish Stain, the best of all. Covers up scratches and makes old furniture like new. All size at WALLACE'S, Napanee Agents.

To the Editor of The Express

DEAR SIR—It was with supreme satisfaction that I heard on my arrival in Napanee that the Dominion Canners had decided to operate a canning factory here this season, thus providing work and wages for our workers, men, women and children, food for the boys in trenches, as well as big profits to farmer friends.

The cry for wheat has gone all over the world, and no doubt will be responded to with the effect that under ordinary circumstances, such a crop of wheat as never was before will be harvested this season. But as men do not want to live on bread alone, and a grand substitute is found in a fire trench, in canned pork and beans, corn, peas and tomatoes, all of which the world is short of now.

So let wheat be sown where circumstances are favourable, and land naturally adapted, but there is much land surrounding Napanee adapted for wheat production, the ideal for corn, peas, beans or tomatoes, and as any of these leave ground in better condition than they give more work and wages, provide more food per acre than many a hundred acre farm. "Why is it not profitable and patriotic to grow a canning factory stuff as to grow wheat."

I sincerely hope and trust that farmer friends will take what seems to be a matter of fact view of the question, and respond by putting good acreage of products for Canning Factory.

Thanking you in anticipation Editor, I remain

Faithfully yours,
AN X FARMER.

Music.

If you are thinking of buying Piano, Organ, Talking Machine (or Edison), or Sewing Machine see us before you buy. We trade anything. Terms to suit purchaser. Hundreds of references. Long evenings is the time to enjoy a Talking Machine. Come and see the Hundreds of records.

VANLUVEN BROS.
Napanee and Moscow

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

NANEE EXPRESS

CANADA—FRIDAY, APRIL 5th, 1918.

\$1 per year in advance, \$1.50 if not so paid.

guerite Thompson, Florence Kinkley, Donald Hawley, Helen Walker, Joseph Leafe, Clarence Pennell, Donald Fenwick, Bessie Conger, Clarence Asselstine.

SR. PRIMARY.—Agnes Cuddy, Emma Snider, Earl Thompson, Grace Wells, Jessie Stevenson, Grace Lewis, Marion Grass, Eldon Edgar, Stanley Fox, Jack Grange, Bernice Barnes, Claude Thompson, James Wilkins, Bernice Thompson, Jim Perry, Paul Stevenson.

JR. PRIMARY.—Mansion Sculthorpe, Margaret Douglas, Aubrey Pybus, Colborne Harrington, Ethel Wilkins, Marjorie Sills, Katherine Conger, Evelyn Loucks, Albert Wagar, Dorothy Morris, Walter Asselstine, Vera Ring-r, Donald Conger, Howard Purdy, Clarence Thompson, Gerald Pybus.

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Communications were received from different churches in town requesting the council to reduce the number of billiard and pool licenses. It was the intention to establish an athletic club and reading room for the young men, here physical and moral instruction could be given.

Moved by Councillor Lowry, seconded by Councillor Steacy, that these communications be laid on the table until next meeting. In the meantime the clerk to draft a new by-law providing for discontinuing licenses on a month's notice. Carried.

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PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mr. W. H. Crabble, Belleville, spent part of Friday and Saturday with his daughter, Mrs. John Cline.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Brandon spent Easter Sunday at Mr. Fred Pringle's. Several from this neighborhood attended the funeral of Mr. John Denison on Wednesday.

Mrs. Isaac Taylor spent Easter with friends at Newburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. Merle Sills called Sunday afternoon at Mr. E. R. Sills.

Mrs. Z. Dean spent a few days at Holloway and attended the funeral of her uncle, Mr. Thos. Kelly, on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Menzo Grooms and family visited Sunday at Mr. Leslie Smith's.

Miss Ada Pringle, Stella, is spending Easter week with her cousins, Misses Marguerite and Eileen Pringle.

Mr. Tracy Wallbridge, Govan, Sask., spent a few days at Mr. E. P. Smith's.

Mr. and Mrs. Merle Sills and Mrs. M. Pringle attended the funeral of their sister-in-law, Mrs. Joseph Lucas, Moscow, on Wednesday.

Mrs. M. Card has returned to her sister's, Mrs. E. P. Smith's, after spending some time at Mr. E. Fretts'.

Mr. A. J. Smith spent Easter at Mr. Isaac Taylor's.

Mr. and Mrs. Dean entertained a few friends Wednesday evening and treated them to sugar.

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Mr. I. B. Sills called one day last week at Mr. Robert McFarlane's.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith and baby, Jean, visited Tuesday at Mr. James Cuthill's, Anderson.

CENTREVILLE.

Last week was an excellent maple syrup week, a vast quantity having been made in this district.

James O'Ray and family are moving to Nananee this week and Anson McKeown and family, Croydon, are moving onto the farm vacated by Mr. O'Ray.

Michael Doyle and Joseph Cavanaugh spent the week-end at Erinsville.

Miss Meikle is spending her holidays in Toronto.

W. B. Clark, Violet, spent a few days recently with his Uncle, E. H. Perry.

Mr. J. B. Weese is erecting a dwelling house on the corner lot.

Samuel Lyon's has been seriously indisposed the last few days but is now on a fair way to recovery.

John Fairbairn has completed sawing wood for the season.

The cheese factory will begin operation for the season in a couple of weeks.

Miss Campbell is spending her holidays in Nananee.

Autos have made their appearance.

ROBLINDALE SOUTH

The farmers and their families of this vicinity all wear smiles. They report a good run of sap.

Rev. Garrett took tea with Mr. H. Bradshaw one evening last week.

Mr. Harold Sweet sports a flashy heavy draught team.

Mrs. Hawley Lasher spent Tuesday last in town.

B. L. K. MILKING MACHINES

We have taken the agency for this Milking Machine, which with the use of the

FAIRBANKS-MORSE ENGINE FOR POWER

is a most perfect outfit. We will be pleased to demonstrate this machine at our office to any who may be interested.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 224, NANANEE, ONT.
ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES
Garage, Mill Street.

THE DOMINION BANK

ESTABLISHED 1871
Capital and Reserve \$13,000,000
Savings Department

Have you money in the Bank? Are you saving? By putting away a few dollars at a time you will soon possess a fund for emergencies. Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received. Interest paid or added to accounts twice a year.

NANANEE BRANCH: F. COTTLE, Manager.

When You Travel, Even in Canada

carry your funds in Travellers' Cheques, issued by The Merchants Bank.

Personal cheques are often refused. Money may be lost or stolen.

Travellers' Cheques, on the other hand, are cashed by banks, hotels, transportation companies and stores at their face values, and enable you to raise ready money wherever you happen to be. If lost, they are of no value to the finder; if stolen or destroyed, they will be replaced without extra charge. Use them for your next journey.



THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal, OF CANADA Established 1864.

NANANEE BRANCH, E. R. CHECKLEY, Manager.
YARKER BRANCH, R. M. MACPHERSON, Manager.

DR. CAMERON WILSON

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

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The Editor of The Express

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To let wheat be sown where the circumstances are favourable, and the land naturally adapted, but there is no land surrounding Napanee not adapted for wheat production, that is all for corn, peas, beans or tomatoes, and as any of these leave the land in better condition than wheat, need more work and wages, provides more food per acre than many a one hundred acre farm, "Why is it not as profitable and patriotic to grow canning factory stuff as to grow wheat?" sincerely hope and trust that our mer friends will take what seems to be a matter of fact view of this position, and respond by putting in a good acreage of products for our canning factory.

Thanking you in anticipation Mr. Editor, I remain

Faithfully yours,
AN X FARMER.

Music.

If you are thinking of buying a new Organ, Talking Machine (Victor or Edison), or Sewing Machine, us before you buy. We trade for things. Terms to suit purchaser. Hundreds of references. Long winter evenings is the time to enjoy a Talking Machine. Come and see them. Hundreds of records.

VANLUVEN BROS.

Napanee and Moscow.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

The cheese factory will begin operation for the season in a couple of weeks.

Miss Campbell is spending her holidays in Napanee.

Autos have made their appearance.

ROBLINDALE SOUTH

The farmers and their families of this vicinity all wear smiles. They report a good run of sap.

Rev. Garrett took tea with Mr. H. Bradshaw one evening last week.

Mr. Harold Sweet sports a flashy heavy draught team.

Mrs. Hawley Lasher spent Tuesday last in town.

All are sorry to hear of Mr. Will. English's misfortune in breaking his leg.

Mr. Ray Schermehorn had the misfortune to lose a valuable cow last week.

The Farmers' Association unloaded their car of corn on Friday and Saturday last and are loud in their praise of the low cost and the excellent quality of the feed.

Send the boys at the front a "Kodak" picture of familiar sights around the old home. It will cheer them up more than anything. Kodaks and supplies are sold in Napanee, only at WALLACE'S.

MOUNT PLEASANT

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Yeomans, Belleville, spent Easter holidays with her mother, Mrs. Hugh Henderson.

Miss Mildred Gould spent the Easter holidays under the parental roof.

Mr. Walter Hudson took dinner on Sunday with his aunt, Mrs. Marcus Hushard.

Mrs. Reynolds, Deseromto, visited a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Gould.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Abbott, of Empey Hill, took dinner Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Marsh Hudson spent Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kitchen.

Mr. Jos. McCambridge has been on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Haggerty visited Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Will. Herrington's.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hawley and family took tea at Fred Rikley's on Sunday evening.

The Misses Herrington spent a few days with their sister, Mrs. James Haggerty, this week.

Trinkets or cash for Y.M.C.A. Fund received at Mr. F. L. Hooper's.

ENTERPRISE.

The snow has nearly all disappeared leaving high water in some places and mud in others.

The roads are in a bad condition owing to the snow being gone entirely in some places and remaining in others.

Mr. W. Mellow is planning a trip out west in the near future. Mr. Mellow has a quarter section of land in the west on which he intends to make his future home some day.

Most of the farmers have tapped their maple bush and report a fine flow of sap. We hope they may be amply rewarded for their labor, and especially this year as the prices of sugar soar so high.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dowling and baby spent an evening recently with his brother, Patrick in West Enterprise.

Wheels have again made their appearance after a long rest.

Mr. John McGregor is busily engaged in the hog business.

A number of farmers report young calves are dying from some unaccountable cause.

Mr. P. Dwyer lost a very valuable yearling last week from black leg.

Mr. Bruce King has completed a very successful season sawing wood for the farmers.

20

wherever you happen to be. If lost, they are of no value to the finder; if stolen or destroyed, they will be replaced without extra charge. Use them for your next journey.

THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal. OF CANADA Established 1864.

NAPANEE BRANCH,
YARKER BRANCH,

E. R. CHECKLEY, Manager.
R. M. MACPHERSON, Manager.

DR. CAMERON WILSON

OFFICE—ROBERT STREET

(House lately occupied by Mrs. A. F. Holmes)

Telephone 106. 15-11

AUCTION SALE

There will be sold by Public Auction at the residence of Ebenezer Perry, on the east side of West Street, Napanee, on Saturday, the 13th day of April, commencing at the hour of one o'clock p.m., all the household furniture, and household effects of the said Ebenezer Perry. This is a genuine sale and all the said household effects must be sold. For particulars apply to

T. B. GERMAN, E. S. LAPUM,
Barrister. Auctioneer.

18b

FOR SALE—Reed Baby Carriage, almost new. Apply 228 Dundas Street. 18b

FOR SALE—Model No. 10 Remington Typewriter in good order at the office of GIBBARD FURNITURE CO., Ltd.

TO LET—Three large rooms, over the Strand Theatre. All modern conveniences, such as waterworks, closets, and electric lights. Apply to M. MAKER. 171f

FOR SALE—House and Lot, now occupied by Mr. Ebby Perry, on east side of West Street, next house south of residence of Mr. U. M. Wilson. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 151f

FOR SALE—Well built brick house, centrally located at corner of Robert and Mill Streets, nine rooms, good cellar. All modern conveniences. Square Piano also for sale. Apply to J. E. MAIR, Donald St. 15b

IMPROVED AMERICAN BANNER SEED OATS FOR SALE—\$1.50 per bushel at my barn. They are clean and plump, weighing 38 lbs. per bushel. W. R. MEMBRY, Adolphustown. 16b

WANTED—A married man on or before the 1st of April, to work a first-class farm on shares. Situated about half mile from stores, school and church. THOMAS F. GIBBS, Adolphustown. 16c

WANTED for Kingston by 15th April, a good plain cook in family of two. Two other servants kept. Old country person preferred. Wages thirty to thirty-five dollars per month. Must have good references. Apply box B. Napanee Express. 18c

BERRY NOTICE

Strawberry plants for sale. Write for prices.

A. C. PARKS,
R. R. 3, Napanee

Notice to Growers!

The Dominion Canners, Limited, have decided to operate their Napanee branch this year, and will put up a full line of canned goods. Will accept a few more acres of corn, peas, and tomatoes. Kindly call at Company's office or phone, and we will come and see you.

Yours respectfully,

DOMINION CANNERS, LIMITED.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee
Money to loan.
Telephones—Office 33, Residence 152.

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
Phone 61. 3d

U. M. WILSON,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public,
Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.
PHONES—Office 46, residence 125.
OFFICE—Dundas Street, Napanee.
19-11.

Dr. R. V. McLaughlin, DENTIST

Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Entrance on John St.
Phone 10. 15-3-m

FOR SALE—Two Brick Houses, on south side Dundas street, just east of and next to Madden's Grocery Store and Butcher Shop. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 131f

HOUSE TO RENT—In the Blewett Block, John street, with all modern conveniences. Possession March 22nd. For particulars apply to J. E. MADDEN, Barrister, John St., Napanee. 131f

WANTED TO BUY—Two carloads of mixed hay, clover, no objection. Quote prices baled, f.o.b. cars, any shipping point at Lennox or Addington. Apply to G. E. CURRAN, Agricultural Office, Napanee. 21f

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-14

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One Seed Store on Dundas Street; one Store House and Evaporator, on Water Street. Apply to Thos. Symington. 61f

ORGAN FOR SALE—In first class condition. Would make good organ for country church. Uxbridge make—solid walnut case. Apply to MRS. JOHN POLLARD, Dundas Street, Napanee. 52

FOR SALE—A desirable brick residence on Robinson street, just off Dundas street. It consists of a small double parlor and breakfast room and a very small kitchen, with hard wood floors. It has four bedrooms, a good cistern and electric light. Apply to MISS M. VAN SLYCK, East Street. 51p

SEED FOR SALE

Government inspected seed potatoes, free from disease. 40 bags Early Forekas, 30 bags Davies' Warrior late potatoes, \$2.50 per 50-pound bag. Also Marquis Spring Wheat, seed, \$2.74 per bushel bagged. Also one car New Ontario Seed Potatoes, Cobblers and Green Mountains will be brought in if sufficient orders are given. Also one car Banner Seed Oats from Renfrew county at \$1.50 per bushel. A limited amount of O. A. C. No. 21 Seed Barley from registered seed. Apply to

G. B. CURRAN,
14 Department of Agriculture,
Napanee, Ont.

WANTED—Girls and women to work in Cotton Mill. We have position open for experienced Cotton Mill workers. Arrangements will be made for transportation of whole families and employment can be given to all members over fourteen years of age. Good working conditions and good pay to experienced help. We start boys and girls 15 years of age at \$1.00 per day. Our representative, M. Guimont, will be in Napanee this Saturday, Feb. 23rd, at the Hotel Lennox, H.A.M. If you want to move call and see him. THE DOMINION TEXTILE COMPANY, LIMITED, Kingston, Ontario.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments, at which a fee is charged, or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

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BARRISTER,

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P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.

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Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE

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MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE

Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

B. GERMAN,

L.

Barrister and Solicitor.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.

OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street.
Napanee

A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

D.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Labor House Surgeon at the Kingston Hotel
Hospital

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between
John and Robert Streets, Napanee. 3217

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of
Express Printing Office, where he may be
consulted on all diseases of Domestic
Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.
Residence: West Street, near
Madden's grocery.

Kingston Business College

(Limited)
Kingston, Canada.

Canada's Highest Grade Business
School offers superior courses in
Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service
and all commercial subjects.

Our graduates secure best positions.
Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED!

at once for
NAPANEE
and District for

CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES.

Spring 1917 planting list is now
ready.

Splendid list of hardy CANADIAN
GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Stock,
including McIntosh Red Apple,
St. Regis Everbearing Rasp-

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have
Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Care-
fully Compiled and Put Into
Handy and Attractive Shape for
the Readers of Our Paper—A
Solid Home's Entertainment.

WEDNESDAY.

Lieut. G. V. Laughton was decorated
with the Military Cross by Sir
John Hendrie, at the Legislature.

Archdeacon Cody and Prof. A. H.
Abbott urged the claims of greater
production in addresses to Toronto
teachers.

Sir John Hendrie, Lieutenant-Gov-
ernor of Ontario, prorogued the Leg-
islature yesterday, with all usual
pomp dispensed with.

Fuel problems were discussed at
the opening session of the Canadian
Society of Civil Engineers, at which
Sir William Hearst spoke.

Kaiser William and his staff are
at St. Quentin from which the Em-
peror is sending messages of con-
gratulation over German advances.

J. A. Robb, M.P. for Chateauguay-
Huntingdon, has been named Chief
Opposition Whip, and L. P. Papineau,
M.P. for Beauharnois, his assistant.

Hon. Albert Savigny's resignation
as Minister of Inland Revenue was
announced by Premier Borden, who
said it would be formally accepted
this week.

The Berlin Vorwaerts says that
when the war is over if Germany is
victorious her role must be one of
peacefulness towards her neighbor-
ing nations.

Air Mechanic G. V. Webster, of
Lancaster, and Second Flight Lieut.
P. Messenger, of England, were seri-
ously injured in an airplane accident
at Leaside airdrome.

The Duke and Duchess of Devon-
shire, with several members of their
family and household, attended an
impressive intercessory service at
Christ Church Cathedral in Ottawa
Monday night.

Sir Robert Borden has given notice
of a resolution asking Parliament to
authorize the expenditure on war
purposes during the year ending
March 31, 1919, of a sum not ex-
ceeding \$500,000,000.

British wounded are being taken
to Paris on special ambulance trains
and distributed among the hospitals
of the French capital. This is the
first time during the war that British
casualties have been cared for in Paris.

THURSDAY.

C. Arthur Dansereau, a noted
Montreal journalist, is dead.

Wine manufacturers have formed
a Co-operative Agricultural Asso-
ciation, aiming to cultivate 500 acres.

Electrification of railways was re-
commended in an address at the
Canadian Society of Civil Engineers'
meeting.

Gordon Donaldson, aged 12, was
rescued by life-saving crew as he was
being blown out into the lake near
Toronto.

Express companies cannot get suffi-
cient cars to handle the liquor con-
signments from Montreal into
Ontario.

County judges are to be brought
in to aid the Military Service Act
Tribunals in Montreal to clean up the
many appeals.

Important new regulations govern-
ing public eating-houses have been
ordered by the Canada Food Board,
effective at once.

The recently formed Imperial Order
of Sons of the Empire is starting



a German-controlled corporation.
Dominic Zangarrie, an Italian
munition worker, was found murder-
ed at his home in Toronto.

Lady missionaries were appointed
by the Presbyterian Home Mission
Board for the first time in its history.

Sir George Bury stated that the
new Union Station will probably be
ready for use during the Exhibition
this year.

The men of Category B, in Class 1,
under the Military Service Act, are
to be called up—for non-combatant
service overseas.

Toronto restaurant keepers are
seeking interpretation of the recent
restrictions imposed by the Food
Board at Ottawa.

Toronto building permits for
March will exceed \$500,000, which
is an increase of twenty per cent.
over the same month of last year.

Ontario's Labor unions and work-
ing class organizations met in To-
ronto and laid the foundations for
the Ontario Section of the Canadian
Labor party.

The embargo on high-class auto-
mobiles, shutting out the United
States trade, goes into effect to-day.
Eleven hundred cars were passed
through customs at Winnipeg in the
past few days.

The Canadian daylight saving bill
is to be made the first Government
business on reassembling of the Par-
liament on Tuesday, and the measure
will likely be put into operation in
Canada by the 15th.

MONDAY.

King George has returned to Lon-
don from the West front.

Alexander Oliver, aged 10, was
drowned in Toronto harbor Saturday.

Two more bodies of victims of the
Halifax disaster were found by work-
men.

Six hundred Toronto men in Cat-
egory B will be called to the colors
this week.

The presence of Bulgarian and
Austrian troops has been established
on the British front.

The cutting of the Hedjaz Railway
by the British severs communication
of the Turks with forces in Arabia.

Stephen Pinder, twenty years of
age, in a fit of melancholy, shot him-
self fatally at his home at Leam-
ington.

Gen. Begoyevsky, assistant chief of
the Don Cossacks, is reported to have
surrendered voluntarily to the Bol-
sheviki.

Second Lieut. J. G. Newcombe, of
the Royal Engineers, was killed in
action in the first day of the German
offensive.

Two detachments of troops, total-
ling twelve hundred men, were sent
from Toronto to Quebec Saturday
and Sunday.

Capt. (Rev.) John MacNeill has
arrived in Canada after spending
eighteen months in France engaged

RIOTERS WERE KILLED

Soldiers Forced to Fire on Mob
in Quebec.

Military Suppressed Fresh Outbreak
of Anti-Conscriptionists—Civilians
Were Fatally Shot and Many
In Khaki Wounded—Cavalry
Charged and a Number of Ri-
leaders Were Arrested.

QUEBEC, April 2.—Soldiers a-
rioters fired at each other last night
and the first casualty list shows that
a number of soldiers have been sl-
and also three civilians killed a-
several injured. The soldiers wh-
fired on opened back with mach-
guns.

A number of arrests have be-
made for breaches of the law, and
large number of other men taken in-
custody by the soldiers and march-
to barracks so as to get them out
the road.

Shortly before midnight Maj.-G.
F. L. Lessard, who is in comm-
stated that the situation was too s-
lous to be discussed.

Anything may break out at a-
time. Martial law went automati-
ly into effect when the soldiers w-
fired upon.

The following is the casualty
of soldiers and civilians, as far as
be determined at midnight, and
addition there are a number of mi-
injuries:

Pte. Jack Martel—Bullet wot-
over right eye; address Paris, Ont.
soldier of the Engineers' unit of
John's, Que.

Pte. J. L. Pelerine—Hit on
back of the head with a brick;
dress Guysborough County, N
with the Engineers' unit at St. Joh
Que.

Pte. Checkley—Bullet wound
the left leg; address Greenw-
Conn., with the Quebec Depot E
talion.

Arthur Lapailleur—Civilian;
shot in the heart and died a-
minutes later at the office of
Arthur Leclair.

George Hamel—Bagot street, c
Han; killed.

Prevavier—St. Malo Ward, c
Han; killed.

Wm. Tremblay—Civilian, add-
on Bagot street, Quebec; shot in
right leg; taken to the Hotel D
Hospital.

The following is the list of pri-
ers as known: Irene Arbour,
Morin street, Quebec; Joseph
chance, 3 Dargenzon street, Que-
Emile Boisbrun, 11 Duparc str-
Quebec; J. R. Giguere, 56 Chate-
quay street, Quebec; Albert Bert
239 Arago street, Quebec; Jos-
Marin, 4 Ste. Therese street, Que-
J. Adolphe Bernier, St. Foy road.

About midnight the soldiers on
Joseph street, across from Jacq-
Cartier Square, surrounded sev-
groups who persisted in staying
the streets, and lined them up in
street in front of the big Mer-
Building and arched them away.

The most reliable informati-
that about fifteen civilians w-
wounded, including those lik-
above, and eight soldiers.

The mob used rifles, revolvers,
bricks, firing upon the soldiers fr-
behind snowbanks and from ho-
tops. The nature of the city lent
self to their attacks upon the soldi-
and what made the task still har-
was that Quebec is enveloped in
dense fog, which makes it impos-
to see more than a few yards a-
with any degree of certainty.

Matters came to a head shortly
fore 11 o'clock, when the worst cl-
of all took place on Boulevard d-
about the streets from

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED!

at once for
NAPANEE
and District for

CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES.

Spring 1917 planting list is now ready.
Splendid list of hardy CANADIAN GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Stock, including MCINTOSH RED APPLE, ST. REGIS EVERBEARING RASPBERRY, and many other leaders.
New Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.
Start now at best selling time.
Liberal proposition.

STONE & WELLINGTON.

The Fonthill Nurseries
(Established 1837)
TORONTO, ONT.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, \$3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 65 F St., Washington, D. C.



Better Look Now

If you have decided to take a summer cottage, now is the time to look over the Classified Ads. for cottages to rent.

You will get a more satisfactory selection, now, than you will later on.

Or if you wish to take boarders or have places to rent, now is the time to place your Classified Ad.

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WE ARE SELLING.

Silos, Korn pianos, Oliver plows, Lily Cream separators, and other Agricultural Implements. We have the Kingston Milling Co's. White Rose flour, which is undoubtedly one of the best flours made. Call and see us.

SPENCER & ROSE,
39-b West Side Market.

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile from 2 1-2 to 8 inch., also chimney brick—Napanee Brick Yard.

being blown out into the lake near Toronto.

Express companies cannot get sufficient cars to handle the liquor consignments from Montreal into Ontario.

County judges are to be brought in to aid the Military Service Act Tribunals in Montreal to clean up the many appeals.

Important new regulations governing public eating-houses have been ordered by the Canada Food Board, effective at once.

The recently formed Imperial Order of Sons of the Empire is starting an agitation for a Dominion-wide system of national public schools.

Beatrice and Maurice Dessol, of Toronto, were arrested on charges of murder in connection with finding of an infant's body in Scarlett Plains ravine.

An increase of \$1,719,424 in the expenditure for postage stamps during the year ending with March 31, 1917, as compared with the previous year brought the total of \$23,174,601.

Capt. McLean, administrative head of the Exhibition Camp hospital, declared at the coroner's inquest that he had received no complaints about ill-treatment from Pte. Robert Gilles, whose death made an investigation necessary.

FRIDAY.

The cost of living showed further slight increase for February.

The Prince of Wales, who has been in England for several weeks, has again left for the front.

Boys of 17 are called to the German army, according to the Zurich correspondent of the Paris Journal.

A Dominion Bureau of Statistics is to be created in connection with the Department of Trade and Commerce.

Chief Inspector Robert Burrows' resignation has been accepted by the Provincial Board of License Commissioners.

News has come to Kingston that the Royal Canadian Horse Artillery is in action in the big battle on the Western front.

Dr. Alfred Thompson is resigning his position as Medical Superintendent of the Hospitals for Returned Soldiers and Invalids.

Another diplomatic crisis between Argentina and Germany is imminent over the sinking of an Argentine steamer by a U-boat.

Prof. J. C. Fields advocated the establishment of an industrial research laboratory in an address before the Toronto Board of Trade.

Train loads of refugees from the battle area are reaching Paris. They are in good spirits and confident of returning speedily to their homes.

Corp. Hammond and Pte. Herring were committed for trial on a charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of Gunner Albert Neals of Toronto.

Field Marshal Hindenburg and Chancellor von Hertling have decided to call up for military service the German criminals of military age, according to advices received in Amsterdam.

A mission of nine members of the Federation of Labor has been appointed to visit Europe and state to the leaders of labor there the position taken on the war by labor in the United States.

The formation of a Canadian Tank Battalion is authorized, to consist of 80 officers and 700 men, and it is hoped to recruit it by volunteering and send it overseas not later than the 1st of May.

SATURDAY.

Vienna denies the reported recapture of Odessa by Bolshevik forces.

Flight Lieut. Allan Denovan, of Toronto, has been reported missing.

Germany demands that the Roumanian oil fields be handed over to

Gen. Begoyevsky, assistant chief of the Don Cossacks, is reported to have surrendered voluntarily to the Bolsheviks.

Second Lieut. J. G. Newcombe, of the Royal Engineers, was killed in action in the first day of the German offensive.

Two detachments of troops, totaling twelve hundred men, were sent from Toronto to Quebec Saturday and Sunday.

Capt. (Rev.) John MacNeill has arrived in Canada after spending eighteen months in France engaged in Y.M.C.A. work.

Robert Freeman, of Cobourg, an elevator man in the C.P.R. Building, was crushed to death in the shaft when the car started accidentally.

Canada's exports of munitions, grains, meats, produce, fish, minerals and lumber to the United Kingdom all show enormous increases in the past three years.

Rev. Nathaniel Burwash, former chancellor and professor emeritus of Victoria College, and an outstanding figure in Canadian Methodism, died Saturday night at the age of 79.

Jeremiah Nelson and Samuel Green, of Toronto, were killed in an accident at Patterson's Corners, Don Mills road, when their motor car turned turtle Saturday afternoon.

TUESDAY.

Germany has served notice on Russia that Red Guards must leave Finland.

Geo. Duncan was charged in Brantford Police Court with the murder of his half-brother, Alfred Isaacs.

London Electric Co. shut off its power at midnight, leaving fifteen hundred consumers without light.

The threatened strike of miners and steel workers of the Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Co. has been averted.

The city of Sebastopol is threatened with capture by Turks and Kurds marching from opposite directions.

Rioting occurred again in Quebec last night, firing taking place by both civilians and soldiers. Four civilians were killed.

The trustees of Columbia University have decided to confer the degree of Doctor of Laws on the Archbishop of York.

The customs revenue collected at the port of Montreal in March, 1918, fell \$424,266.27 short of the collections in March, 1917.

During the past few weeks not less than six million dollars' worth of liquor has been shipped from Montreal to various parts of Ontario.

The steamship Celtic, one of the big White Star liners, has been torpedoed by a German submarine. Efforts are being made to get her to port.

The London & Port Stanley Railway has been permitted by the Railway Board to raise its freight rates on coal by 15 cents a ton and its passenger rate by 15 per cent.

Five passengers clinging to the rear step of an overcrowded street car in Toronto were injured during the rush hour last night when they collided with a standing motor truck.

Hon. G. H. Boivin, Deputy Speaker of the House of Commons, told the Knights of Columbus that the people of Quebec as a whole deplored the action of those in Quebec who sought to set law at defiance.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

wounded, including those listed above, and eight soldiers.

The mob used rifles, revolvers and bricks, firing upon the soldiers from behind snowbanks and from housetops. The nature of the city lent itself to their attacks upon the soldiers and what made the task still harder was that Quebec is enveloped in dense fog, which makes it impossible to see more than a few yards away with any degree of certainty.

Matters came to a head shortly before 11 o'clock, when the worst clash of all took place on Boulevard La Gellier, about six streets from Market Square. A patrol of soldiers was fired at, dozens of shots being sent at them from behind protected snow banks, lanes, and in some cases from the housetops. The soldiers fired back, and the machine gun section from Toronto opened fire, the machine guns getting into action with a promptness that carried dismay to the hearts of the rioters. It was here that most of the rioters were wounded, but the majority were taken by their friends to doctors' offices for treatment, and they were probably never be known.

Some more shots were fired at the soldiers, but the aim was bad. The khaki could not be located in the fog.

When the military ambulance, being away a wounded soldier, was the corner of Crown and St. Val streets some rioters attempted to stop it, and flung ice and stones at it. A civilian was wounded here when a patrol came up.

There is a candy shop near the steps leading to Crown street, and some of the mob when chased by the soldiers were seen to run in that direction. The store was closed by the proprietor, J. A. Lecours, and the soldiers broke down the door with their rifle butts in order to search those who were believed to have taken refuge there. However, diligent search failed to show the mob wanted.

The military are taking every possible step to seize firearms, and gathered in several wagonloads last night from various stores.

The condition of Wm. Tremblay who was shot in the leg, is reported at the Hotel Dieu to be serious.

Any doubt as to whether there is martial law in Quebec was removed when, after the troubles ceased, soldiers stopped pedestrians and searched them for weapons. Hundreds of revolvers have been captured since midnight, and there is a queer assortment of firearms. A considerable quantity of ammunition was seized also. The majority of those stopped had weapons, according to reports from some sections.

British Destroyer Was Sunk.

LONDON, April 2.—A British destroyer struck a mine Wednesday and sank, it is officially announced. One officer and 40 men were lost.

Bulgaria Next.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—It is expected that President Wilson will soon appear before Congress with recommendation for a declaration war between the United States and

Restoring Returned Soldiers.

With commendable enterprise and foresight, Canada is carrying on extensive work in restoring her valiant soldiers. At the close of year there were 113 institutions, which the Military Hospitals Commission conducted 71) caring convalescent soldiers. In the there were 11,395 beds, in addition to 2,500 beds used in clearing up. There were 10,000 men under treatment, 3,000 men enrolled vocational training and 869 men being taught new trades. These numbers are constantly increasing. The Military Hospitals Commission is expanding its activities to meet growing needs adequately.

SOLDIERS WERE KILLED

Soldiers Forced to Fire on Mob in Quebec.

Suppressed Fresh Outbreak of Anti-Conscriptionists — Civilians Were Fatally Shot and Men in Khaki Wounded — Cavalry Charged and a Number of Ring-leaders Were Arrested.

QUEBEC, April 2. — Soldiers and officers fired at each other last night, the first casualty list shows that number of soldiers have been shot also three civilians killed and several injured. The soldiers when they opened back with machine guns.

A number of arrests have been made for breaches of the law, and a number of other men taken into custody by the soldiers and marched off to barracks so as to get them out of the city.

Shortly before midnight Maj.-Gen. L. Lessard, who is in command, stated that the situation was too serious to be discussed.

Nothing may break out at any time. Martial law went automatically into effect when the soldiers were ordered upon.

The following is the casualty list of soldiers and civilians, as far as has been determined at midnight, and in addition there are a number of minor injuries:

te. Jack Martel — Bullet wound in right eye; address Paris, Ont., a member of the Engineers' unit of St. John's, Que.

te. J. L. Pelerine — Hit on the forehead with a brick; address Guysborough County, N.S., a member of the Engineers' unit at St. John's.

te. Checkley — Bullet wound in left leg; address Greenwich, N.S., with the Quebec Depot Battalion.

Arthur Lapaille — Civilian; was in the heart and died a few minutes later at the office of Dr. J. Leclair.

George Hamel — Bagot street, civilian; killed.

Prevadier — St. Malo Ward, civilian; killed.

M. Tremblay — Civilian, address Bagot street, Quebec; shot in the left leg; taken to the Hotel Dieu hospital.

The following is the list of prisoners known: Irene Arbour, 106 in street, Quebec; Joseph Lacombe, 3 Dargenzon street, Quebec; le Boisbrin, 11 Duparc street, Quebec; J. R. Giguere, 56 Chateaubault street, Quebec; Albert Berube, Arago street, Quebec; Joseph Lin, 4 Ste. Therese street, Quebec; Adolphe Pernier, St. Foy road.

About midnight the soldiers on St. Joseph street, across from Jacques Cartier Square, surrounded several officers who persisted in staying on the streets, and lined them up in the street in front of the big Merger Building and marched them away.

The most reliable information is that about fifteen civilians were killed, including those listed above, and eight soldiers.

The mob used rifles, revolvers and pistols, firing upon the soldiers from the sidewalks and from houses.

The nature of the city lent itself to their attacks upon the soldiers, what makes the task still harder that Quebec is enveloped in a thick fog, which makes it impossible to see more than a few yards away in any direction of certainty.

Later came to a head shortly before 11 o'clock, when the worst clash took place on Boulevard Lan-

CANADIANS IN BATTLE.

Charged Enemy in Armored Cars and Fought Like Demons.

LONDON, April 2. — Canadian armored motor cars with rapid-firers have played an important part in checking the German rush. One of these cars found itself in a certain village filled with German infantry. All the crew were killed, with the exception of the driver and one gunner. When the capture of the car seemed certain the gunner took his heavy rapid-firer to the ground, where he held off large numbers of the enemy until the driver was able to turn the automobile around. This done, the machine gun was thrown into the car and the two men sped away.

The battery of another car, which had dismounted and was fighting the Germans with machine guns, ran out of ammunition. The Germans closed in, coming up to such short distance that they were shooting with revolvers. The situation was hopeless, but the gallant Canadians were not to be taken alive. They seized spare barrels of machine guns and charged the Germans with these weapons. They were, of course, no match for an enemy heavily armed, and all of them were killed.

Up to yesterday the daring crews of these fighting machines had slept only about 26 hours since the second day's attack.

On the first day these cars in considerable numbers were rushed to the right flank below the Somme, where the situation was most critical. They at once got into the thick of the fighting. At Maricourt, just north of the Somme, the Germans were threatening to cut off large numbers of heavy guns and tanks. A battery of these cars gathered 150 infantrymen about it and took up a stand east of the village, remaining there until the guns and tanks were withdrawn safely and then making off.

At one point the Germans were massing for an attack when two cars crept up within close range and enveloped their ranks. German artillery shelled the cars, knocking out one and forcing the other to withdraw, but not until they had done great execution. At Cerisy one Canadian motor car held back an entire enemy battalion which was attempting to cross the canal.

MAY ATTACK ITALY.

Next Move of Teutons After Failure of Great Offensive.

WASHINGTON, April 2. — Imminent danger of an attack by the Austrians in great force upon the Italian lines was emphasized to-day at the Italian Embassy. Recently the Embassy published a statement that no less than 40 divisions had been gathered by the enemy along the battle lines, and now information comes that these troops have received the essentials of food, artillery and munitions for which they have been waiting.

The War Department's weekly military review referred to-day to the probability that, failing to break through the combined British, French and American forces on the west front where they are now attacking, the German General Staff will direct its efforts at another point, and the Italian military men are confident that the Italian line in the neighborhood of Lake Garda will be the selected point.

The immediate objective of the Austrians is expected to be the city of Brescia, on the east of the lake, and another attack may be directed

ALLIES HOLDING FIRMLY

German Offensive Shows Signs of Slackening.

Documents Taken From Prisoners Show That the Objectives Set by the War Lords Were Not Achieved — French Score Success in Struggle for Several Captured Towns.

LONDON, April 2. — Smiling skies and ideal fighting weather failed to draw the Germans out for further fighting in their grand offensive against the British front. Little fighting of importance had been reported north of the Somme, while below that river in the vital section of Moreuil, the situation appeared much the same as last night. The probabilities are that the enemy was not quite ready for another big attack north of the Somme, although the fact that he still has the majority of his available divisions there presages further activity, and it may come at any time.

There are at present something like 40 divisions in the battle zone north of the river, and about 37 engaged in the struggle further south. Ten of these have been used against the British and the rest against the French allies.

The German guns are not all brought forward as yet. The Somme battle grounds presents a very difficult terrain over which to move artillery, and there are indications that the next attack on the north will be a set affair, with all the stage effects which require as many guns as possible, can be rushed up. Thus far the enemy gun fire has been comparatively light along the zone of advance.

Some interesting facts are now available from captured documents and prisoners' statements regarding the results thus far achieved by the enemy. To sum up the situation briefly, the Germans had expected to reach the line of the Somme on the first days of the drive. On that day the weather greatly favored the attacking troops, for a heavy mist shrouded the whole country and made it impossible for the British machine-gunners to engage the enemy at long range. Despite this drawback for the defenders, they inflicted such heavy casualties on the enemy at close quarters that the Germans progressed only one-quarter of the distance they had expected to make the first day.

The French, too, are resolute in their gallant determination to balk the Germans in their terrific effort to burst the allied line, and every hour that the fighting continues without success for the enemy renders the French position more powerful. The great point is whether the Germans will attempt an offensive on Rheims or on another sector, but the view held here is that even the German organization cannot have prepared two effective offensives on the scale of that now in operation. However, the French are perfectly ready to meet all attacks, and at the proper moment, it is expected, they will take the initiative themselves.

French troops are now meeting the shock of German attacks on a 50-mile front. Foiled at Arras in the attempt to take that place from the British and disorganize the northern British line, and finding themselves able to advance only step by step at great cost in their thrust along the Somme toward Amiens, the Germans have turned southward and hurled heavy

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, April 2. — The Board of Trade quotations for yesterday are as follows:

Manitoba Wheat (in Store, Fort William, including 2½¢ Tax).
No. 1 northern, \$2.25;
No. 2 northern, \$2.20;
No. 3 northern, \$2.17½;
No. 4 wheat, \$2.10½;
Manitoba Oats (in Store, Fort William).
No. 2 C.W., 91½¢;
No. 3 C.W., 87½¢;
Extra No. 1 feed, 86½¢;
No. 1 feed, 84½¢;
American Corn (Track, Toronto).
No. 3 yellow—U. S. A. War Board prohibit importation.
Ontario Oats (According to Freight Outside).
No. 2 white, 92¢ to 93¢;
No. 3 white, 91¢ to 92¢;
Ontario Wheat (Basis in Store, Montreal).
No. 2 white, per car lot, \$2.22;
Peas (According to Freight Outside).
No. 2, \$3.60 to \$3.70;
Barley (According to Freight Outside).
Malting, \$1.72 to \$1.74;
Buckwheat (According to Freight Outside).
Buckwheat, \$1.83 to \$1.85;
Rye (According to Freight Outside).
No. 2, \$2.80;
Manitoba Flour (Toronto).
War quality, \$11.10, new bags.
Ontario Flour (Basis in Shipment, New York).
War quality, \$10.70, Montreal; \$10.70, Toronto.
Milled (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal Freight, Bags Included).
Bran, per ton, \$35.40;
Shorts, per ton, \$40.40;
Hay (Track, Toronto).
No. 1, per ton, \$17 to \$18; mixed, \$14 to \$16;
Straw (Track, Toronto).
Car lots, per ton, \$8.50 to \$9.

WINNIPEG LIVE STOCK.

Winnipeg, April 1. — There was practically no business in the cash grain markets today owing principally to the very small offerings. Spreads on all grades were reported as unchanged. The coarse grains are being side-stepped as preference is being given to wheat consignments. Wheat receipts continue to be fairly heavy, with the Wheat Export Company taking all offerings.

The future market closed 2½¢ lower for May oats and 2½¢ lower for July. Barley closed 2½¢ lower. Flax closed 1¢ lower for May and ¾¢ lower for July.

Winnipeg market: Oats—May, 93½¢ to 96½¢; July, 90½¢ to 87½¢;
Flax—May, \$3.85 to \$3.86; July, \$3.84 to \$3.85½.

Cash prices: Oats—No. 2 C. W., 91½¢; No. C. W., 87½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 86½¢; No. 1 feed, 84½¢; No. 2 feed, 80½¢.

Barley—No. 3, \$1.65; No. 4, \$1.60; rejected, \$1.45; feed, \$1.40.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

J. P. Bickell & Co. report the following prices on the Chicago Board of Trade:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev.
Corn—					
May	125½	126	124½	125½	125½
Oats—					
May	85½	85½	85¼	85½	85½
April	80	80	87½	87½	89½
Wheat—					
May	47.50	47.70	47.45	47.65	47.85
Hard—					
May	25.70	25.85	25.60	25.85	25.82
July	25.75	25.95	25.65	25.95	25.90
Rib—					
May	24.50	24.55	24.17	24.35	24.50
July	24.77	24.80	24.60	24.75	24.93

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, April 2. — There was a comparatively light run of cattle on the Union Stock Yards market yesterday, 116 cars altogether, comprising 2165 head of cattle, 334 calves, 1396 hogs and 41 sheep and lambs, but this fact, while it served to clean up the offerings in short order, was not reflected in any particular improvement in prices.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 1. — Cattle—Receipts, 21,000; market strong. Beefsteers, \$7.85 to \$14.90; stockers and feeders, \$8.75 to \$11.85; cows and heifers, \$6.50 to \$12.25; calves, \$10.50 to \$16.40.
Hogs—Receipts, 53,000; market strong; light, \$17 to \$17.65; mixed, \$16.55 to \$17.60; heavy, \$15.80 to \$17.25; rough, \$15.85 to \$17.25.

soldiers, and eight soldiers. The mob used rifles, revolvers and clubs, firing upon the rioters from behind snowbanks and from houses. The nature of the city lent itself to their attacks upon the soldiers, and what made the task still harder was that Quebec is enveloped in a fog, which makes it impossible to see more than a few yards away in any degree of certainty. Matters came to a head shortly before 11 o'clock, when the worst clash took place on Boulevard Laniel, about six streets from the market square. A patrol of soldiers fired at them from behind protecting snowbanks, lanes, and in some cases in the house-tops. The soldiers fired back, and the machine gun section from Toronto opened fire, three machine guns getting into action with a promptness that carried dismay to the hearts of the rioters. It is there that most of the rioters were wounded, but the majority were taken by their friends to doctors' offices for treatment, and they will probably never be known. Some more shots were fired at the soldiers, but the aim was bad. The rioters could not be located in the fog. When the military ambulance, taking away a wounded soldier, was at the corner of Crown and St. Valier, some rioters attempted to stop and flung ice and stones at it. A soldier was wounded here when the patrol came up.

There is a candy shop near the police leading to Crown street, and one of the mob when chased by the soldiers were seen to run in that direction. The store was closed by the proprietor, J. A. Lecours, and the rioters broke down the door with their rifle butts in order to search for those who were believed to have taken refuge there. However, diligent search failed to show the men wanted.

The military are taking every possible step to seize firearms, and gathered in several wagonloads last night from various stores. The condition of Wm. Tremblay, who was shot in the leg, is reported as serious. Any doubt as to whether there is martial law in Quebec was removed when, after the troubles ceased, the rioters stopped pedestrians and searched them for weapons. Hundreds of revolvers have been captured since midnight, and there is a large assortment of firearms. A considerable quantity of ammunition was seized also. The majority of the rioters had weapons, according to reports from some sections.

British Destroyer Was Sunk.

LONDON, April 2.—A British destroyer struck a mine Wednesday and sank, it is officially announced. One officer and 40 men were lost.

Bulgaria Next.

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Restoring Returned Soldiers.

With commendable enterprise and insight, Canada is carrying on an extensive work in restoring her injured soldiers. At the close of the war there were 113 institutions (of which the Military Hospitals Commission conducted 71) caring for convalescent soldiers. In these, there were 11,395 beds, in addition 2,500 beds used in clearing details. There were 10,000 men under treatment, 3,000 men enrolled for vocational training and 869 men being taught new trades. These numbers are constantly increasing and the Military Hospitals Commission is expanding its activities to meet the growing needs adequately.

the probability that, failing to break through the combined British, French and American forces on the west front where they are now attacking, the German General Staff will direct its efforts at another point, and the Italian military men are confident that the Italian line in the neighborhood of Lake Garda will be the selected point.

The immediate objective of the Austrians is expected to be the city of Brescia, on the east of the lake, and another attack may be directed on the west with the purpose of breaking into Lombardy. The principal Italian munitions and army supply factories are located in Lombardy and Piedmont, and besides securing these, the Austrians might put themselves in position to swing their forces northward into France, reinforcing the Germans from the south against the French right wing. Great quantities of supplies have come to the Austrian army from Russia, according to despatches to the Embassy. The Germans recently announced that they had foregone claiming the rich stores of food in the Russian Ukraine country in order to meet the more pressing need of the Austrians. On the other hand the Italians are said to be in desperate need of food. It is known that only about one-third of the Italian army of 3,000,000 men is now being maintained on the battle lines, and the official explanation is that there is no food and not even enough guns and ammunition for the remainder.

WILL ENTER BATTLE.

United States Soldiers Ready to Help Allies.

LONDON, April 2.—An official announcement issued here last night says:

"As a result of communications which have passed between the Prime Minister and President Wilson, of deliberations between Secretary Baker, who visited London a few days ago, and the Prime Minister, Mr. Balfour and Lord Derby, and consultations in France, in which Gen. Pershing and Gen. Bliss participated, important decisions have been come to by which large forces of trained men in the American army can be brought to the assistance of the allies in the present struggle."

"The Government of our great Western ally is not only sending large numbers of American battalions to Europe during the coming critical months, but has agreed to such of its regiments as cannot be used in divisions of their own being brigaded with French and British units so long as the necessity lasts."

"By this means troops which are not yet sufficiently trained to fight as divisions and army corps will form part of seasoned divisions, until such time as they have completed their training and Gen. Pershing wishes to withdraw them in order to build up the American army."

"Arrangements for the transportation of these additional forces are now being completed."

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

All Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

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It is here, from Moreuil, ten miles northwest of Montdidier, in a curving line around the latter place and eastward to beyond Lassigny, nearly 15 miles away, that the battle was raging at last accounts. Violent assaults were delivered upon the French lines, which developed a powerful resistance and were further strengthened by the arrival of fresh reserves.

The initial force of the impact, however, was sufficient to drive the French back short distances at and near the point of the salient. Pushing westward from the branch of the Avre, which runs in a northwesterly direction from Montdidier, the enemy forced his way into several villages within a stretch of about five miles along the front.

The advance reached a maximum of about three miles in this sector. South of Montdidier the wedge also was further driven in about two miles.

On Saturday night and Sunday, however, the French hit back, recaptured Ayencourt, Moreuil and Monchel and gained considerable ground in the region of Orvillers, according to the official communication from the War Office. Moreuil, captured by the Germans, was retaken by the French, again taken by the Germans, and finally carried in a bayonet charge by French and British troops. Plemont was also taken and with it 700 prisoners.

The German aim was apparently to drive westward from Montdidier in a further attempt at cutting in on Amiens from the south. The attempt, however, was completely frustrated by the French counter-attacks.

The battle is slackening, according to news reaching Paris. The attacks of the Germans have been less violent and less numerous to-day, and it has been observed that the enemy is feverishly digging himself in, particularly in the neighborhood of Lassigny.

The general impression is that the situation is most satisfactory.

Traitors Will Be Executed.

ATHENS, April 2.—The two Greek officers who were arrested recently after being landed on the west coast of the Peloponnese by a German submarine have been tried and sentenced to death by a court-martial, whose decision was announced Friday. Others implicated have received prison sentences. The condemned men will be executed within 24 hours.

Whoppers.

Two soldiers, an Irishman and an Englishman, having met in Flanders, began to talk of the hairbreadth escapes they had in battle.

"Well, said the Englishman, 'one day in the height of an engagement a shell took the hair off my head. Now, what do you think of that for a haircut?'"

"Sure," said Pat, "when I was in a battle a bullet from one of them Maxims whizzed by me and took off every hair of my face. What do you think of that for a close shave?"

ing 2165 head of cattle, \$34 calves, 1396 hogs and 41 sheep and lambs, but this fact, while it served to clean up the offerings in short order, was not reflected in any particular improvement in prices.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

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Hogs—Receipts, 53,000; market strong; light, \$17 to \$17.65; mixed, \$16.55 to \$17.60; heavy, \$15.80 to \$17.25; rough, \$15.85 to \$16.20; pigs, \$12.50 to \$16.50; bulk of sales, \$16.85 to \$17.40.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 12,000; market strong; native, \$12 to \$17. Lamb, native, \$15.50 to \$20.15.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, April 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 2100. Easier; prime steers, \$13.50 to \$17; shipping steers, \$12 to \$13.25; butchers, \$10 to \$12.50; yearlings, \$11.50 to \$13; heifers, \$9 to \$12; cows, \$5 to \$12.25; bulls, \$7 to \$10.75; stockers and feeders, \$7.50 to \$10.50; fresh cows and springers, \$8 to \$15.

Calves—Receipts, 1750. Easier, \$7 to \$19.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,200. Heavy, strong; heavy, \$17.50 to \$18.15; mixed, \$18.25 to \$18.50; yorkers, \$13.40 to \$18.50; light yorkers, \$17.75 to \$18; pigs, \$17.50 to \$17.75; roughs, \$16 to \$16.25; stags, \$13 to \$14.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 4000. Strong; clipped lambs, \$17.25; wool lambs, \$15 to \$20.25; yearlings, \$14 to \$17.50; weathers, \$15 to \$15.50; ewes, \$7 to \$14.25; mixed sheep, \$14.50 to \$15.

LAST MAN MAY COUNT.

Canada Urged to Reinforce Troops With Least Delay.

OTTAWA, April 2.—The Duke of Devonshire, Governor-General of Canada, has received the following cablegram from Premier Lloyd George:

"I have been inspired during the past week with the constant news of the dauntless courage with which the Dominion troops have withstood the desperate assaults of vastly more numerous German troops. This battle shows that the Empire has reason to be proud of all its sons. Our armies cannot have too many of these splendid men. As already announced, we propose to ask Parliament to authorize immediate measures for raising fresh forces. I would also urge the Government of Canada to reinforce its heroic troops in the fullest possible manner and with the smallest possible delay. The struggle is only in its opening stages, and it is our business to see that our armies get the maximum measure of support that we can give them. Let no one think that what even the remotest of our Dominions can now do can be too late. Before this campaign is finished the last man may count."

Fire Destroys Glass Factory.

TORONTO, April 2.—In a spectacular fire that threw a reflection that could be seen for a distance of two miles, the Jefferson Glass Factory at 388 Carlaw avenue was totally destroyed by fire shortly before midnight. The loss was estimated at \$30,000.

Tell Auntie.

The Y. M. C. A. war work includes urging soldiers to write home. Parents and friends like to hear from the boys at the front. One English soldier who had been two years in the army without writing home, was told by his captain that his mother wanted to hear from him. The young man wrote about his experiences of two years: "Dear Ma—The war is a blinger. Tell auntie. Alf."

A Child's Piano.

To enable a small child really to play it, a new toy piano's keys are marked with pictures of animals, similar pictures appearing on the music that is to be played.

Lord Mayor's Show in London

NOT for many a long day had London worn such a festive appearance as it assumed on Lord Mayor's day. The sun shone in a sky dappled with clouds, and a fresh breeze set the flags streaming gallantly from the flagmasts, and the pennons fluttered gaily on the cavalymen's lances. The crowds thronging the route were certainly less dense than in pre-war days, and if there were fewer light-hearted youths to buy the gaily colored paper-ribbon whips, still the whips were there, a delight to the heart of London childhood. Paper handkerchiefs, too, with wonderful orders, and still more wonderful portraits of the King and Queen, wreathed in the folds of crossed Union Jacks, and yards of flimsy paper with gaudy prints of the Lord Mayor's coach were displayed to tempt the more sedate purchasers.

The route followed this year was the usual one, from the city by Fleet street, the Strand, Northumberland Avenue, and the embankment. Punctually at noon the procession left the Guildhall, headed by mounted city police and Canadian mounted troops in the place of honor. Next followed men of the royal naval division, the royal marine artillery, the royal marine light infantry, the navy auxiliary service, and the naval volunteer reserve. As the first strains of the bands sounded down Fleet street office windows flew open and became an animated sea of heads. The wartime office staffs, mostly girls, ran down to the streets, or balanced themselves precariously on window ledges, and scrambled to every available point of vantage.

Following the boys of the War-aspire with their guns and crew, and the boys training at the technical school of the royal flying corps, came two motor lorries bearing a captured German aeroplane, the new well-known black crosses showing conspicuously on the wings. Behind the monster marched a sturdy contingent of city volunteers, men for the most part whose volunteering days were long since passed, but who once more had donned a uniform and shouldered a rifle in their country's hour of need. Behind them swung cadets, followed by boy scouts, their gay scarfs adding a brilliant touch of color to the procession.

To most people, however, by far the most significant part of the Lord Mayor's show were the women. For the first time that day they had been included in the procession and had taken their places in the marching ranks with the men. With one voice the crowd cheered, and cheered again as a battalion of women agricultural workers, carrying rakes and milking stools and leading a team of horses attached to a haycart, swung into view, their trim white coats shining in the sun. With an easy stride they march along and many heads turned instinctively to watch them out of sight. Lorries of laughing women munition workers followed, the girls blithely fluttering gamboge-colored hands—stained with the powder in the filling factories—and ready for a jest and gay word with the crowd who gave the "canaries" a rousing welcome. Field guns, strange objects in their "camouflage" war

ed the feat was with our party. Unfortunately, we had just then neither the time nor the equipment to make the attempt again, but he pointed out to me, as nearly as he could remember it, the route he followed up the forbidding wall.

"I watched the goats for a day or two," he said, "and then started up from a point to which I had seen them descend. As I suspected, they had a regular trail up the cliff, though in places you wished almost mightily that you were a goat yourself, to follow 'em. As nearly as I can recall, the trail came out on the summit about at that depression—"

"I was following his finger, which pointed to a V between two summit battlements, close above several small patches of snow, when suddenly we both saw that these snow patches were in motion.

"Hello!" he cried, "the goats are coming down now!"

"The flock of goats we were watching were at first almost indistinguishable, so high were they on the cliff, and resembled merely white flecks of snow in motion. From where we stood—probably half a mile out from the base of the wall, and three thousand feet at least below—there did not appear to be anything whatever for the goats to walk on, but of course there was a ledge, and no doubt verdure upon the ledge, for now and then a goat stopped, evidently to browse. Traversing the ledges in a series of switchbacks, the goats finally descended far enough to give us a clearer view. There were twelve adult animals, but only two kids, which appeared very frisky. One billy was leading the way, and for the most part taking things easy. But once or twice he would reach a spot where agility was called for, and then he would appear to slide over a ledge headforemost, landing several times his own length below. The rest would follow, in single-file. Enos R. Mills, a keen observer of Rocky Mountain life, has vividly described in one of his books the descent of a startled goat from a ledge where he had cornered the animal. It went over headforemost, and in its headlong descent kicked against the cliff side with all four hoofs, till it worked itself some distance to the left and landed on a little shelf over twenty feet below, with all four feet bunched, its shoulders almost coming up through its skin with the impact. Naturally, no animal could return by such a route, but the places they will scale sometimes surprise even the old hunters. This particular herd we were watching descended nearly the entire height of the cliff, to a big snowfield which swept up along the shale pile at the bottom like a wave dashing against a headland. At this point they all walked out on the snow and remained there several minutes.

"When they were ready to return, the old billy again led the procession, but the two kids were having altogether too good a time; they didn't wish to return. An adult goat had to go after them and drive them into line. Then the procession started up the cliff once more. We were curious to see if they followed the same route as on the descent. With the exception of one or two spots, they did. At the points where, on the descent, they had jumped straight down, they now on the return made a switchback detour to the right or left. Otherwise, so far as we could detect from below, they kept to a perfectly definite path. Human trails up steep places also have frequently just such short cuts for the descent. The flock did not go all the way to the summit. They stopped where we had first seen them, evidently on a shelf a hundred feet (or perhaps

Wilfred Campbell the Lake Poet

D R. WILFRED CAMPBELL, LL.D., F.R.S.C., the Canadian poet, died at his home at Ottawa on New Year's Day. William Wilfred Campbell was born on June 1st, 1861, at Berlin (now Kitchener), Ont. His mother was of English descent. Through his father, he claimed connections by a cadet branch of the family with the House of Argyll and so with the Marquis of Lorne, Governor-General of Canada from 1878 to 1883, with Thomas Campbell, the Scottish poet, and with Henry Fielding, the English novelist. He thus came honestly by his imagination and his desire for literary expression. His boyhood was spent in Wiarton, Ont., on Georgian Bay. His lower school education was private. Upper Canada College, Toronto, claims him as one of her old boys, and Trinity College saw his introduction to the work for Anglican orders. Wilfred was chosen to follow the footsteps of his father, but he does not seem to have been particularly adapted for that path. There are rumors that he left the University without his degree. He completed his clerical education at Cambridge, Mass., where he probably came in touch with the poet Lowell. He was ordained in 1885 and carried on parish work in New England until 1888 and then at St. Stephen, N.B., until 1891, when he retired to devote his time to poetry and the Federal Civil Service. At Ottawa, he was connected with the Archives Department, where he had ample opportunity to develop his love for the historic and the tragic. For the past few years the poet lived on a small farm, Kilmorie, in the suburbs of Ottawa. He rests with Lampman at Beechwood—

"where, by wood and croft,
The wintry silence folds in fleecy blur
About his silence, while in glooms aloft
The mighty forest fathers, without
Guard well the rest of him. . ."

When Campbell published his first poem I do not know, but one authority states that he wrote first for a village newspaper. His first volume, "Lake Lyrics," was issued in 1889.

"Lake Lyrics" was succeeded in 1893 by "The Dread Voyage" and that in 1899 by "Beyond the Hills of Dream." All three were finally superseded by the "Collected Poems" in 1906. This edition contains practically all his earlier verse of value except his tragedies which were published in one volume in 1908. In 1914 and 1915 two very slight volumes, "The Sagas of Vaster Britain" and "War Lyrics" were added.

Campbell's mastery of word music and word-power might be illustrated by numberless quotations. One or two must suffice:

"Walls of green where the wind and the sunlight stir,
Rippling windows of light where the sun looks through,
And spaces of day that widen and blur beyond
Out to the haze-rimmed, purpled edge of the world."

And this from "Winter":

"Morning shrinks closer to night and
nebulous noon
Hangs a dull lantern, over the
winding snows;
And like a pale beech leaf fluttering

the Commander-in-Chief had to make absolutely sure that it would be taken. Two attempts had already failed, and it had been pronounced impregnable; but the taking of the ridge was absolutely essential to ensure the success of future operations.

It was a great tribute to the Canadians that the Commander-in-Chief had confidence that Canada would be successful in accomplishing the task. They were sent there to do a definite job, and they did it with knowledge that they would not be left to spend the winter in the Flanders mud. It was by far the hardest job the Canadians had ever tackled. It came on the tail of a battle which meant lack of communications, great, in fact almost insurmountable difficulties in getting up guns and ammunition. The gunners worked night and day. All the ammunition was carried up on pack mules, and trails had to be made for the mules, otherwise they would have sunk up to their heads in mud. Trails were made of brush wood, plank boarding, all the work of lying these down was carried on under direct observation from the front and constant shell-fire. Four miles of double-planking and four miles of light railway were constructed with a total disregard of the danger to the number of casualties which was recognized as the necessary sacrifice which must be made to avoid greater ones.

"We paid a price," said Gen. Currie, "but it had to be done. We have had a wonderful year—Vimy, Arras, Lens, Hill 70. The last the most successful fighting ever did from the point of view of the German casualty list as compared to ours, which was only a fraction of the enemy's. Now the men are resting and enjoying to the full the comfortable billets, and all the arrangements made for their amusement, full of good humor and satisfaction and courage."

Where God Is Real.

The last letter of Lieut. Cliff Almen Wells, B.A., Johns Hopkins '14, of the 8th Battalion, Canadian C. E. F.; killed in action in France April 28, 1917, follows:

"My darling Mother,—
"I am sending this note to God for him to give you if I am killed. It is just a last message of love to Molly, for I do love you more than any one else in the world. You have been the best mother I ever knew, heard of, and my greatest grief the sorrow which my death causes you. Please do not grieve much, mother dear. Remember I died doing my duty—the very best I could do for the cause which we believe is right—and that we will be together again in heaven, where God will wipe away every tear from our eyes. God and heaven are more real here in the present suffering and death than they did before.

"Give my love to dear father. He has been all that a father could be to me for many years, and I am deeply grateful to him. If I lived, I should have strived to credit and a comfort to him all my life.

"Emma and George and Ned and Rae and Croy—I think very truly of all of them, and feel that they have not deserved all the love I have manifested toward them. I pray every night for their well-being and happiness.

"Molly dear, there is no more I can say. This is just a message of love and gratitude, a trust, of comfort. Do not grieve for me. All is well with me. We shall meet again never to part. I shall meet you and father."

view, their trim white coats shining in the sun. With an easy stride they march along and many heads turned instinctively to watch them out of sight. Lorries of laughing women munition workers followed, the girls blithely fluttering gamboge-colored hands—stained with the powder in the filling factories—and ready for a jest and gay word with the crowd who gave the "canaries" a rousing welcome. Field guns, strange objects in their "camouflage" war paint, and captured German gun-bearers recent dates when they had fallen into the hands of gallant British regiments, were viewed with wonder and interest. Bands blared. Pipers marched with a brave swing of kilts to the skirl of bagpipes, their tartan ribbons streaming in the wind.

Still it was the women in the procession that fired the imagination and held the attention. It was the women that made one think. A contingent of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps, in slouch hats and long khaki coats, marched as steadily as any company of "regulars." They lacked wholly the "snap" of the men, but a certain air of quiet and unalterable determination conveyed by that dark line of steadily marching women was prophetic of much, and augured ill for the powers that had set their faces against the great democracies of the world. Women of the W. A. A. C. have been in France for the last six months, and have proved their metal and "made good" with that celerity that has been one of the astonishments of the war. If the women provided matter for reflection, two tanks, with guns protruding like the eyes of a crab, provided the excitement of the procession. They rolled along the Strand as unconcerned as if it were their natural sphere of action, and when a halt was called and they came to rest like any ordinary "General" they proved an absorbing attraction to some Chelsea pensioners who fought long before the era of tanks and aeroplanes, and 15-inch shells.

London had looked forward to the prospect of the Lord Mayor's show with supreme indifference. It was war time, and everything was different. Was it worth it this year? Yet London was the better for the show. It had taken on a new and deeper significance. The women and men, from all parts of the United Kingdom and the great dominions, marching together in one vast procession, equipped from end to end for national service, were earnest of the resolute determination of the whole empire to keep the sword drawn until victory crowned their efforts. And when it was all over London went about its business once more with refreshed hope, and a stronger resolve than ever to see things through to a finish.

The production of explosives in the United States during 1916 was in excess of 500,000,000 pounds, an increase of about 44,000,000 over 1915.

AN AGILE ANIMAL.

The Rocky Mountain Goat at Close Quarters.

"We saw both our first goats and our first sheep at Iceberg Lake. This lake lies at the base of a vast precipice which curls around the green water and the glacier spilling into it, forming almost a semi-circle. It is one of the wildest and most impressive cliff walls in Glacier Park, especially as its summit for several miles is broken into castles and battlements which cut superbly against the sky. This cliff has been climbed, and one of the men who accomplish-

exception of one or two spots, they did. At the points where, on the descent, they had jumped straight down, they now on the return made a switchback detour to the right or left. Otherwise, so far as we could detect from below, they kept to a perfectly definite path. Human trails up steep places also have frequently just such short cuts for the descent. The flock did not go all the way to the summit. They stopped where we had first seen them, evidently on a shelf a hundred feet (or perhaps more) below the ridge peak. Here they scattered somewhat, and several of them quite disappeared, either behind projections or into caves."—Walter Prichard Eaton, in Harper's Magazine.

Part of Big Scheme.

It is essential to remember that the fights for Lens, Passchendaele, and Cambrai, in which the Canadians have taken and are taking so conspicuous a part, are not isolated efforts, but are all part of Sir Douglas Haig's successful strategy, and that strategy does not necessitate the actual capture of these centres of enemy communications. As the special correspondent of The Times at the front shows in his message of Monday, the enemy has already been robbed of Lens by the push at Arras: "By the capture of Passchendaele Ridge we are now enabled to deny them Roulers, all the approaches to which are under our guns. The thrust down here has similarly enabled us to deny them Cambrai. Each of these places was this time last year a great enemy base and centre of communication. As he has lost each in turn he has been compelled to reconstitute his system of communications in the rear, and that he must now be busy doing beyond Cambrai."

Bronte and New York.

An honest old burgher of Bronte was enabled by some strange chance to visit New York, and was questioned when he came back as to the character of that city, to which, it is said, he answered that "New York, as a thing considered, was a wonderful place; but still Bronte for pleasure!"

In the Vernacular.

A modern young man would probably sing it: "Of all the Janes that doll up swell, there's none like pretty Sally."—L. C. G.

Dr. Johnson's Wit.

It is well known, says Outlook, that Dr. Johnson's odd humor crept into some of the definitions in his great English dictionary; for instance, he defined lexicographer as "a writer of dictionaries; a harmless drudge." His dictionary was first published in 1755. Another English dictionary, Bailey's, appeared many years before Johnson's, and it was so popular that several editions of it were printed after its rival appeared. Early editions of Bailey give, under lexicographer, "a writer of a lexicon," etc. In a copy of the edition of 1766, however, picked up recently in New York, there is found added to this, "also, a harmless drudge." Bailey's rewriter of 1766, who was apparently not altogether harmless as a drudge, thus copied Dr. Johnson's pleasantry as a new definition!

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Hitchcock*

Two must suffice:

"Walls of green where the wind and the sunlight stir,
Rippling windows of light where the sun looks through,
And spaces of day that widen and blur beyond
Out to the haze-rimmed, purpled edge of the world."

And this from "Winter":

"Morning shrinks closer to night and nebulous noon
Hangs a dull lantern, over the winding snows;
And like a pale beech leaf fluttering upward, the moon
Out of the short day wakens and blossoms and grows
And builds her wan beauty like as the ghost of a rose
Over the soundless silences, shrunk-en, that dream
Their prisoned deathliness under the gold of her beam."

From the reflective strain of the above, it is but a short step to the poems of pathos and subtle imagination. "The Mother" is one of the poet's most famous and most quoted poems. The subject is the longing of the dead bride-mother for her babe and her return for it:

"I nestled him soft to my throbbing breast
And stole him back to my long, long rest."

I have sometimes wondered if the following held any clue to Campbell's defection from the ministry. What was his creed? He has stated it over and over again:

"Simplicity is truth;
Religion reverence; wisdom but to keep
Those dread eternal laws which guide the world."

"In every common hour of life,
In every flame that glows,
In every breath of being rife
With aspiration or of strife
Man feels more than he knows."

"And when from the winter of thy wild death
Thine angels of sunlight call,
Waken me unto my highest, my best,
Or waken me not at all!"

However, Campbell's most important mission, as he conceived it, was the Imperial rather than the emotional.

Here is the essence of his ideal:

"This mighty dream of the race!
When, O when, will it die?
When the magic of being burns from the blood,
When the violet fades from the sky,
When the mother turns from her child,
When the son his father spurns;
And the blood of the mightiest race on earth
To bloodless water turns."

Of his tragedies little can be said in so brief space. Beyond a doubt, Campbell has used Shakespeare as his model, especially in his use of the lyrics of Dagonet, the fool, to lighten the tragedy of Mordred. The subjects are not original unless "Morning" was purely fictional. "Mordred," formed about the Arthurian legend of the unnatural son of the great king, is undoubtedly the strongest of the tragedies though by no means adapted for dramatic presentation.

Of his "War Lyrics," very few have reached the standard of his earlier work. The most picturesque perhaps is "Blood Drops of Heroes."

GENERAL CURRIE SPEAKS.

Says Passchendaele Was Canadians' Hardest Job.

Lieut.-General Sir Arthur Currie gave an interesting story to the Paris representative of The Montreal Star in a special interview at the opening of the new year. General Currie said that the corps had had an exceedingly busy year, and since their formation had never been out of the line. The men had had a long series of successes, and that was the biggest factor in keeping up their morale. The situation at Passchendaele was such a critical one that

"Emma and George and Ned Rae and Croy—I think very tenderly of all of them, and feel that they have not deserved all the love which they have manifested toward me. I pray every night for their well and happiness."

"Molly dear, there is nothing more I can say. This is just a message of love and gratitude, and trust, of comfort. Do not grieve, dear. All is well with me. We shall meet again never to part. I pray that you and father will be very happy together. May I bless you both in your work and your home life."

"Good-bye, my own darling ther. Clifford"

NATIONAL GAMES.

A Tribute to the Athleticism of Canada.

Canada is justly proud of the record of her soldier athletes. The realm of sport has furnished a distinguished part of her Honor Roll. The youth and stamina which went to disport itself upon football, lacrosse ground, hockey rink and in other competitive outdoor creation, has proved itself in grimmer and ghastlier conflict. The greatest has found the healthy body, clear eye, the steady nerve, the rapid decision, the amenability to discipline, ready and equipped for sterner tasks to which they have responded.

The message of Hon. W. M. Martin, Premier of Saskatchewan, in address to the Y. M. C. A. at Regina published on the sporting page of The Toronto Globe recently, is entitled to endorsement and practical promulgation by leaders in the public life of the nation. He appeals for the encouragement of all legitimate forms of clean and healthy athleticism. Sport is not the main thing in life, but a properly trained body means a more alert mind, and in sport promotes a healthy body, sound mind, courage, love of play, quickness of decision, readiness to grasp opportunity, team play, obedience to orders. The nation whose citizens are trained in such school is bound to be big and efficient.

Premier Martin is himself a former athlete and excelled in various branches of outdoor sport. He knows whereof he speaks. His words are backed by every observer who has returned from the fighting fronts of France and Flanders. The athlete has gone forth to schools and colleges and Y.M.C.A.'s to "speed" in stamina-building athletics. And the qualities which stand soldier in good stead are just as advantageous to the citizen.

The warning of the Saskatchewan Premier to guard against any tendency to permit professionalism discourage and "crowd out" amateur athletics should also be heeded. Not desirable to reduce sport to science or a mere money-making position. Only in so far as the specialized professional is enabled to show the way to increased efficiency and achievement, and create a passion and enthusiasm in the sport itself, does he contribute to the desired. It is, however, to the credit of athletes, both amateur and professional, that they have not been lured, in the time of their country stress, to be among the first to their service and make their sacrifice. All honor to them. May their ample inspire the lads who follow them on the fields of athletic endeavor, for clean and virile man can do splendid service to the nation in peace as well as in war.—Globe.

Commander-in-Chief had to make absolutely sure that it would be won. Two attempts had already been made, and it had been pronounced premature; but the taking of the city was absolutely essential to ensure the success of future operations.

It was a great tribute to the Canadians that the Commander-in-Chief had confidence that Canada would be successful in accomplishing this task. They were sent there to do the finite job, and they did it with the knowledge that they would not be sent to spend the winter in the Flanders mud. It was by far the hardest of the Canadians had ever tackled. It came on the tail of a battle which meant lack of communications and, in fact, almost insurmountable difficulties in getting up guns and ammunition. The gunners worked night and day. All the ammunition was carried up on pack mules, and it had to be made for these mules, otherwise they would have knuckled up to their heads in mud. The mules were made of brush wood and plank boarding, all the work of laying these down was carried on under direct observation from the enemy and constant shell-fire. Four miles double-planking and four miles of light railway were constructed with total disregard of the danger and the number of casualties which were recognized as the necessary sacrifice which must be made to avoid still other ones.

"We paid a price," said General Currie, "but it had to be done. We've had a wonderful year—Vimy, Arras, Fresnoy, Lens, Hill 70. That was the most successful fighting we've had from the point of view of the German casualty list as compared to ours, which was only a third the enemy's. Now the men are resting and enjoying to the full their comfortable billets, and all the arrangements made for their amusement, full of good humor and satisfaction and courage."

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The last letter of Lieut. Clifford H. Wells, B.A., Johns Hopkins, of the 8th Battalion, Canadians, E. F.; killed in action in France on Feb. 28, 1917, follows:

My darling Mother,—
"I am sending this note to George to give you to me if I am killed. It is just a last message of love to you, my dear, for I do love you more than anyone else in the world. You have been the best mother I ever knew or heard of, and my greatest grief is sorrow which my death will cause you. Please do not grieve too much, mother dear. Remember that I am doing my duty—the very best I could do for the cause which we all believe is right—and that we shall meet again in heaven, where I will wipe away every tear from your eyes. God and heaven seem so real here in the presence of suffering and death than they ever before."

"Give my love to dear father. He has been all that a father could be for many years, and I am deeply grateful to him. If I had my way, I should have strived to be a father and a comfort to him always. Emma and George and Ned and I and Roy—I think very tenderly of all of them, and feel that I am not deserving all the love which they have manifested toward me. I have every night for their welfare and happiness."

"Molly dear, there is nothing I can say. This is just a message of love and gratitude, and, I think, of comfort. Do not grieve, mother dear. All is well with me, and I shall meet again never to part."

England Speaks For Herself

I HAVE before me a great pile of printed matter and photographic information which the British Pictorial Service and the newly-formed Department of Commercial Intelligence are sending to the ends of the earth in the interests of the British Empire's side of the war.

What a healthy change this policy represents from the first cautious months, when the authorities were afraid to let anything out for fear of "comfort to the enemy!"

In this article I wish to deal with the work of the Pictorial Service.

Thousands upon thousands of battle-front pictures have been taken, at sea and on land, and the photographers have dared anything and everything to get them.

There are four pictorial booklets—"The Sentinels of the Sea," "Carry On," "Behind the Lines," "Through Swamps and Forest." They are the first in a series, broadcast in all tongues.

There is a string of beautifully illustrated papers, portraying all phases of military activities, published for consumption in the East, near and far.

Among the extensive assortment of maps and diagram sheets here is a great chart showing

"WHAT GERMANY WANTS: HER CLAIMS AS SET FORTH BY LEADERS OF GERMAN THOUGHT."

The whole world is here laid out, on Mercator's projection, and the red spots are the would-be dominion of the Hun.

All South American is red, and most of Africa. The bloody trail is over Scandinavia and the whole of Central Europe, Turkey, Syria, China, the Dutch West Indies. One wonders at the moderation of the cartographer in leaving out the United States.

In the border of the chart there are thirty-six quotations giving the swollen vaticinations of Prussian imperialists.

"Holland, together with her royal family, her European possessions and her colonies in South America, the Indian Islands and Australasia, must become the all of Germany," writes Tannenberg in "Gross Deutschland."

Werner Sombart claims Dover, Malta, and Suez as stations for the German fleet.

General von Bernhardi lays stress upon the value of Denmark as commanding the approaches to the Baltic.

Ernest Hasse intends to absorb the Scandinavian countries.

The bold editor, Maximilian Harden, whose independence of thought has been admired even by his foes, talks of "German cannon on the routes to Egypt and India" as "worthy of great sacrifices."

Another portrays "The British Empire at War," giving the homes of the fighting men and the routes they have traveled to come to Britain's aid, and the part of the far-flung battle-line that they hold now.

The territory occupied by the Central powers outside their own borders adds up to 109,500 square miles.

The territory held by the Allies outside their own borders adds up to 676,010 square miles.

There are also four-page pictorial sheets, such as "Bagdad in British Hands," "Haig's Smashing Blow in the West," and "The United States at War."

The latter presents on the front page the president's portrait. Above it in French, German, and English are his words:

"We are now about to accept gage of battle with this national foe to liberty, and shall, if necessary, spend the whole force of the nation to check and nullify its pretensions and its power."

There is also a war atlas, bound appropriately in red cartridge paper, the maps made at Stanford's classic establishment. Poor Stanford died last spring, heart-broken over the loss of his son.

The foreword to the atlas explains:

"This atlas has been designed to illustrate for the student not only the actual battle fronts but also some of the general aspects of the world war."

"The first five maps show without comment the theaters of war in the West, in the East, on the Italian front, in the Balkans, and in the Asiatic possessions in Turkey. The sixth map illustrates in greater detail the British front in the West, while the seventh shows the various theatres of war in which British troops are engaged and the vast distances which they have safely traveled under the protection of the British navy."

"The eighth map demonstrates the collapse of Germany's ambition in the East, and the ninth illustrates the vast extent of the possessions which she has lost overseas. The tenth map shows the isolation in which Germany has placed herself by her criminal outrages on civilization, and the eleventh explains, by chapter and verse, the claims to world domination which have been put forward by her leaders. The twelfth map illustrates the growth of the military domination of Prussia, while the thirteenth is an effective exposure of the professed desire of the Central powers for the 'free development' of other races."

"The last map shows how Germany, at the commencement of the fourth year of war, is gripped in a relentless vice of steel, and points to the final and decisive victory of Great Britain and her allies."—Fulleton S. Waldo in Detroit Free Press.

Women for Flying Corps.

The response made to the appeal for women for the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps in England has so far been very encouraging. The figures received from all parts of the country show a total of 1,900 application forms received. Arrangements are being made for these candidates to be interviewed by selection boards as soon as possible. It is gratifying to note that a large response has been made by domestic servants to come forward and act as cooks, waitresses, etc.

In addition to the 100,000 women which the War Office notified to the Employment Department as being required by the end of October, large numbers are wanted for work under the Royal Flying Corps. These women will be required to work in the aircraft repairing depots, both at home and in France. The numbers notified as being wanted immediately by the Royal Flying Corps are 144 fitters (general machine and turners), 52 instrument repairers, 20 acetylene welders, 37 electricians, 12 draftswomen, 55 painters, 2 tracers, and 145 storekeepers.—London Post.

IN MISERY FOR YEARS

Mrs. Courtney Tells How She Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Oskaloosa, Iowa.—"For years I was simply in misery from a weakness and



awful pains—and nothing seemed to do me any good. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and got relief right away. I can certainly recommend this valuable medicine to other women who suffer, for it has done such good

work for me and I know it will help others if they will give it a fair trial."—Mrs. LIZZIE COURTNEY, 108 8th Ave., West, Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Why will women drag along from day to day, year in and year out, suffering such misery as did Mrs. Courtney, when such misery as this is continually being published. Every woman who suffers from displacements, irregularities, inflammation, ulceration, backache, nervousness, or who is passing through the Change of Life should give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

A Record for Service.

Major Hugh Niven, of the Princess Patricia Canadian Light Infantry, whose 35 months in the trenches constitutes a record for Canadian officers in this war, is back home in London, Ont., decorated with the Military Cross and the Distinguished Service Order, and with two gold wound stripes up.

Though he has fought on every front occupied by the British troops from Ypres to the Somme and in practically every engagement of importance from December, 1914, till November, 1917, he declares that he cannot see a finish any more clearly now than on the first day he arrived in France. The major holds the view that the war is to be won by the slow, grinding process of attrition, until the Germans have had enough of it. The slaughtering of the enemy effectives he regards as of greater consequence in striving for victory than the conquest of this piece of territory or that. The German hospitals, he said, are kept filled with the maimed and wounded. Losses to the enemy are frightful. Thus, he believes, that the German people at home will sicken of the slaughter, and will some day show a weakening of their support of the struggle, and thus will commence the undermining of Germany's military strength.

The British, he said, because of the impossibility of building roads and moving up guns, are unable to drive the Germans back as far as would otherwise prove possible each time an advance is made.

Twice during the heavy fighting all of his superior officers were killed or wounded and the command of the battalion fell to his lot. Each time the major acquitted himself creditably and thus he won his present rank and decorations.

edit and a comfort to him all ways. "Emma and George and Ned and I and Croy—I think very tenderly of all of them, and feel that I have not deserved all the love which they have manifested toward me. I say every night for their welfare and happiness. "Molly dear, there is nothing more I can say. This is just a message of love and gratitude, and, I trust, of comfort. Do not grieve, mother dear. All is well with me, and I shall meet again never to part. "I pray that you and father may be very happy together. May God bless you both in your work and in your home life. "Good-bye, my own, darling mother. Clifford."

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Tribute to the Athleticism of Canada.

Canada is justly proud of the war record of her soldier athletes. The aim of sport has furnished a distinguished part of her Honor Roll. The youth and stamina which was sent to disport itself upon football field, lacrosse ground, hockey rink, and in other competitive outdoor recreation, has proved itself in grimmer and ghastlier conflict. The great war has found the healthy body, the clear eye, the steady nerve, the rapid vision, the amenability to discipline, ready and equipped for the harder tasks to which they have responded.

The message of Hon. W. M. Martin, Premier of Saskatchewan, in his address to the Y. M. C. A. at Regina, published on the sporting page of the Toronto Globe recently, is one entitled to endorsement and practical promulgation by leaders in the public life of the nation. He appealed for the encouragement of all legitimate forms of clean and healthy athletics. Sport is not the main thing in life, but a properly trained body means a more alert mind, and skill in sport promotes a healthy body, a clear mind, courage, love of fair play, quickness of decision, readiness to grasp opportunity, team play, and obedience to orders. The nation whose citizens are trained in such a school is bound to be big and efficient.

Premier Martin is himself a former athlete and excelled in various branches of outdoor sport. He knows whereof he speaks. His words are backed by every observer who has returned from the fighting fields of France and Flanders. The appeal is gone forth to schools and colleges and Y.M.C.A.'s to "speed up" stamina-building athletics. It is the qualities which stand the soldier in good stead are just as advantageous to the citizen.

The warning of the Saskatchewan Premier to guard against any tendency to permit professionalism to encourage and "crowd out" amateur athletics should also be heeded. It is desirable to reduce sport to a mere money-making proposition. Only in so far as the specialized professional is enabled to show the way to increased efficiency and achievement, and create ambition and enthusiasm in the sport itself, does he contribute to the end desired. It is, however, to the credit of athletes, both amateur and professional, that they have not hesitated, in the time of their country's need, to be among the first to give their service and make their sacrifice, honor to them. May their example inspire the lads who follow them on the fields of athletic endeavor for clean and virile manhood to do splendid service to the State in peace as well as in war.—The Observer.

tales of "German cannon on the routes to Egypt and India" as "worthy of great sacrifices."

Another portrays "The British Empire at War," giving the homes of the fighting men and the routes they have traveled to come to Britain's aid, and the part of the far-flung battle-line that they hold now.

The territory occupied by the Central powers outside their own borders adds up to 109,500 square miles.

The territory held by the Allies outside their own borders adds up to 676,010 square miles.

required by the end of October, large numbers are wanted for work under the Royal Flying Corps. These women will be required to work in the aircraft repairing depots, both at home and in France. The numbers notified as being wanted immediately by the Royal Flying Corps are 144 fitters (general machine and turners), 52 instrument repairers, 20 acetylene welders, 37 electricians, 12 draftswomen, 55 painters, 2 tracers, and 145 storekeepers.—London Post.

of Germany's military strength. The British, he said, because of the impossibility of building roads and moving up guns, are unable to drive the Germans back as far as would otherwise prove possible each time an advance is made.

Twice during the heavy fighting all of his superior officers were killed or wounded and the command of the battalion fell to his lot. Each time the major acquitted himself creditably and thus he won his present rank and decorations.



Military Service Act

Important Announcement to All

EXEMPTED MEN

and to the Public Generally

IN dealing with the very large number of claims for exemption brought forward for consideration in connection with Class 1 under the Military Service Act, it has occurred, as was inevitable, that as a result of false statements and difficulties put in the way of investigation, some individuals have secured exemption whose proper place is in the Army.

It is not the intention of the Government to allow these men to evade permanently their obligation to bear their part in the military defence of the Country and of the ideals for which we are fighting. To do so would defeat the purpose of the Act, and cause grave injustice to men in the second class necessarily called out to fill their places.

Exemptions Granted on False Grounds

It is, therefore, proposed to scrutinize carefully all exemptions granted to date in order to separate those which have been granted on false or insufficient grounds from those that are well founded.

With this object in view the various Registrars under the Military Service Act have been instructed to issue a series of questionnaires to exempted men. These questionnaires must be filled up correctly and returned promptly under penalty of forfeiture of exemption for failure to do so.

Exempted Men Who Have Changed Address

It is therefore important in their own interest that all exempted men who have changed their address since their exemption was granted and who have not already notified the Registrar of such change should notify him at once. Under the Regulations it is the duty of exempted men to keep the Registrar advised of any change of address, and failure to receive the questionnaire by reason of neglect of this duty must be treated as equivalent to failure to return the questionnaire after receipt.

Citizens Urged to Assist

In many instances information has been furnished by members of the public which has led to the cancellation of exemptions obtained by false or misleading statements. Further co-operation of this character is invited. The Government regard it as the Duty of all loyal citizens, not only to the Country, but to the men at the front, to assist in this way in securing reinforcements on a just and legal basis. Correspondence of this character will be treated as strictly confidential and will receive the fullest investigation.

CHARLES J. DOHERTY,
Minister of Justice.

Correspondence should be directed to Major H. P. Cooke, Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, Kingston, Ont.

Wallace's Drug Store sells 2 oz. Bland's Improved Iron Pills 25c., Mother Seagram Syrup 15c. per package, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil 20c., 3 lbs. Sulphur 25c., 6 lbs. Cattle Salts 25c., English Epsom Salts 5c. package, Rexall Epsom Salts 10c. per can, 3 packages Dyola Diamond or Turkish Dye 25c., 3 packages of 15c. envelopes (while they last) 25c., \$1.00 bottles of Howard's Beef Iron and Wine 75c., 6 bars overseas Chocolates 25c., large bar of Castile 35c. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE'S Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

DENBIGH.

Mrs. Louise Warlich, one of the oldest residents in this vicinity, passed away on the 19th inst., at the house of her daughter, Mrs. E. Berndt, at the age of 66 years' and 7 months. The funeral took place at the Lutheran church and cemetery on the 21st, and was attended by many sympathizing friends. Rev. C. F. Christiansen conducted the services. Deceased was born in Germany. In 1887 she came to Canada and has been making her home with some of her children residing here in Denbigh ever since. Three years ago she was stricken with Apoplexy from the effects of which she never recovered. She is survived by two brothers, one sister, two sons, two daughters, thirty grandchildren and nine great-grandchildren. Some of them are still residing here, while others have moved away to different parts of the Dominion.

With the exception of some farmers who have taken out pulpwood off their own lands or brought sawlogs for their own requirements to our local sawmill there has been very little lumbering done in this vicinity this winter.

The steam sawmill in our village has changed owners. Owing to poor health Mr. J. S. Lane sold it to Mr. Wm. Warlich who intends to commence operations before long.

Some of our farmers have started work in their sugar bush, but so far very poor runs of sap have been reported.

Miss Kate Marquardt, teacher in the Wingle Settlement, Raglan Township, arrived yesterday to spend the Easter holidays with her parents at her old home.

FRUIT TREES and PLANTS FOR SPRING PLANTING

We need no further introduction than the fact that we have been in the Nursery Business SIXTY-ONE YEARS, and are now prepared to meet existing conditions by offering our high grade trees and plants direct to customers at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Send for our illustrated circulars of hardy varieties which you can order direct and save the agent's commission, of which you get the benefit. Our prices will be sure to interest you and all stock is absolutely first-class and true to name.

The Chase Brothers Co.,
of Ontario, Limited
Nurserymen

Established 1857

COLEBORNE,

ONT.

6-20

THE STRAND THEATRE

M. MAKER, Proprietor



A WORLD PICTURE
BRADY-MADE
ROBERT WARWICK
JUNE ELVIDGE in
"The Family Honor"
Directed by EMILE CHAUTARD

Friday and Saturday, April 5th and 6th

Wm. A. Brady in association with World Pictures presents

Robert Warwick
June Elvidge
and **Henry Hull**

in **The Family Honor**

YARKER.

A surprise party paid a visit to the home of Capt. Frink, who is now a resident of Yarker, having moved into the residence of F. E. Benjamin.

The lecture here on Monday night on the war was a real treat to those who heard it given by Rev. John Garbutt.

Leona Joyner is in the Hotel Dieu Hospital, Kingston, seriously ill. Mrs. Chas Woodhouse is in the Kingston General Hospital. Both are former residents of Yarker.

The new Epworth League hall is about completed.

Yarker is becoming quite a shipping point for live stock and hay. A new platform has been built, fifty feet long, to facilitate the handling of freight.

Residents are now anxious for fine weather to commence gardening operations to aid in greater production.

The price paid last week for hogs in Yarker was \$19.25.

Allan Silver is busy with his sawing outfit cutting wood in the village.

The Napanee river is rapidly rising, and high water is expected on the opening of the lakes.

James Babcock, whose home was recently destroyed by fire, has moved to Yarker.

Fishermen will be in plenty this year owing to the high price of meats.

Rev. Mr. Raymond, of the Holiness Movement church, has gone to Madoc and has been replaced here by Rev. Mr. Leddy, of Arden.

Mrs. Roy Skinner has returned from Smith's Falls and is the guest of Mrs. John Watt while there.

Muresco and Alabestine for sale at WALLACE'S, the leading drug store.

Black Leg Vaccine always fresh and reliable at WALLACE'S Drug Store. P.S.—Get the new injector that never loses a pill.

The Feminist Movement.

As another indication of the spread of the feminist movement Japanese girls are now demanding to see a photograph of the prospective husband selected by the parents of the girl.

NEW JEWISH BATTALION.

This British Unit is Model of Good Behavior.

The new Jewish Battalion of the British army left during the first week of January for the Palestine front.

The battalion is under the command of Col. J. H. Patterson, an Irishman, and a great Ben Hur type. East Africa in the days before the war. His experience in command of Jewish troops dates back to the Gallipoli campaign, where he was in charge of the famous Zion Mule Corps, formed in Egypt of Jewish refugees from Palestine. After the close of the Dardanelles campaign the Zion corps was disbanded, but some of its members managed to make their way to England and form the nucleus of the new Jewish battalion.

As at present constituted, about fifty per cent. of the Jewish battalion are British-born or naturalized. The remainder includes members of the old Zion Mule Corps a large number of Russian Jews and a curious melange from several Allied and neutral countries. The level of physical fitness, according to the medical officers, is very high particularly in such matters as teeth and eyesight.

The battalion is practically self-sufficient, and a wet canteen which was opened in camp a few weeks ago was closed in a fortnight for lack of

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN

Cincinnati authority tells how to
lift a corn or callus so it lifts
off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoe that nearly killed you before, says Cincinnati authority, because a drop of freezone applied directly to tender, aching corn or callus, stops a pain at once and soon the corn hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted out, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone cost little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard corn or callus. This should be true as it is inexpensive and is said not irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house. It's fine stuff and acts like a charm every time.



The Red Cross Society

The regular monthly meeting of Executive Committee will be held at the Council Chamber, on Saturday April 6th, at 2 p.m. sharp. As this is important business to be transacted all members are requested to be sent.

At the Woman's meeting held last week in connection with food reduction and food conservation, a resolution was passed to the effect that all organized societies in town, asked to refrain from refreshment for at least one month and then together, if found at all feasible; that the committee pledge themselves to use their influence to make public opinion, as strong as possible, against the giving of refreshments both private and public.

The Red Cross has decided to let the Committee in this matter, would ask all to give their co-operation by attending the work-meeting and helping financially as before; collection plate will be passed as usual. One might add that from Teas alone last year, \$500.00 raised, which helped very materially the many financial calls of the society.

The following donations have been thankfully received: Ladies Aid of the Methodist Church, Roblin, \$6.00; Mr. Ben Young, Roblin, \$1.00; L. Bertram, \$5.00, and Mr. C. Parks, \$5.00.

The Red Cross workers of Sillsville, Gretna, Hay Bay and Hayburn, in some splendid work on Saturday for which the Society is most grateful.

Mrs. R. W. Denison is now the possessor of the handsome lace kindly donated by Mrs. W. Mas jr., and from which a good sum realized.

Word has come from overseas, the effect, that Mrs. Stanford W. Wrighton (Bernice Young, Picton), the driver of the Lennox and Addington Motor Ambulance, in France; letter also gives a satisfactory account of the Ambulance for last month.

Miss Francis Leonard has been fully playing at the Strand and again given the Society another handsome donation. Miss Leonard is

Friday and Saturday, April 5th and 6th

Wm. A. Brady in association with World Pictures presents

**Robert Warwick
 June Elvidge
 and Henry Hull**

in **The Family Honor**

Monday and Tuesday, April 8th and 9th

Goldwyn Pictures present

Mary Garden in "THIAS"

Mary Garden the most talked of woman in the world, makes her motion picture debut in "Thias," a Goldwyn Picture made from the celebrated novel by Anatole France. "Thias" was also her first prima donna role in America on the operatic stage.

Wednesday and Thursday, April 10 - 11

**Wm. Duncan and
 Carl Halloway in**

"Vengeance and The Woman"

10th Episode, and other good reels.
 Orchestra in attendance Wednesday Night.

Friday and Saturday, April 12th and 13th

Alice Brady in "THE DIVORCE GAME"

Come and enjoy these exceptionally good shows.

REGULAR ADMISSION. RETURNED SOLDIERS FREE

SEED WHEAT FOR SALE!

The County Council offers Marquis Spring Seed Wheat for sale to farmers of Lennox and Addington at \$2.00 per bus. f.o.b. Napanee. This is a reduction of 74 cts. per bus. or \$1.00 an acre under the Government price. This is done to encourage farmers to increase acreage of spring wheat.

SEED OATS

Two cars of Improved O.A.C. No. 72 seed oats are offered to farmers at cost, \$1.40 per bus. f.o.b. Napanee. These oats weigh 42 lbs. to the bushel, and yielded 65 bus. per acre last season. Government germination test 100 %. Every farmer should buy a few bushels of these oats.

SEED CORN

A carload of ensilage seed corn will be brought in and sold to farmers at cost. The seed will be Government tested and inspected. The price cannot be announced yet, but will be at cost. Every farmer wanting seed corn should put in his order at once.

Notice!

All seed orders must be handed to the Reeve, or Deputy Reeve, of the Township Councils, or send direct to

G. B. Curran,

Department of Agriculture, Napanee.

Joseph Hicks,

Warden, County Council, Lennox & Addington.

Butter Paper

Printed and packed in

25 Cent Packages.

The Express Printing House.

fifty per cent. of the Jewish Battalion are British-born or naturalized. The remainder includes members of the old Zion Mule Corps a large number of Russian Jew and a curious melange from several Allied and neutral countries. The level of physical fitness, according to the medical officers, is very high particularly in such matters as teeth and eyesight.

The battalion is practically total, and a wet canteen which was opened in camp a few weeks ago was closed in a fortnight for lack of business. Colonel Patterson himself is an ardent temperance advocate. "Crime in the army," he said the other day, "is due to drink and nothing else. This is shown by the fact that our guard room has been empty practically from the start, and you would have to travel around many training camps to see the like. The disused cells have been turned into bedrooms for the guards."

A great variety of trades and professions are represented in the battalion. There are more tailors than any other single trade, and this fact is reflected in the excellent fit and smart cut of the battalion's uniforms. There are several artists and sculptors, the latter including a leading British sculptor, Jacob Epstein, whose work has been a centre of interest in England for the past three years. A prominent concert violinist, Anton Tchaikoff, is in the same company with Epstein, which also numbers a young Russian who claims to be a second cousin to Kerensky.

Regimental orders for the new battalion are issued simultaneously in English and Yiddish, and Yiddish is used as much as English in instruction. Some of the soldiers hardly knew the English words of command, but all the non-commissioned officers and most of the commissioned speak Yiddish fluently. The languages represented in the ranks are more than a score in number. One corporal speaks nine languages.

The food served is strictly Kosher. Saturday is the day off instead of Sunday, and all the fast-days are observed with as much ceremony as the military atmosphere will permit.

Nelson's Midshipmen.

The following extract from a letter written by Lady Hughes, who took a passage to the West Indies on board the Boreas frigate when commanded by Lord Nelson, will show the manner in which the young men in that ship were trained and gradually inured to hardness and enterprise by their parental commander — "It may reasonably be supposed that among the number of thirty there may have been timid spirits as well as bold. The timid he never rebuked, but always wished to show them he desired nothing that he would not instantly do himself. And I have known him say, 'Well, sir, I am going a race to the mast-head, and beg I may meet you there.' No denial could be given to such a request, and the poor little fellow instantly climbed the shrouds. Captain Nelson never took the least notice in what manner it was done, but when they met at the top spoke in the most cheerful tones to the midshipman, and observed how much any person was to be pitied who could fancy there was any danger or even anything that could be called disagreeable in the attempt."—Family Journal.

Send your developing and printing to WALLACE'S Drug Store—satisfaction guaranteed.

Valspar, the Varnish that stands the boiling water test (see adv. in Ladies' Home Journal) for sale at WALLACE'S, agents for Napanee.

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Word has come from overseas, the effect, that Mrs. Stanford W. rington (Bernice Young, Picton, the driver of the Lennox and Addington Motor Ambulance, in France; letter also gives a satisfactory account of the Ambulance for last month.

Miss Francis Leonard has been fully playing at the Strand and again given the Society another handsome donation. Miss Leonard is a Life Member of the Red Cross.

The usual work meeting will be held on Saturday afternoon. All are come.

Trinkets or cash for Y.M.C.A. F. received at Mr. F. L. Hooper's.

Persons who plan to relieve coal shortage this winter by burn wood can figure, roughly speaking that two pounds of seasoned wood have a fuel value equal to one pot of coal, according to experts. With different kinds of wood have different fuel values, the foresters that in general the greater the weight of a non-resinous wood more heat it will give out when burned.

For such species as hickory, o. beech, birch, hard maple, ash, c. ust, long-leaf pine or cherry, which have comparatively high fuel value one cord, weighing about 4,000 pounds, is required to equal one of coal.

Weight for weight, however, there is very little difference between various species. Resin affords about twice as much heat as wood, so that resinous woods have a greater heat value per pound than non-resinous woods.

The available heat value of a cord of wood depends also on the amount of moisture present. When the wood is green part of the heat which it is capable of yielding is taken up evaporating the water. The greater the amount of water in the wood more heat is lost.

Where wood is to be burned in stove or furnace intended for coal will be found desirable, the foresters say, to cover the grate partly with sheet iron or firebrick to reduce draft. If this is not done the wood is wasted by being consumed fast, and makes a very hot fire which, in a furnace, may damage the fire box.

It is pointed out, however, that heat value is not the only test of usefulness in fuel wood, and that ninety-five per cent. of all wood used for fuel is consumed for domestic purposes, largely in farm houses such factors as rapidity of burning and ease of lighting are important.

Each section of Canada has favored woods, and these are said to be, in general, the right ones to use. Hickory, of the non-resinous woods has the highest fuel value per volume of wood, and has other advantages. It burns evenly and, housewives say, holds the heat. Oak comes next followed by beech, birch, and maple. The white pines have a relatively low heat value per unit of volume, but have other advantages. They ignite readily and give out a quick, hot flame, but that soon dies down. This makes them favorites with rural housekeepers as a summer wood, because they are particularly adapted for use in the kitchen. The same is true of gray birch or "white birch" as it is often called in the region in which it abounds.

Full line of Stationery, Writing Pads, Envelopes, Books, etc.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Market Square

SI LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

Minat authority tells how to dry
Up a corn or callus so it lifts
off with fingers.

ou corn-pestered men and women
l suffer no longer. Wear the shoes
nearly killed you before, says this
Minat authority, because a few
as of freezone applied directly on a
ler, aching corn or callus, stops sore-
at once and soon the corn or
dened callus loosens so it can be
ed out, root and all, without pain.
small bottle of freezone cost very
e at any drug store, but will posi-
ly take off every hard or soft
or callus. This should be tried,
it is inexpensive and is said not to
ate the surrounding skin.

your druggist hasn't any freezone
him to get a small bottle for you
a his wholesale drug house. It is
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ONTARIO BUYS APPLES

**Money in Orchards When Proper-
ly Planted and Cared For.**

BACKYARD GARDENING PAYS

**Hints By an Expert In the Feeding
and Care of the Mare and Foal.**

(Contributed by Ontario Department of
Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE PLANTING of commer-
cial apple orchards in the
Province of Ontario is high-
ly desirable for several rea-
sons:—

1. Ontario is not producing enough
good apples for home supply, but im-
ports annually from Nova Scotia,
British Columbia, Washington, Ore-
gon and California.

2. Production in Ontario is likely
to fall off still more because no com-
mercial planting is being done. Very
few commercial apple orchards have
been set out in this province since
1911.

3. Of the thousands of young trees
set in the bloom years of 1905 to
1911 a large proportion have already
passed out of existence. Probably not
more than 20 p.c. of the trees plant-
ed during those years will figure in
the commercial production of the fu-
ture, and certainly not more than 40
p.c. of them are alive and receiving
attention to-day.

4. The home orchard will never
again be an important factor in com-
mercial apple production in this pro-
vince, because it is not large enough
to be worth while. In seasons when
scab control is difficult or when prices
are down because of a heavy crop,
the return from the small orchards is
not large enough to justify the ex-
pense and risk involved. When con-
ditions are unfavorable the small or-
chard passes quickly into a state of
neglect; this is why apple growing
in Ontario is at such low ebb at
present.

5. Fruit is an essential part of diet.
While it is true that in case of ne-
cessity people can live without it, it
is also true that health suffers and
nutritional complaints become much
more general in the absence from the
dietary of fresh fruits and vegetables.
The apple is the most important and
most useful fruit of the temperate
zone and, from the standpoint of pub-
lic health its culture should not be
neglected.—Prof. J. W. Crow, On-
tario Agricultural College, Guelph.

Care of Pregnant Mares.

The pregnant mare should be well
fed, and given regular exercise or
light work. All food and water given
should be of first-class quality. She
should re given more grain than the
non-pregnant mare, as she has her
foetus to support. All possible care
should be observed to avoid digestive
derangements; hence everything con-
sumed should be of good quality, eas-
ily digested, fed in proportion to the
amount of work performed and at
regular intervals. In addition to hay
and oats, she should be given a few
raw roots daily, and a feed of bran
with a cupful of linseed meal, at
least twice weekly.

Work that requires excessive mus-
cular or respiratory effort should be
avoided, so also should plunging
through deep snow, slipping, etc. All
nervous excitement should be avoid-
ed, so also should sights which
frighten her, also offensive odors and
operations.

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

[Limited.]

SPECIAL SALE FOR TWO WEEKS

PARLOR SUITES 10% OFF—Many of these Suites cannot be
purchased at selling prices to-day.

One special high grade Suite, **\$40** One Den Leather Suit, **\$26.50**
price \$50, we sell at..... 3 pieces, price \$35....

CENTRE TABLES—Special offer on six high art Centre Tables.
They are select designs.

CENTRE TABLES—Special offer on 6 High Art Centre Tables.
they are select designs.

DINERS—We just received a fine line of extra fine oak Leather
Diners in quartered oak, golden and fumed finish.

EXTENSION TABLES—Our line of Extension Tables is complete.

DINING ROOM SETTS—Special prices on complete Dining Room
Setts. We have a fine assortment.

DRESSERS—Best bargains of all is three swell front Mahogany
Dressers, large glass, wood knobs, highly polished, regular \$45
for **\$30.**

DEVENPORTS—the best and cheapest.

IRON BEDS—We will offer 10 Iron Beds only, in setts including
Spring and Upholstered Mattress for **\$10.75.** These are sold in
all stores for \$15.50.

NOTE—The government is placing a 10 per cent. tax on all goods
manufactured, to be paid extra, and collected by the retail stores as
war tax. Come and get your goods at once and save the tax.

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

Notice to The Trade!

Order Your

Soft Drinks

From

The Lennox Beverage Works,

'Phone 275, Napanee.

Sole Agents for

THE NATIONAL BREWERIES Limited, - Montreal, Que.
GRANTS SPRINGS BREWERY CO., - Hamilton, Ont.
HAMILTON BREWING ASSOCIATION - Hamilton, Ont.

2 1-2 p. c. Ale, Lager, and Porter.

Write for Prices.

We specialize in all kinds of

CARBONATED DRINKS

and ship to all local outside points.

THE LENNOX BEVERAGE WORKS,

East Street, - Napanee, Ont.

Rear of Daly's Tea Warehouse.

Try Our Unfermented Fruit Wines.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE. **ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP**
We think we can please you. **HARRY SCOTT Proprietor**

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rinkets or cash for Y.M.C.A. Fund dived at Mr. F. L. Hooper's.

ersons who plan to relieve the shortage this winter by burning d can figure, roughly speaking, t two pounds of seasoned wood e a fuel value equal to one pound coal, according to experts. While erent kinds of wood have differ-fuel values, the foresters say in general the greater the dry-ht of a non-resinous wood the e heat it will give out when ned.

or such species as hickory, oak, h, birch, hard maple, ash, lo- long-leaf pine or cherry, which e comparatively high fuel values. cord, weighing about 4,000 nds, is required to equal one ton coal. Weight for weight, however, there y little difference between var- species. Resin affords about e as much heat as wood, so that nous woods have a greater heat e per pound than non-resinous ds.

he available heat value of a cord ood depends also on the amount oisture present. When the wood een part of the heat which it is ble of yielding is taken up in orating the water. The greater amount of water in the wood the e heat is lost.

Where wood is to be burned in a e or furnace intended for coal it e found desirable, the forest- say, to cover the grate partly with iron or firebrick to reduce the t. If this is not done the wood tasted by being consumed too and makes a very hot fire, h, in a furnace, may damage the box.

is pointed out, however, that value is not the only test of ulness in fuel wood, and since ty-five per cent. of all wood used fuel is consumed for domestic oses, largely in farm houses, factors as rapidity of burning ease of lighting are important. ach section of Canada has its red woods, and these are said to in general, the right ones to use. ory, of the non-resinous woods, the highest fuel value per unit me of wood, and has other ad- ages. It burns evenly and, as ewives say, holds the heat. The comes next followed by beech, i, and maple. The white pines e a relatively low heat value per of volume, but have other ad- ages. They ignite readily and out a quick, hot flame, but one soon dies down. This makes i favorites with rural housekeep- as a summer wood, because they particularly adapted for hot in the kitchen. The same is of gray birch or "white birch," is often called in the regions hich it abounds.

ll line of Stationery, Writing , Envelopes, Books, etc. PIZZARELLO, Market Square.

amount of work performed and at regular intervals. In addition to hay and oats, she should be given a few raw roots daily, and a feed of bran with a cupful of linseed meal, at least twice weekly.

Work that requires excessive muscular or respiratory effort should be avoided, so also should plunging through deep snow, slipping, etc. All nervous excitement should be avoided, so also should sights which frighten her, also offensive odors and operations.

The use of drugs should not be tolerated, except upon the advice of a veterinarian. If necessary to give a purgative it is much safer to give raw linseed oil than aloes. Towards the end of pregnancy still greater care should be observed, and, while daily exercise up to the very last is advisable, it should be given more carefully and less of it when she becomes somewhat clumsy on account of size and weight.

While it is better to allow her a box stall when in the stable at all times, it is practically necessary after about the tenth month of gestation, as the period of gestation is irregular and the foal may be born, without any well-marked premonitory symptoms, any time after ten months.

After the foal is born the mare should be given at least two weeks idleness, and if she can be allowed to run idle until weaning time, it will be all the better for both herself and foal.—J.H.R., Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

Vacant Lot Gardening.

The majority of the horticultural societies in this province have accomplished great things with their vacant lot propaganda. In the cities of Toronto and Ottawa alone many acres have been cultivated. Ottawa reports over 100 acres from which 50,000 bushels of valuable garden products have been garnered in first-class condition. Those interested in horticulture in Toronto through the Vacant Lot Gardening Association have also done a splendid work and in a large way.

The report issued by the superintendent, Mr. Geo. Baldwin, states: Number of lots under cultivation during 1917, 798, all well cultivated. Number of soldiers and soldiers' families working lots, 80. Average size of lots 3,000 square feet, all marked with sign board. Package of seeds provided 725, of which 607 were paid for. Several churches, hospitals, homes, girl guides, boy scouts included in lot holders. One lot looked after by a returned soldier who lost both his legs, another by a man with only one hand. The condition of both these lots would shame those who are not thus seriously handicapped. All gardens are inspected once a week and reminders sent to those who neglect their plots. The crops produced have a value of \$40,000 at a moderate estimate.—J. Lockie Wilson, Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.

His Superior.

The son of the well-to-do family had recently joined up as a private, and was spending his Christmas leave at home. Returning from a walk, his mother espied a figure in the kitchen with the housemaid. "Clarence," she called to her son, "Mary's got some one in the kitchen. She knows perfectly well that I don't allow callers. I wish you'd go and tell the man to leave the house at once." Clarence duly departed to the kitchen, but returned in about half a minute. Sorry, mother, but I can't turn him out. "Can't turn him out? Why on earth not?" "He's my sergeant!"

THE LENNOX BEVERAGE WORKS,

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Try Our Unfermented Fruit Wines.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

WE - WANT - NOW

A Reliable Agent in Lennox and Addington County to sell Pelham Peerless Fruit and Ornamental Fruit Trees during Fall and Winter months. Good pay, exclusive territory, free selling equipment.

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of the choicest Nursery Stock including some varieties controlled by us. Handsome up-to-date selling equipment and a splendid Canadian grown stock to offer customers. We are not jobbers. Write now for agency terms to PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont.

N.B.—Catalogue sent on request to applicants for agencies or purchasers of Nursery Stock.

31-4

SYMINGTON'S

Is the place to get the Following Goods :

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Ruby Chop
Barley Feed, Cracked Corn,
Feed Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa,
Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.

Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds,
and Plants.

THOS. SYMINGTON,

NAPANEE, ONT.

50-11

Manure should be used carefully in the growing of wheat and other small grains. Top dressing on winter grain is usually preferred to plowing under manure or too much trash. This makes a loose seedbed which is likely to dry out and injure the grain. A top dressing, evenly distributed and not too heavy, usually gives good results.

Manure spread on wheat late in the fall or during the winter tends to prevent soil drifting, catches snow, protects the plants from extreme changes in temperature, prevents soil heaving, conserves soil moisture, and adds some plant food. Next year when the ground is plowed, the organic matter is incorporated with the soil and improves the texture and fertility of the land for producing succeeding crops.

A tube of Rexall's Catarrh Jelly quickly relieves colds in the head, catarrh and hay fever—25c. at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

Chase's Family Remedies for sale at WALLACE'S.

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HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

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THEY far surpass lath, plaster and wall-paper in beauty, durability, ease of application, and economy.

They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

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can be used in new or re-modeled buildings of every type.

We carry full stock and can furnish sizes as ordered, with full information about use, application, etc.



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Notice

Owing to change in business I find it necessary to have all outstanding accounts paid in at once. And all future accounts must be settled at least every month.

We carry a full line of choice GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, SALT, HAY, STRAW—CORD WOOD and CUT WOOD—which will be sold at Bottom Prices.

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PASTURE FOR HOGS

(Experimental Farms Note.)

The feed situation confronting the swine grower during the coming summer is not altogether a bright one. Standard hog-feeds are not likely to be plentiful, with high prices ruling. Shorts and middlings, while fixed as to price show no likelihood of a surplus. Corn, for some months practically unobtainable and in any case too high in price to be considered, may be available, but whether in reliably constant quantities remains to be seen.

Barley will be high priced also and difficultly available in many localities. Oats under ruling and probable future prices, should be used only for the milking sow and for weaned and growing pigs. Only in small quantities should this feed enter into the fattening ration. It has been shown that with breeding stock, whether during winter or summer maintenance, cheap home grown feeds may be largely utilized as an economy and that from such feeding practice best results may be obtained in health and production. It has been, further, clearly demonstrated that home grown feeds for summer feeding may economically replace a considerable percentage of meal even at pre-war prices.

At the Experimental Farm, Brandon it was shown by experiment during the summer of 1916 that oats, barley and wheat all stood pasturing well. These were sown on May 17 and pastured from July 5th until early in August. Rape which was slightly injured by pasturing too early, supplied much needed pasture when the cereal seedlings had been eaten off. Vetches although slow of growth were readily eaten and stood pasturing well. Sweet clover, was also late in maturing and eaten only when no other feed was available.

It might be stated that beyond a comparison of these crops from the standpoint of palatability, recuperative power, and ability to withstand trampling and pasturing generally, no data was available to show the cost of production one crop against the other.

With these pasture crops a self-feeder was used to supply a supplemental grain ration. Such practice indicated that no more than where hand feeding was employed and that economical gains were made at a cost of 5 cents per pound for grain and pasture, employing feed prices then current. The method in general reduced the labour of feeding to the minimum.

At the Experimental Station, Lacombe, where swine feeding enters largely into live stock operations, rape and alfalfa have proven most desirable crops. As a result of the average of three tests, rape has shown a slight superiority over alfalfa requiring 3.8 pounds meal fed supplementally as against 3.83 pounds in the case of alfalfa. Rape carried 1736.1 pounds of pork per acre as against 1518.9 pounds with alfalfa.

The findings at Lacombe would warrant the recommendation of alfalfa for early pasture with a block of rape to supply green food for hogs when they attain considerable size. Where alfalfa may be successfully grown, the swine grower would be well advised in retaining a small block for swine feeding purposes. Failing alfalfa, clover will give almost equally good results. With neither of the legumes available, results at Lacombe indicate that a cereal pasture second only to the legumes, is to be obtained by the use of a heavy seeding (3 bushels per acre) of oats and barley, or wheat, oats and barley.

Any one of the pastures above mentioned should be followed by rape seeded early in June, preferably in drills 27 inches apart.

At Lacombe the results of the use of self-feeders versus hand-feeding on pasture, while not sufficiently verified by repeated experiment, would indicate that where hogs are fed to a finish the self-feeding method shows most economical gains. It has been proven where corn is the principal grain used, self-feeding is more economical than hand feeding. That this is also the case where mixed grains, wheat by-products and feeding con-

centrates are used, is indicated by the results at Ottawa, Lacombe, Brandon and elsewhere on the Experimental Farms System.

At the Experimental Station at Lethbridge excellent results have been obtained from alfalfa and peas, the hogs being allowed access to both crops at the same time. Here of course alfalfa is one of the most dependable crops grown, conditions being in all respects suited to its culture.

While much evidence is, therefore, at hand, to show that alfalfa possibly holds first place as a hog pasture, it must be remembered that in many sections of Canada this crop cannot be grown at all, in many others that it is unreliable in the extreme, and that even under more or less favorable soil and climatic conditions for one reason or another it cannot always be relied upon. For reliability and wide cultural possibilities and from the standpoint of palatability, producing power and resistance to pasturing, red clover should receive emphasis equal to, if not greater than, that given alfalfa.

In conclusion, high priced grain and meal for hogs must be replaced, as far as possible, during the coming summer. Pastures, as discussed, form a home grown, palatable, easily available food, that is harvested without labour. The self-feeder combines well with pasturing, and for growing and finishing hogs is peculiarly worthy of attention during present labour scarcity.

A RE-EXAMINATION COMING

OF ALL MEN WITHIN AGES OF MILITARY SERVICE ACT.

That re-examination of all men declared medically unfit under the Military Service Act will take place, has become known and arrangements are now being made to bring this about.

A short time ago the decision was made to review all of the 10,000 cases in which men have been granted exemption in this military district. This applies particularly to farmers, as it is stated that many thus were granted freedom from military service by making statements that are not substantiated by the evidence of acquaintances of the man concerned.

The Militia Department has not been satisfied with the number of men secured under the Military Service Act by the Department of Justice. It is stated that both medical examinations and looseness in granting exemptions have been responsible. It is now necessary to take up both of these and by going over them secure as many men as possible. One of the causes of the looseness in granting exemptions was the lack of information by the military representatives. This department was created to act as "prosecution for the Crown." In the vast majority of cases the representative had to sit idly by, absolutely unable to contradict the statements made by the applicants for exemption. Since then they have been busy however securing information and checking up the statements made in the applications. The method adopted generally has been to write to various leading men of the municipality and ask them to answer several questions with reference to men in their locality whom they know.

It has been estimated that a revision of all cases wherein men have been exempted will bring some 1,500 men to the colors. With a revision of the medical examinations this number will undoubtedly be increased to a slight degree at least as in the first rush care could not be taken by the doctors.

BACKYARD POULTRY PI

How Seventy-six Hours Gave Profit of \$58.29.

SUGGESTIONS FOR FARM

Spraying Material Should Be Ordered Early This Year—Keep the Fanning Mill Going—Work in Dairy, Stable and in the Orchard.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

HOW A PROFIT OF \$58.29 made from twenty-six birds which turned the trash scraps, and \$26.13 worth of feed into \$84.42 worth of eggs is scribbled in a recent circular of Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

The birds were not selected with a view to the greatest production, but rather to the securing of such a flock as any amateur might go out and purchase. The flock consisted of twenty-six birds—four which were three-year-old Black I. horn hens, six White Leghorn pullets and one Black Minorca pullet hatched in May, and the balance were crested Black and White Leghorns hatched in June. They were not moved to winter quarters until well in November, and it was December before the first egg was laid.

How the Flock Was Kept.

An old wood shed about eleven twelve feet was utilized as a poultry house. In the south side, fifteen inches from the floor a line of windows two feet wide was placed above these an opening about a foot wide was made across the entire front. In this a frame, covered with light cotton, was hinged. The frame was kept hooked up to the ceiling through the day, except in severest weather.

Hoppers of oyster shell, beef scrap and dry mash were kept constantly before the flock. The dry mash consisted of bran; middlings and meal, equal parts, one-half part ten and one-half part blood flour deep straw litter was kept on floor into which all whole grain was scattered.

In the morning, mixed grain usually cracked corn, wheat and equal parts, was given. At the same time warmed water was given. Noon the water was renewed and the kitchen waste, such as vegetable parings, was fed. Usually at this time a few handfuls of mixed grain were also scattered.

The methods followed were suitable almost any city dweller could follow. A very small place for a house or yard room are required. By using pullets in the fall and setting them when poultry is high in early summer the most will be out of the flock without interfering in any way with either your own or your neighbor's back-yard garden.

Timely Agricultural Suggestion:

Seed grain and root seeds secured from the best sources available in ample quantities for spring sowing are a most profitable investment this time of the year. It is no late to germinate seeds of various kinds of farm crops to determine their suitability for spring sowing. Poor seed sown is a seed wasted and food is too scarce to waste of it this year.



NEW SUITS

—AT—

\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds, New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada.

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Style Bracelet and Strap Watches

100% Silver, Gunmetal, Filled and Solid Gold

100% Strap Wristlet Watch is one of the best buys you can make. It is a fully guaranteed. All Watches good values.

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BOOKS! BOOKS!

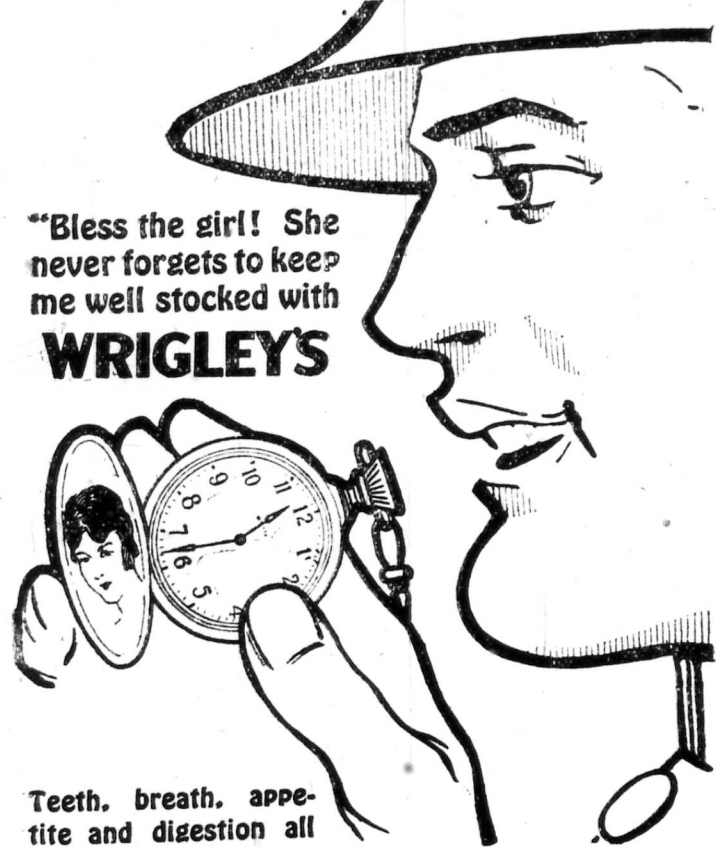
Jas. Gordon, the colporteur, has moved into his last winter's stand, in Davis & Coates' tin shop, in the Campbell House building. He will have his usual supply of Xmas and other literature. Call and see him.

52-1f

WRIGLEY'S

For Your Soldier!

"Bless the girl! She never forgets to keep me well stocked with **WRIGLEY'S**



Teeth, breath, appetite and digestion all benefit from it. Thirst and fatigue fade away. Pluck returns by its magic aid.

After every meal

MADE IN CANADA

The Flavour Lasts!



39

ask them to answer several questions with reference to men in their locality whom they know.

It has been estimated that a revision of all cases wherein men have been exempted will bring some 1,500 men to the colors. With a revision of the medical examinations this number will undoubtedly be increased to a slight degree at least as in the first rush case could not be taken by the doctors.

AUSTRALIAN SLANG.

Differs Greatly From That of Other Anglo-Saxon Countries.

The Australian language differs in many respects from the Canadian or English or South African; no reader of a Melbourne or Sydney paper, whether he live in London or Toronto or Cape Town, but will find expressions novel in the mother tongue as he knows it. And Australian slang has naturally words and phrases of its own. Some words are purely English—as "blighter," "boko" (for nose), "quod" (prison), and "twig" (to observe). A good many are American, with the flavor of the California coast, from which or through which they were imported. But some are antipodean, as any reader will find from C. J. Dennis' "Ginger Mick," a little book of slangy poems about an Australian soldier. We learn, for example, that "to toss in the alley" is to give up the ghost; that the "lead searag" is the commander; that a "tabby" is a female. To "track with a girl" is elegant Australian for wooing her. A "white-headed boy" is a favorite or pet. When an Australian wishes to express surprise, instead of saying "Behold!" or "What now!" he ejaculates "What price!" When an Australian goes to his work he goes to his "yakker." When he stops doing anything he "tawes a pull." Whereas any good American would say that an enterprise was "put on the blink," or perhaps would simply say "queered," the Australian takes from cricket the phrase that some one has "queered the pitch." Our "rush the growler" is converted into "run the rabbit." A clergyman is a "pilot cove," which any one acquainted with our own Western "sky pilot" would comprehend. "Back chat" is another phrase which can easily be studied out. Less easily comprehensible are "a fair cow," used to characterize any person, thing, place, or happening that is utterly obnoxious; and "crack a boo," meaning to tell a secret. "To do a bunk" is to depart. De Quincey and his generation could have made out "Brums," a word for tawdry finery that is obviously derived from Brummagem. Mr. Dennis' book is of note as pointing to the need for a good dictionary of Australian slang in the interests of philology. But doubtless there are scholars at the Universities of Melbourne and Victoria who are looking after that. Such phrases as "to poke mullock" for to deride, or "to sprunk" for to speak, ought not to be lost to the world.

In many instances it is a hard matter to draw the dividing line between afternoon gowns and the new kind of evening gown which the sobriety of the times demands. Indeed, it almost seems that as evening gowns grow less pretentious, afternoon dresses grow more elaborate, and the reason is easy to guess in many instances. Many women are trying to economize and make one frock do for formal afternoon affairs and for dinners and semi-formal evening occasions for which the new kind of evening gown is designed. Velvet seems to be the most popular material for the combination afternoon and evening gown.

Timely Agricultural Suggestions.

Seed grain and root seeds secured from the best sources available and ample quantities for spring seed are a most profitable investment this time of the year. It is not late to germinate seeds of various kinds of farm crops to determine their suitability for spring seed. poor seed sown is a seed waste and food is too scarce to waste it of it this year.

Plenty of exercise for the breed animals will insure stronger more profitable young.

When the work is not too pressing get the fanning mill busy to ensue a good supply of sound, plump grain free from weed seeds. oftener the seed is put through fanning mill the larger and plumper the grain will be, and the fewer weed seeds in it. Always avoid sowing sunken grain and weed seed they are about the poorest investment a man can make.

Secure an ample supply of spraying material now. Bluestone will be required for spraying potatoes, sulphate for spraying mustard, sulphur for the fruit trees and plum green or arsenate of lead for beetles and other insect pests. Be sure to secure the supply of form for treating seed grain to prevent smut and for treating potatoes to prevent scab. One pint of Form is sufficient to treat from 20 to 40 bushels of grain and the same amount will treat from 40 to 45 bushels of potatoes. Keep the Formalin well corked and do not leave it in place where it is likely to be from

Securing farm labor will be a great problem in agriculture this year. Write to the Ontario Government Public Employment Bureau Queen's Park, and also consult your agricultural representative. Put your order early with these men you may get the help you require and without cost.

The ideal temperature in the stable, combined with good air between 50 and 60 degrees Fahrenheit. It is a good plan to have a reliable thermometer hanging at a central point in the stable and the variation in the temperature from day to day. On fine days turn the cattle outside for an hour in sunshine. It may mean a little milk, but it will be paid for in improvement of the health of young stock.

The trees in the apple orchard be scraped down now, so as to make more effective the later spraying the trunk and the main branches. Egg masses of the Tussock or conspicuously white against the bark, may be removed by means of a wire brush or hook on a pole. Ontario Agricultural College No.

WILL HELP VETERANS.

Big Development Scheme for No. 1000 Ontario.

1,740 square miles of land to be cleared.

\$1,000,000 pulp and paper plant to be established, employing 100 hands.

Market created for produce raised by returned soldiers on New Ontario farms.

Estimated, \$4,500,000 or \$5,000,000 additional revenue for the Province of Ontario.

These are features of a big scheme, details of which were not

ACKYARD POULTRY PAY

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TRANSPORTATION MISMANAGEMENT

There have been considerable complaints freely voiced in the Canadian Press by Lt. John Quinney and others, respecting the treatment accorded returning soldiers on their voyage across the Atlantic. The charges made were definite and categorical and cannot be set aside as the querulous complaints of a discontented individual. The state of affairs on one particular ship appears to have been nothing short of disgraceful. The total number of persons on board was less than half the number for which accommodation was available. Three-fourths of these were of the rank and file and they were huddled down in great discomfort on the steerage deck despite the fact that many of them were suffering from the effects of wounds or recovering from illnesses. The upper decks were strictly reserved for a small contingent of officers, officers' consorts and nurses. This select and exclusive party, a goodly proportion of whom had seen no actual fighting, maintained a strictly separatist attitude to the plebeian warriors who were stifling in crowded quarters down below. They besought apparently the officers in charge to see that their luxurious and pleasant voyage was not marred by the intrusion of the vulgar rank and file, and the officers in charge carried out their wishes with stern alacrity. And thus dozens of staterooms on the upper decks stood empty while wounded men were sleeping on landings and in passages.

The result was the quarters of the rank and file became one continual indignation meeting and the men landed in a state of high discontent and disgust at the ingratitude of a country which permitted such proceedings. This unfortunately was not the only ship on which similarly callous arrangements were permitted, and Lt. Quinney has performed a public service in ventilating a disgraceful state of affairs. The Government has seen fit to constitute a Court of Inquiry into the charges under Lt.-Col. Hulme, of Vancouver, and its proceedings and findings will be awaited with great interest. Besides these complaints, the Toronto papers have been protesting against the slackness of the Militia Department in announcing the names of returning soldiers whose relatives were thereby prevented from greeting them. It was surely a piece of gross mismanagement which kept a party of returning men, voyaging back, and forward between Halifax and New York on a recent trip of the Olympic, and made them spend almost a week on the train between Halifax and Toronto. (Taken from "The Veteran," official organ of the Great War Veterans' Association of Canada, March, 1918.)

One of Feeds Ordinarily Thrown Away or Permitted to Rot in Pile Where Threshed.

One of the feeds ordinarily thrown away is straw, which is wasted or permitted to rot in the straw pile where threshed. The average straw crop from the small grain harvest, when properly taken care of, stacked and protected until fed out, will help wonderfully in the wintering of horses, cattle and sheep. Straw should be fed in racks arranged so it can be forked down to the stock fresh every day, and the left-over and rotted stuff thrown out for bedding. Feed sparingly each day, and what that is given may be put

To Place All on Equal Basis

Uniform Administration of Military Service Act sought by Questionnaire Method.

The great crisis through which the world is now passing has served to emphasize among a great many other things the axiom that responsibility is the price of liberty. Because equal privileges are enjoyed by all citizens of Canada, it is the duty of our Government to see, as far as it is able, that all are made to bear equal sacrifices. That the Dominion's War Government is not unmindful of its duty in this respect is evidenced from the care that is being taken to ensure the equitable administration of the Military Service Act. Questionnaires are about to be addressed to all exempted men so as to permit of a checking of the decisions in the case of each to the end that uniformity be established in the application of the legislation. These questionnaires must be returned promptly upon penalty of forfeiture of the exemption papers previously granted. Exempted men should notify the registrar of their district of any change of address, as non-receipt will be regarded as constituting failure to return questionnaire, properly filled in as required. The Government is

LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN

Make this beauty lotion cheaply for your face, neck, arms and hands.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whiten and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands.

determined that the Military Service Act shall be administered fairly, and in this determination they will have the active support of all followers of democratic ideals.

Kodaks and supplies on sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents in Napanee. P.S.—Developing and Printing done promptly.

Telephone Economy!



Do you practice it?

The Prompt Answer!

IF the habit of *answering promptly* when the telephone bell rings were universal, the saving of time would be enormous.

¶ Few things are more pleasing to telephone users than a prompt and courteous response to a telephone call. In business, the practice of *prompt answering* has been a money maker, for customers appreciate it.

¶ Practice *prompt answering* yourself and make it a rule in your business.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada



Timely Agricultural Suggestions.
Seed grain and root seeds secured from the best sources available and in ample quantities for spring seeding is a most profitable investment at this time of the year. It is not too late to germinate seeds of various kinds of farm crops to determine their suitability for spring seed. A poor seed sown is a seed wasted—and food is too scarce to waste any of it this year.

Plenty of exercise for the breeding animals will insure stronger and more profitable young.

When the work is not too pressing, at the fanning mill busy to ensure good supply of sound, plump seed grain free from weed seeds. The tender seed is put through the fanning mill the larger and plumper the grain will be, and the fewer the weed seeds in it. Always avoid sowing sunken grain and weed seeds—they are about the poorest investment a man can make.

Secure an ample supply of spraying material now. Bluestone will be required for spraying potatoes, iron sulphate for spraying mustard, lime sulphur for the fruit trees and paris green or arsenate of lead for potato beetles and other insect pests. Be sure to secure the supply of formalin or treating seed grain to prevent milt and for treating potatoes to prevent scab. One pint of Formalin is sufficient to treat from 20 to 30 bushels of grain and the same amount will treat from 40 to 45 bushels of potatoes. Keep the Formalin bottle well corked and do not leave it in a place where it is likely to be frozen.

Securing farm labor will be the great problem in agriculture this year. Write to the Ontario Government Public Employment Bureau, 15 Queen's Park, and also consult your agricultural representative. Put in your order early with these men and you may get the help you require—without cost.

The ideal temperature in the dairy stable, combined with good air, is between 50 and 60 degrees Fahrenheit. It is a good plan to have a reliable thermometer hanging at some central point in the stable and note the variation in the temperature from day to day. On fine days turn all the cattle outside for an hour in the sunshine. It may mean a little less milk, but it will be paid for in the improvement of the health of the young stock.

The trees in the apple orchard may be scraped down now, so as to make more effective the later spraying of the trunk and the main branches. Egg masses of the Tussock moth, conspicuously white against the dark bark, may be removed by means of wire brush or hook on a pole.—Ontario Agricultural College Notes.

WILL HELP VETERANS.

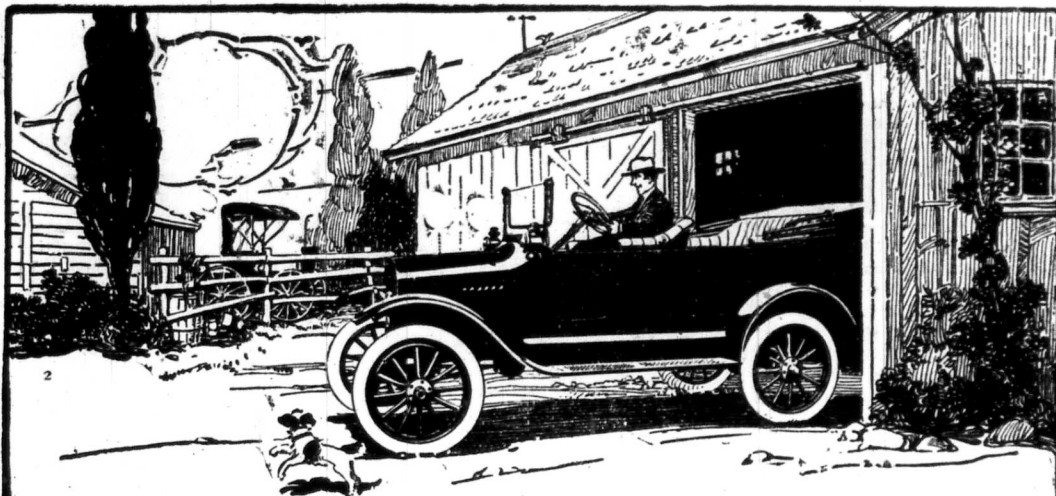
Development Scheme for Northern Ontario.
1,740 square miles of land to be cleared.
\$1,000,000 pulp and paper plant to be established, employing 200 men.
Market created for produce raised by returned soldiers on New Ontario farms.
Estimated, \$4,500,000 or \$5,000,000 additional revenue for the Province of Ontario.
These are features of a big new scheme, details of which were made

mitted to rot in the straw pile where threshed. The average straw crop from the small grain harvest, when properly taken care of, stacked and protected until fed out, will help wonderfully in the wintering of horses, cattle and sheep. Straw should be fed in racks arranged so it can be forked down to the stock fresh every day, and the left-over and soiled stuff thrown out for bedding. Feed sparingly each day, and what that is given may be put on the straw as light brine, just enough to carry a slight salty taste; this will add to the palatable quality of the feed and induce it to be freely taken up by all fodder-eating animals.

maker, for customers appreciate it.

Practice *prompt answering* yourself and make it a rule in your business.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada



Replace Your Buggy With a Ford

MORE than 100,000 Fords are owned by people in Canada in preference to the old horse-drawn buggy and other makes of cars.

Your neighbors, and farmers in every section of the Dominion are abandoning their old buggies—selling their driving horses and buying Fords.

Ford cars are utility cars. They are built to endure the strain of constant daily use over rough roads.

These are the tests every farmer gives his car. The Ford meets them in a satisfactory manner. It is the farmer's car, so why not replace your horse and buggy with a Ford?

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

Touring	- -	\$595
Runabout	- -	\$575
Coupe	- -	\$770
Sedan	- -	\$970
Chassis	- -	\$535
One-ton Truck	- -	\$750

W. J. Normile, Dealer, Napanee
G. H. Richardson, Dealer, Tamworth



Seventeen

*A Tale of Youth
and Summer
Time and The
Baxter Family
Especially
William*

By BOOTH
TARKINGTON

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CHAPTER X.

Speaking of Early Marriages.

"REMEMBER pretty much everything," William said to the aged negro, as if in modest explanation of the performance which had excited the aged man's admiration. "I can remember things that happened when I was four years old." William coughed with a certain importance. "Do you remember," he asked, "when you were married? How did you feel about it? Were you kind of nervous, or anything like that, beforehand?"

Mr. Genesis again passed a wavering hand across his troubled brow.

"I mean," said William, observing his perplexity, "were you sort of shaky—fr instance, as if you were taking an important step in life?"

"Lemme see." The old man pondered for a moment. "I felt mighty shaky once, I ricklect—dat time yalla m'lata man shootin' at me f'um behime a snake fence."

"Shootin' at you!" Jane cried, stirred from her accustomed placidity. "Mr. Genesis! What did he do that for?"

"Nuff'm," replied Mr. Genesis, with feeling; "nuff'm in de wide worl! He shoun' to shoot somebody an' pick on me 'cause I 'uz de handies'."

He closed his knife, gave the little boat a final scrape with the broken glass and then a soothing rub with the palm of his hand. "Dah, honey," he said, and simultaneously factory whistles began to blow, "dah yo' li't steamboat good as I kin git her widout no boiler ner no smokestack. I reckon yo' pappy'll buy 'em fer you."

Jane was grateful. "It's a beautiful boat, Mr. Genesis. I do thank you!"

Genesis, the son, laid aside his tools and approached. "Pappy finish whit-tin' spang on 'em noon whistles," he chuckled. "Come 'long, pappy. I bet you walk fas' nuff goin' todes din-nuh. I hear fry cakes ploppin' in skillet!"

William and Jane watched the brisk departure of the antique with sincere esteem and liking.

"He must have been sixteen," said William musingly.

"When?" Jane asked.

William, in deep thought, was still looking after Mr. Genesis. He was almost unconscious that he had spoken aloud, and he replied automatically:

"When he was married."

Then, with a start, he realized into how great a condescension he had been betrayed and hastily added, with protesting tones, "You don't

ber on the porch, was a happy sailor as she waded knee deep along the brimming curbstones. At the corner below the house of the Baxters the street was flooded clear across, and Jane's boat, following the current, proceeded gallantly onward here, sailed down the next block and was thoughtlessly entering a sewer when she snatched it out of the water. Looking about her, she perceived a gutter which seemed even lovelier than the one she had followed. It was deeper and broader and perhaps a little browner, wherefore she launched her ship upon its dimpled bosom and explored it as far as the next sewer hole or portage. Thus the voyage continued for several blocks with only one accident, which might have happened to anybody. It was an accident in the nature of a fall caused by the sliding of Jane's left foot on some slippery mud. This treacherous substance, covered with water, could not have been anticipated. Consequently Jane's emotions were those of indignation rather than of culpability.

Jane resumed her navigating. Thus absorbed she failed at first to notice the approach of two young people along the sidewalk. They were the entranced William and Miss Pratt, and their appearance offered a suggestive contrast in relative humidity. In charming and tender colored fabrics fluffy and cool and summery, she was specklessly dry. Not a drop had touched even the little pink parasol over shoulder, not one had fallen upon the tiny white doglet drowsing upon her arm.

But William was wet. He was still more than merely damp, though they had evidently walked some distance since the rain had ceased to fall. His new hat was a mucilaginous ruin, his dark coat sagged, his shapeless trousers flopped heavily, and his shoes gave forth marshy sounds as he walked. But he carried a walking stick proudly.

If Jane had not recognized the modeling of his features she might not have known them to be William's, for they had altered their grouping to produce an expression with which she was totally unfamiliar. To be explicit, she was unfamiliar with this expression in that place—that is to say, upon William—though she had seen something like it upon other people once or twice in church.

William's thoughts might have seemed to her as queer as his expression could she have known them. They were not very definite, however, taking the form of sweet, vague pictures

Pratt meant "our little sister."

"Go home!" said William.

"No'ty, no'ty!" said Miss Pratt, shaking her head. "Me 'fraid oo's a no'ty, no'ty ickle dirr! All datte!"

Jane advanced. "I wish you'd let me carry Flopit for you," she said.

Giving forth another gentle scream, Miss Pratt hopped prettily backward from Jane's extended hands. "Oo-oo!" she cried chidingly. "Mustn't touch! P'eshus Flopit all soap-water-wash clean. Ickle dirly all muddy, nansy! Ickle dirly must doe home, det all soap-water-wash clean like nice ickle sissa. Evabody will love 'oor ickle sissa den," she concluded, turning to William. "Tell 'oor ickle sissa mus' doe home det soap-water wash."

Jane stared at Miss Pratt with fixed solemnity during the delivery of these admonitions, and it was to be seen that they made an impression upon her. Her mouth slowly opened, but she spake not. An extraordinary idea had just begun to make itself at home in her mind. It was an idea which had been hovering in the neighborhood of that domain ever since William's comments upon the conversation of



"I used to think that, too, when I was younger."

Mr. Genesis in the morning. Meanwhile William and Miss Pratt went on, leaving Jane to her own diversion.

The pale end of sunset was framed in the dining room windows, and Mr. and Mrs. Baxter and the rehabilitated Jane were at the table when William made his belated return from the afternoon's excursion. Seating himself, he waived his mother's references to the rain, his clothes and probable colds, and after one laden glance at Jane he fell into a state of trance.

"Everybody in town seemed to be on the streets this evening as I walked home," Mr. Baxter remarked, addressing his wife. "I suppose there's something in the clean air after a rain that brings 'em out. I noticed one thing, though. Maybe it's the way they dress nowadays, but you certainly don't see as many pretty girls on the streets as there used to be."

William looked up absently. "I used to think that too," he said, with dreamy condescension, "when I was younger."

Mr. Baxter stared.

"Well, I'll be darned!" he said.

"When you were younger!" Mr. Baxter repeated, with considerable irritation. "How old do you think you are?"

"I'm going on eighteen," said William firmly. "I know plenty of cases—cases where"—He paused, relapsing into lethargy.

"What's the matter with him?" Mr. Baxter inquired heatedly of his wife.

WEEPING ECZEMA SOON RELIEVED

A Perfect Treatment For This Distressing Complaint

WASING, ONT.

"I had an attack of Weeping Eczema; so bad that my clothes would be wet through at times."

For four months, I suffered terribly. I could get no relief until I tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and 'Sootha Salva'! The first treatment gave me relief.

Altogether, I have used three boxes of 'Sootha Salva' and two of 'Fruit-a-tives', and am entirely well!"

G. W. HALL.

Both these sterling remedies are sold by dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

"Fruit-a-tives" is also put up in trial size which sells for 25c.

were eleven people married that we only seventeen, an' this boy in love got a full beard an' got married to An' he said Mr. Genesis was only a teen when he was married. He talk all about gettin' married when you seventeen years old, an' he said he people thought it was the best thing could happen. So I just know he's most married."

"You haven't any other reason, ha you, Jane?" the mother asked.

"Yes'm," said Jane promptly. "It's a more reason than any! Mr. Pratt calls you 'mamma' as if y were her mamma. She does it wh she talks to Willie."

"Jane!"

"Yes'm; I heard her. An' Willie sa 'I don't know what you'll think abt mother.' He said, 'I don't know wi you'll think about mother,' to M Pratt."

Mrs. Baxter looked a little startled and her husband frowned.

"Yes," went on Jane, "an' when th were walkin' they stopped an' talk to me, an' Miss Pratt said, 'It's a little sister.'"

"Did she really?" Mrs. Baxter asked gravely.

"Why, you can ask Willie! She s it that funny way. 'Our 'little siss that's what she said. An' Miss P said, 'Ev'rybody would love our li sister if mamma washed her in so an' water.' You can ask Willie."

"Hush, dear," said Mrs. Baxter. "this doesn't mean anything at all, es cially such nonsense as Willie's thi ing of being married. It's your b time."

"Well, but, mamma"—

"Come along, Jane!"

"He certainly seems in a qu state," said Mr. Baxter when his w returned.

At this his wife's tone became s ous. "Do you think he would do crazy a thing as that?"

Mr. Baxter laughed. "Well, I do know what he'd do it on. I don't s pose he has more than a dollar in possession."

"Yes, he has," she returned quic "Day before yesterday there was secondhand furniture man here, an was too busy to see him, but I wan the storeroom in the cellar cleared

esteem and liking.

"He must have been sixteen," said William musingly.

"When?" Jane asked.

William, in deep thought, was still looking after Mr. Genesis. He was almost unconscious that he had spoken aloud, and he replied automatically:

"When he was married."

Then, with a start, he realized into how great a condescension he had been betrayed and hastily added, with pronounced hauteur: "Things you don't understand. You run in the house."

Later Jane was in the front hall, and she jumped for joy, pointing to the open door. "Look! Looky there!" she called to her brother. Richly ornamented, he was descending the front stairs, his embellishments including freshly pressed white trousers, a new straw hat, unusual shoes and a blasphemous tie. "I'm goin' to get to sail my boat!" Jane shouted. "It's goin' to rain!"

"It is not," said William, irritated. "It's not going to anything like rain. I s'pose you think it ought to rain just to let you sail that chunk of wood."

"It's goin' to rain! It's goin' to rain!" Jane made a little singsong chant of it. "It's goin' to rain—it gives Willie a pain—it's goin' to rain—it gives Willie a pain—it's goin' to"—

He interrupted her sternly. "Look here! You're old enough to know better. I s'pose you think there isn't anything as important in the world as your getting the chance to sail that little boat! I s'pose you think business and everything else has got to stop and get ruined, maybe, just to please you!" As he spoke he walked to an umbrella stand in the hall and deliberately took therefrom a bamboo walking stick of his father's. Jane's eyes became strange and unbearable. She uttered a shriek:

"Willie's goin' to carry a cane!"

He went down the street trying to swing the cane in an accustomed and unembarrassed manner.

Jane made this difficult.

"Willie's got a cane!" she screamed. "He's got papa's cane!" Then, resuming her little chant, she began to sing: "It's goin' to rain—Willie's got papa's cane—it's goin' to rain—Willie's got papa's cane!" She put all of her voice into a final effort. "Miss Pratt'll get wet if you don't take an umbrella!"

The attention of several chance pedestrians had been attracted, and the burning William, breaking into an agonized half trot, disappeared round the corner. Then Jane retired within the house, feeling that she had done her duty. It would be his own fault if he got wet.

Rain was coming. Rain was in the feel of the air and in Jane's hope.

She was not disappointed. Mr. Genesis, so secure of fair weather in the morning, was proved by the afternoon to be a bad prophet. The fat cloud was succeeded by others, fatter. A corpulent army assailed the vault of heaven, heavy outriders before a giant of evil complexion and devastating temper. The rain came with a swish, then with a rattle and then with a roar, while people listened at their garret doorways and marveled. Window panes turned to running water—it poured.

Then it relented, and out came the children. Shouting, they ran to the flooded gutters. Here were rivers, lakes and oceans for navigation. Jane's timely boat was one of the first to reach the water.

Her mother had been kind, and Jane, with shoes and stockings left behind

they had altered their grouping to produce an expression with which she was totally unfamiliar. To be explicit, she was unfamiliar with this expression in that place—that is to say, upon William—though she had seen something like it upon other people once or twice in church.

William's thought might have seemed to her as queer as his expression could she have known them. They were not very definite, however, taking the form of sweet, vague pictures of the future. These pictures were of married life—that is, married life as William conceived it for himself and Miss Pratt—something strikingly different from that he had observed as led by his mother and father or their friends, and relatives. In his rapid mind he beheld Miss Pratt walking beside him "through life," with her parasol and her little dog, her exquisite face always lifted playfully toward his own, with admiration underneath the playfulness, and he heard her voice of silver always rippling baby talk throughout all the years to come. He saw her applauding his triumphs—

"Will-ee!"

The aviator struck a hole in the air; his heart misgave him. Then he came to earth—a sickening drop, and instantaneous.

"Will-ee!"

There was Jane, a figurine in a plastic state and altogether disgraceful. She came up out of the waters and



There Was Jane, a Figurine in a Plastic State.

stood before them with feet of clay, indeed, pedestaled upon the curbstone.

"Who is that curious child?" said Miss Pratt, stopping.

William shuddered.

"Was she calling you?" Miss Pratt asked incredulously.

"Willie, I told you you better take an umbrella!" said Jane, "instead of papa's cane." And she added triumphantly, "Now you see!"

"You go home!" he commanded hoarsely.

Miss Pratt uttered a little scream of surprise and recognition. "It's your little sister!" she exclaimed, and then, reverting to her favorite playfulness of enunciation, "'Oor ickle sissal!" she added gayly, as a translation. Jane misunderstood it. She thought Miss

Pratt had been condescending, "when I was younger."

Mr. Baxter stared.

"Well, I'll be darned!" he said.

"When you were younger?" Mr. Baxter repeated, with considerable irritation. "How old do you think you are?"

"I'm going on eighteen," said William firmly. "I know plenty of cases—cases where"—He paused, relapsing into lethargy.

"What's the matter with him?" Mr. Baxter inquired heatedly of his wife.

William again came to life. "I was saying that a person's age is different according to circumstances," he explained. "You take Genesis' father. Well, he was married when he was sixteen. Then there was a case over in Iowa that lots of people know about and nobody thinks anything of. A young man over there in Iowa that's seventeen years old began shaving when he was thirteen and shaved every day for four years, and now"—

He was interrupted by his father. "And now, I suppose, he's got whiskers!" he burst forth. "There's an ambition for you! My soul!"

CHAPTER XI.

Jane's Theory.

IT was Jane who took up the tale. She had been listening with growing excitement, her eyes fixed piercingly upon William. "He's got a beard!" she cried, alluding not to her brother, but to the fabled Iowan. "I heard Willie tell ole Mr. Genesis about it."

"It seems to lie heavily on your mind," Mr. Baxter said to William. "I suppose you feel that in the face of such an example your life between the ages of thirteen and seventeen has been virtually thrown away."

William had again relapsed, but he roused himself feebly. "Sir?" he said.

"What is the matter with him?" Mr. Baxter demanded. "Half the time lately he seems to be hibernating and only responds by a slight twitching when poked with a stick. The other half of the time he either behaves like I don't know what or talks about children growing whiskers in Iowa. Hasn't that girl left town yet?"

William left the table. Mrs. Baxter looked distressed. As for Mr. Baxter, he felt a little remorse undoubtedly, but he was also puzzled. He referred to his mystification a little later as he sat with his evening paper in the library.

"I don't know what I said to that tetchy boy to hurt him," he began in an apologetic tone. "I don't see that that there was anything too rough for him to stand in a little sarcasm."

"I think he's married," said Jane.

"What!" And her parents united their hilarity.

"I do think he's married," Jane insisted, unmoved. "I think he's married with that Miss Pratt."

"Well," said her father, "he does seem upset, and it may be that her visit and the idea of whiskers, coming so close together, is more than mere coincidence, but I hardly think Willie is married, Jane."

"Well, then," she returned thoughtfully, "he's almost married. I know that much, anyway."

"What makes you think so?"

"Well, because. I kind of thought he must be married, or anyways some'n, when he talked to Mr. Genesis this mornin'." He said he knew how some people got married in Pennsylvania an' India, an' he said they were only seven or eight years old. He said so an' I heard him. An' he said there

returned.

At this his wife's tone became serious. "Do you think he would do a crazy a thing as that?"

Mr. Baxter laughed. "Well, I don't know what he'd do it on. I don't suppose he has more than a dollar in his possession."

"Yes, he has," she returned quickly. "Day before yesterday there was secondhand furniture man here, and was too busy to see him, but I want the storeroom in the cellar cleared out and I told Willie he could have whatever the man would pay him for the junk in there if he'd watch to see that he didn't take anything. They found some old pieces that I'd forgotten underneath things, and altogether the man paid Willie \$9.85."

"But, mercy me," exclaimed Mr. Baxter, "the girl may be an idiot, but she wouldn't run away and marry a boy just barely seventeen on \$9.85!"

"Oh, no!" said Mrs. Baxter. "At least I don't think so. Of course girls do as crazy things as boys sometimes in their way. I was thinking"—She paused. "Of course there couldn't be anything in it, but it did seem a little strange."

"What did?"

"Why, just before I came downstairs Adelia came for the laundry, and she asked her if she'd seen Willie, and she said he'd put on his dark suit after dinner, and he went out through the kitchen, carrying his suit case."

"He did?"

"Of course," Mrs. Baxter went slowly, "I couldn't believe he'd do such a thing, but he really is in a preposterous way over this little Miss Pratt and he did have that money."

"By George!" Mr. Baxter got up on his feet. "The way he talked at dinner, I could come pretty near believing he hasn't any more brains left than to get married on \$9.85! I wouldn't put it past him! By George, wouldn't!"

"Do you think we'd better go down to the Parchers? We'd just say came to call, of course, and if"—

"Get your hat on," he said. "I do think there's anything in it at all, but we'd just as well drop down there. Can't hurt anything."

"Of course I don't think"—she began.

"Neither do I," he interrupted irascibly. "But with a boy of his age crazy enough to think he's in love how we know what'll happen? We're on his parents. Get your hat on."

But when the uneasy couple found themselves before the house of the Parchers they paused in the darkness and presently decided that it was necessary to go in. From the porch came the laughter of several young voices, and then one silvery voice which pretended to be that of a child.

"Oh, s'ame! S'ame on oo, big Brava Josie-Joe! Mus' be polite to John Jump-up, or tant play wiv May s' Lola!"

"That's Miss Pratt," whispered Mr. Baxter. "She's talking to John Watson and Joe Bullitt and N. Parcher. Let's go home. It's all right. Of course I knew it would be."

"Why, certainly," said Mr. Baxter they turned. "Even if Willie were crazy as that, the little girl would be more sense. I wouldn't have thought anything of it if you hadn't told

SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and
the throat and lungs.

WEeping ECZEMA SOON RELIEVED

Perfect Treatment For This Distressing Complaint

WASING, ONT.
"I had an attack of Weeping Eczema; so bad that my clothes would be wet through at times.

For four months, I suffered terribly. I could get no relief until I tried Fruit-a-tives and 'Sootha Salva'. The first treatment gave me relief.

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"You haven't any other reason, have u, Jane?" the mother asked.

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"Yes'm; I heard her. An' Willie said, don't know what you'll think about other.' He said, 'I don't know what u'll think about mother,' to Miss ratt."

Mrs. Baxter looked a little startled, id her husband frowned.

"Yes," went on Jane. "an' when they ere walkin' they stopped an' talked me, an' Miss Pratt said, 'It's our le sister.'"

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"Hush, dear," said Mrs. Baxter. "All his doesn't mean anything at all, espeally such nonsense as Willie's thinkg of being married. It's your bedme."

"Well, but, mamma"—

"Come along, Jane!"

"He certainly seems in a queer ate," said Mr. Baxter when his wife turned.

At this his wife's tone became seriuns. "Do you think he would do as razy a thing as that?"

Mr. Baxter laughed. "Well, I don't now what he'd do it en. I don't suppose he has more than a dollar in his ossession."

"Yes, he has," she returned quickly. Day before yesterday there was a econdhand furniture man here, and I as too busy to see him, but I wanted

about the suit case. That looked sort of queer."

And when they came to their own house again there was William sitting alone and silent upon the steps of the porch.

"I thought you'd gone out, Willie," said his mother as they paused beside him.

"Ma'am?"

"Adelia said you went out, carrying your suit case."

"Oh, yes," he said languidly. "If you leave clothes at Schwartz's in the evening they have 'em pressed in the morning. You said I looked damp at dinner, so I took 'em over and left 'em there."

"I see." Mrs. Baxter followed her husband to the door, but she stopped on the threshold and called back: "Don't sit there too long, Willie. The

dew is falling, and it rained so hard today, I'm afraid it might be damp."

"Ma'am?"

"Come on," Mr. Baxter said to his wife. "He's down on the Parcher's porch, not out in front here. Of course he can't hear you. It's three blocks and a half."

But William's father was mistaken. Little he knew. William was not upon the porch of the Parchers, with May Parcher and Joe Bullitt and Johnnie Watson to interfere. He was far from there, in a land where time was not. Upon a planet floating in pink mist, and uninhabited, unless old Mr. Genesis and some Hindu princes and the diligent Iowan may have established themselves in its remoter regions—William was alone with Miss Pratt in their own home. And after a time they went together and looked into the door of a room where an indefinite number of little boys, all over three years of age, were playing in the firelight upon a white bear rug. For in the roseate gossamer that boys' dreams are made of William had indeed entered the married state.

His condition was growing worse every day.

It was the morning of the great day when a trolley ride and picnic were to be given in honor of Miss Pratt. Willie had a spirited argument with his mother on the time honored subject of taking an overcoat and finally submitted to her arguments.

She hung the garment upon his arm, kissed him, and he departed in a desperate manner.

However, having worn his tragic face for three blocks, he halted before a corner drug store and permitted his expression to improve as he gazed upon the display of "My Little Sweetheart All Tobacco Cuban Cigarettes, the Package of Twenty For 10 Cents." William was not a smoker—that is to say, he had made the usual boyhood experiments, finding them discouraging—and, though at times he considered it humorously man about town to say to a smoking friend, "Well, I'll tackle one o' your ole coffin nails," he had never made a purchase of tobacco in his life. But it struck him now that it would be rather debonair to disport himself with a package of Little Sweethearts upon the excursion. And the name! It thrilled him inexpressibly, bringing a tenderness into his eyes and a glow into his bosom.

He entered and managed to make his purchase in a matter of fact way, as if he were doing something quite unemotional; then he said to the clerk:

"Oh, by the bye—ah, there's something I wanted to 'tend to. now I hap-

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

well come." He laughed loudly. "Yes, sir," he added, "cause I'm pretty apt to be on hand if there's anything loin'!"

"Well, that's right," said William, and while they all laughed again Mr. Crooper struck his cousin a jovial blow upon the back.

"Hi, ole sport," he cried, "I want to meet that Miss Pratt before we start! The car'll be along pretty soon, and I got her picked for the girl I'm goin' to sit by."

The laughter of William and Joe Bullitt, designed to express cordiality, suddenly became flaccid and died. The careless loudness—almost the notoriety—with which he had uttered Miss Pratt's name, demanding loosely to be presented to her, regardless of the well known law that a lady must first express some wish in such matters—these were indications of a coarse nature sure to be more than uncongenial to Miss Pratt. Both William and Joe Bullitt began to wonder why on earth Johnnie Watson didn't have any more sense than to invite such a big, fat lummock of a cousin to the party.

This severe phrase of theirs, almost simultaneous in the two minds, was not wholly a failure as a thumbnail sketch of Mr. George Crooper. And yet there was the impressiveness of size about him, especially about his



"Flopit look so 'tittle on dray, big, 'ner more man's loin'!"

Mr. Baxter when Miss Pratt was
wed.

This his wife's tone became seri-
"Do you think he would do as
y a thing as that?"

Baxter laughed. "Well, I don't
v what he'd do it on. I don't sup-
he has more than a dollar in his
ession."

es, he has," she returned quickly.
y before yesterday there was a
ndhand furniture man here, and I
too busy to see him, but I wanted
storeroom in the cellar cleared out.
I told Willie he could have what-
the man would pay him for the
in there if he'd watch to see that
didn't take anything. They found
old pieces that I'd forgotten un-
eath things, and altogether the
paid Willie \$9.85."

ut, mercy me," exclaimed Mr. Bax-
"the girl may be an idiot, but she
didn't run away and marry a boy
barely seventeen on \$9.85!"
h, no!" said Mrs. Baxter. "At
I don't think so. Of course girls
s crazy things as boys sometimes-
eir way. I was thinking"—She
ed. "Of course there couldn't be
hing in it, but it did seem a little
ge."

hat did?"
hy, just before I came downstairs
a came for the laundry, and I
d her if she'd seen Willie, and she
he'd put on his dark suit after
er, and he went out through the
en, carrying his suit case."

e did?"
f course," Mrs. Baxter went on
ly, "I couldn't believe he'd do such
ing, but he really is in a prepos-
is way over this little Miss Pratt.
he did have that money."

y George!" Mr. Baxter got upon
feet. "The way he talked at din-
I could come pretty near believing
asn't any more brains left than
et married on \$9.85! I wouldn't
it past him! By George. I
dn't!"

o you think we'd better go down
e Parchers'? We'd just say we
e to call, of course, and if"—
et your hat on," he said. "I don't
e there's anything in it at all, but
just as well drop down there. It
hurt anything."

f course I don't think"—she be-

either do I," he interrupted irasci-
"But with a boy of his age crazy
gh to think he's in love how do
now what'll happen? We're only
arents. Get your hat on."

t when the uneasy couple found
selves before the house of the
hers they paused in the darkness
presently decided that it was not
ssary to go in. From the porch
e the laughter of several young
es, and then one silvery voice.
h pretended to be that of a tiny

b, s'ame! S'ame on oo, big Bruv-
osie-Joe! Mus' be polite to Johnny
p-up, or tant play wiv May and
"

hat's Miss Pratt," whispered Mrs.
er. "She's talking to Johnnie
son and Joe Bullitt and May
ber. Let's go home. It's all right.
ourse I knew it would be."

hy, certainly," said Mr. Baxter as
turned. "Even if Willie were as
y as that, the little girl would have
sense. I wouldn't have thought
hing of it if you hadn't told me

in his life. But it struck him now
that it would be rather debonair to dis-
port himself with a package of Little
Sweethearts upon the excursion. And
the name! It thrilled him inexpressi-
bly, bringing a tenderness into his eyes
and a glow into his bosom.

He entered and managed to make his
purchase in a matter of fact way, as
if he were doing something quite un-
emotional; then he said to the clerk:

"Oh, by the bye—ah, there's some-
thing I wanted to 'tend to, now I hap-
pen to be here. I was on my way to
take this overcoat to—to get something
altered at the tailor's for next winter.
'Course I wouldn't want it till winter,
'I thought I might as well get it
done.'" He paused, laughing careles-
sly, for greater plausibility. "I thought
he'd prob'ly want lots of time on the
job—he's a slow worker, I've noticed—
and so I decided I might as well go
ahead and let him get at it. Well, so
I was on my way there, but I just no-
ticed I only got about six minutes more
to get to a mighty important engage-
ment I got this morning, and I'd like
to leave it here and come by and get
it on my way home this evening."

"Sure," said the clerk. "Hang it on
that hook inside the p'scription coun-
ter. There's one there already. B'longs
to your friend, that young Bullitt fella.
He was in here awhile ago and said
e wanted to leave his because he
didn't have time to take it to be press-
ed in time for next winter. Then he
went on and joined that crowd in Mr.
Parcher's yard, around the corner,
that's goin' on a 'rolley party. I says,
'I betcher mother mabe carry it,' and
he says: 'Oh, no! Oh, no!' he says.
'Homest, I was goin' to get it pressed!'
You can hang yours on the same nail."

It was with a lighter heart that he
left his overcoat behind him and
stepped out of the drug store. That
brought him within sight of the young
people, about thirty in number, gather-
ed upon the small lawn beside Mr.
Parcher's house. Miss Pratt stood
among them in heliotrope and white,
Flopit nestling in her arms.

She saw him. The small blond head
and the delirious little fluffy hat above
it shimmered a nod to him. Then his
mouth fell unconsciously open, and his
eyes grew glassy with the intensity of
meaning he put into the silent response
he sent across the picket fence and
through the interstices of the inter-
vening group.

CHAPTER XII.

The Big, Fat Lummo.

MR. JOHNNIE WATSON and
Mr. Joe Bullitt met him at
the gate and offered him
heartly greeting. All bicker-
ing and dissension among these three
had passed. The lady was so won-
derous impartial that as time went on
the sufferers had come to be drawn
together rather than thrust asunder
by their common feeling.

Johnnie Watson had with him today
a visitor of his own, a vastly over-
grown person of eighteen, who at John-
nie's beckoning abandoned a fair com-
panion of the moment and came for-
ward as William entered the gate.

"I want to intradooce you to two of
my most int'mut friends, George," said
Johnnie, with anxious gravity. "Mr.
Baxter and Mr. Bullitt let me intro-
dooce my cousin, Mr. Crooper. Mr.
Crooper, this is my friend, Mr. Baxter
and my friend, Mr. Bullitt."

The gentlemen shook hands solemnly.
Mr. Crooper became more informal.
Johnnie wrote me to come over for
this shindig, so I thought I might as

sure to be more than uncongenial to
Miss Pratt. Both William and Joe
Bullitt began to wonder why on earth
Johnnie Watson didn't have any more
sense than to invite such a big, fat
lummo of a cousin to the party.

This severe phrase of theirs, almost
simultaneous in the two minds, was
not wholly a failure as a thumbnail
sketch of Mr. George Crooper. And
yet there was the impressiveness of
size about him, especially about his
legs and chin.

At seventeen and eighteen growth is
still going on, sometimes in a sporadic
way, several parts seeming to have
sprouted faster than others. Voices,
too, often seem misplaced. One hears
outside the door the bass rumble of a
sinister giant, and a mild boy, thin as
a cricket, walks in. The contrary was
George Crooper's case. His voice was
an unexpected piping tenor, half fal-
setto and frequently girlish, as sur-
prising as the absurd voice of an ele-
phant.

His chin had so distanced his other
features that his eyes, nose and brow
seemed almost babylike in comparison,
while his mountainous legs were the
great part of the rest of him. He was
one of those huge, bottle shaped boys
who are always in motion in spite of
their cumbersomeness.

"When do I get to meet that cutie?"
he insisted to Johnnie. "You intradoo-
ced me to about seven I can't do
much for, but I want to get the howdy

business over with this Miss Pratt, so
I and she can get things started. I'm
goin' to keep her busy all day."

"Well, don't be in such a hurry,"
said Johnnie uneasily. "You can meet
her when we get out in the country,
if I get a chance, George."

"No, sir!" George protested jovially.
"I guess you're sad birds over in this
town, but look out! When I hit a town
it don't take long till they all hear
there's something doin'! You know
how I am when I get started, John-
nie!" Here he turned upon William,
tucking his fat arm affectionately
through William's thin one. "Hi, sport!
Ole Johnnie's so slow, you tiddle me
over and get me fixed up with this
Miss Pratt, and I'll tell her you're the
real stuff—after we get engaged!"

He was evidently a true cloud com-
peller, this horrible George.

"Car's coming!" sounded. The young
people poured out through the gate
and, as the car stopped, scrambled
aboard. William struggled anxiously
to push through to Miss Pratt and
climb up beside her, but Mr. George



"Flopit look so 'tittle on dray, big, 'new-
mous man's lap."

Crooper made his way into the crowd
in a beaming though bull-like manner,
and a fat back in a purple and white
"blazer" flattened William's nose, while
ponderous heels damaged William's
toes. He was shoved back and just
managed to clamber upon the foot-
board as the car started.

The friendly hand of Joe Bullitt
pulled him to a seat, and William found
himself rubbing his nose and sitting
between Joe and Johnnie Watson, di-
rectly behind the dashing Crooper and
Miss Pratt. Mr. Crooper had already
taken Flopit upon his lap.

(To be Continued.)

Sugar Beets in England.

For several years Great Britain
has experimented with the sugar
beet, but now, facing a sugar short-
age and with the need of making the
country less dependent upon for-
eign supply, the Government is tak-
ing an official concern in the possi-
bilities of this industry. Accord-
ingly, the Government has made a loan
towards the creation of a sugar beet
factory near Newark, capable of deal-
ing with a large daily tonnage. The
British Sugar Beet Growers' Society
has purchased land, and it is hoped
that this area, with additional land
in the vicinity cultivated by separate
farmers, will produce eighty thou-
sand and tons of beets a year, which
should yield eleven thousand tons of
sugar.—Emporia Gazette.

Athlete Killed in France.

Eddie Roberts, a well-known Ot-
tawa lacrosse and hockey player, was
killed in the fighting in France a
few weeks ago. Roberts went over-
seas with the 207th, and was trans-
ferred to a machine gun squad. He
was a brother to Dr. Gordon Roberts
and Dr. Laurie Roberts, Montreal,
Ottawa, and McGill athletes.

Shiloh 25¢
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds.
Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

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Lumber, Lath, Shingles,
Cedar Posts, Wall Board.

INTERIOR FINISH
FOR BUILDINGS.

Our machinery is strictly up-to-date and you
can depend on our workmanship.

Let us figure on your plans and specifications.

ROBERT LIGHT, Richard Street.
Telephone 53. Napanee, Ont.

SHILOH
y stops coughs, cures colds, and heals
throat and lungs. 25 cents.

IF IT'S AN

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About this Canadian Product

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West**SOME POULTRY DISEASES**

When the crop is hard and unyielding there is danger of the bird becoming crop bound.

When the joints are hot and swollen and the fowl is disinclined to stand, rheumatism has taken hold.

When the nostrils are clogged with dirt and the eyes water, ward off a possible case of croup by timely treatment. If the case is bad apply the hatchet and bury the carcass.

When the bird seems lame and has a small swelling in its foot, remove to a house with no perches and oblige it to roost on a bed of straw. Bumble-foot is easily cured in the early stages if the cause is at once removed.

When a hen seems to drown down behind and goes repeatedly to the nest without laying, she is usually suffering from a disorder of the oviduct, and might as well be killed and eaten.

When the hen seems giddy and turns round and round, she is probably suffering from apoplexy.

When the bird has leg weakness, with no disorder of the liver, feed lighter and give plenty of bone-forming material.

MAKE BARN MORE SANITARY

Formula Suggested for Whitewash
Be Applied Inside—Adds to Attractiveness.

An application of whitewash make stables and farm buildings more sanitary and attractive. For its application the following formula suggested: Slake with boiling water a half-bushel of stone lime. Cover while slaking and strain. Add peck of salt dissolved and three pounds of ground rice, boiled and thickened. To this add 50 quarts water and allow to stand for three days. The mixture may then be applied with a brush.

CUTS COST OF MAINTENANCE

Breeding Animals in Good Thriving Condition Insures Reasonable Level and Production.

A good thrifty condition in breeding animals keeps the cost of maintenance at a reasonable level and insures maximum production. Such condition may be had by judicious use of rough and pastures. Clover or alfalfa fall-sown rye or blue grass pasture that has not been grazed closely cut the grain requirement of brood sows in winter. Corn silage and cottonseed meal will maintain breeding cattle in winter.

NOTES OF DRESS

A great deal of black velvet is being worn. Dresses of the after type of black velvet are replacing evening dresses at many social and social affairs.

A bridal veil and gown worn by recent bride was trimmed with less ermine and the effect was charming.

Effective neckpieces and turban burnt feathers pressed flat are a novelty that is beginning to be noted and there.

Small dainty turnover collars white organdie edged with tatting worn on velvet dresses and are decidedly pretty and effective.

Walking ties of beige suede, black military heel and toe, are shown and worn.

IMPORTANT TO GIVE VARIETY

Duplicate Spring Conditions as Near as Possible to Obtain Eggs in Winter Season.

Everybody gets eggs in the spring. Why? Because spring is the natural laying season. If we want eggs at other times of the year we must "fool" the hen by duplicating spring conditions as nearly as possible.

Variety is important in the winter ration. A hen craves and seeks different kinds of food. In the spring and summer when she ranges on the farm she gets a variety, but in the winter, when there is no grass or clo-



Good Farm Flock.

ver, no bugs or worms, when the water is frozen over, when the snow is on the ground so that she cannot pick up a bit of gravel and sand, these things must be furnished in her feed.

A hen is different from most animals. She will balance her own ration

**A Challenge**

Mr. Edison is admitted to be the world's greatest inventor.

He says that The New Edison is his favorite invention; which means his greatest invention.

**The
NEW EDISON**

"The Phonograph with a Soul"

has been compared in public before almost a million people with the living voices of thirty great artists, including many members of the Metropolitan Opera House.

It has been proven that The New Edison's Recreation of the human voice cannot be detected

Col

voices of thirty great artists, including many members of the Metropolitan Opera House.

It has been proven that The New Edison's Re-Creation of the human voice cannot be detected from the actual voice itself when both are heard in direct comparison.

MAKE THIS TEST: Some artists, whose voices have been Re-Created by The New Edison, also make talking machine records. We will give you the names. Hear these at the talking machine dealer's. Then return to our store, and hear the New Edison Re-Creation of the voices of these same artists. Let your own ears be the judge.

103

R. B. ALLEN, - - NAPANEE, Ont.

GOOD SEEDBED FOR ALFALFA

Preparations Should Begin Year Before Planting—Keep Soil Well Cultivated.

In preparing the seed bed for alfalfa you should begin a year or two before you wish to seed by planting a cultivated crop, keeping the ground well cultivated and free from weeds. Corn is a good crop to precede alfalfa.

The critical period of alfalfa is the first six weeks of the life of the plant. The ground should be plowed early and deep. It should be free from weeds and as free as possible from weed seed. It should be well tilled, but firm up to the surface when seeded. Fall seeding in September without a nurse crop is considered the surest method to follow. However, if there is not a favorable season and sufficient moisture in the fall, you may sow at corn or cotton planting time in the spring. From 12 to 15 pounds of seed per acre is ample if the seed is clean and strong.

When it is sown with a grain drill attachment, on well-prepared seed bed, and when sown carefully and not too deep, from 10 to 12 pounds of seed is quite sufficient. The seed is small and does not need to be sown too deep—just so you get it into the moist dirt.

WHERE MANURE YIELDS MOST

Greatest Profits May Be Expected Where Fertilizer Is Placed on Poorest Soils.

Greatest profits may be expected from a ton of manure when it is used on the poorest soil on the farm.

The value of a ton of manure when used on soils of different fertility is illustrated by two series of plots at the Ohio experiment station. Corn without any fertilizer or manure has yielded 48.07 bushels per acre for 12 years in a rotation of corn, oats and clover. In another series not more than 40 rods away, the yield of corn for 19 years has averaged only 35.17 bushels, the other crops of the rotation being wheat and clover. Originally the land was the same, but its treatment previ-

ous to the time these experiments began made this difference in fertility.

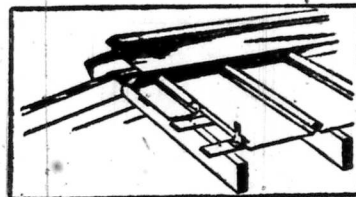
Eight tons of barnyard manure with 820 pounds of raw phosphate rock per acre has produced an increase in corn yield of 30.98 bushels on the poorer soil. On the rich land the same application with 1,000 pounds of raw phosphate rock has increased the corn crop only 17.89 bushels per acre, even though three times as much of the phosphorus carrier was added. The total yield on the manure land has been nearly the same in both cases.

METAL SHEETING FOR ROOFS

Arranged to Enable Tinmith to Rapidly Join Sheets Without the Use of Solder.

The Scientific American, in illustrating and describing a metal roof invented by J. H. Perry of Middletown, N. Y., says:

"The object of this invention is to provide a sheet metal roof arranged to enable a tinmith or other person to rapidly join the metal sheets for forming the roof-sides and the ridge without the use of solder and, to render the joints rainproof and thereby prevent



Sectional Perspective View of Sheet Metal Roof With Parts Broken Away.

leakage, use is made of metal sheets provided at each side with an upturned abutting member terminating in an inward and downwardly bent flange and a peak-shaped seam cap fitting over the flanges.

Awarded Decoration.

KINGSTON, March 26.—Sergt. J. Hawkey, ex-reeve of Kingston Township, overseas with the 21st Battalion Transport Section, has been awarded the Belgian Croix de Guerre for bravery.

Good Farm Flock.

ver, no bugs or worms, when the water is frozen over, when the snow is on the ground so that she cannot pick up a bit of gravel and sand, these things must be furnished in her feed.

A hen is different from most animals. She will balance her own ration if given an opportunity.

PROPER CARE OF MACHINERY

Farm Implements Depreciate More in Value From Neglect Than From Actual Use.

Farm machinery depreciates in value more rapidly from poor care than from actual use. That is, a larger part of the 10 per cent annual depreciation is caused by exposure than by use.

A 160-acre farm needs about \$1,000 worth of machinery. Ten per cent depreciation means \$100 every year and more than \$50 of this is lost through lack of care. Sheds for this machinery would cost about \$200, which at 6 per cent a year would mean \$12. The difference between \$50 and \$12 cannot all be credited to profit, for part of the care of machinery lies in labor and material. Still there would be a fair margin. Housing, repairing at the proper time, and painting the wooden parts are three essentials in the care of machinery.

PIG FEEDING IS PROFITABLE

Nebraska Station Finds Alfalfa Hay and Corn Best Feeds for Fattening —Don't Grind Corn.

Alfalfa hay and corn were the best feeds for fattening hogs for profit at the Nebraska station. Pigs fed on this



Fattening Hogs for Market.

ration did not gain as rapidly as those fed on tankage and corn, but made a better showing in cost of gains. Corn was valued at 70 cents a bushel, alfalfa at \$10 a ton and tankage at \$2.50 per 100 pounds.

The test showed that it does not pay to grind corn for pigs. Those fed on ground corn made the slowest and most expensive gains. Where ground corn and alfalfa hay were used the cost per 100 pounds gains was nearly \$2 per 100 pounds more than where dry shelled corn and alfalfa were fed.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

Our

Has
that
in bl
class

W

MAKE BARN MORE SANITARY

Formula Suggested for Whitewash to Be Applied Inside—Adds to Attractiveness.

An application of whitewash will make stables and farm buildings more sanitary and attractive. For inside application the following formula is suggested: Slake with boiling water half-bushel of stone lime. Cover with slaking and strain. Add one peck of salt dissolved and three pounds of ground rice, boiled and thickened. To this add 50 quarts of water and allow to stand for three days. The mixture may then be applied with a brush.

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Walking ties of beige suede, with black military heel and toe, are being worn and worn.

HATS OF BROCADE

Materials So Rich That They Require No Trimming.

Simple but Striking Models Can Be Made by the Home Milliner With Very Little Trouble.

So lovely and rich are the new brocades that to trim them would be quite as bad as "painting the lily." And the golds are ever so prominent. One sees striking things in black and gold, and blue and gold, and not a little silver is being used to express the brocade idea, says a fashion authority. Here are two very happy suggestions



Dress Hats of Brocade.

for you if you are considering making your own dress hat this year. The

first is a simple cuffed turban, with nothing more than a veil to garnish it. Just fold sufficient brocade over the right shape of buckram foundation, tack it here and there—not too many tacks, remember, for that means unbecomingly stiff—and drape the whole with a fine meshed veil edged with a dainty bit of soutache.

If you are small of stature and you would create the illusion of increased height, by all means select a turban like this one after the Russian. The brocade idea is tremendously effective on just such a hat. And a large, gracefully draped veil with dainty shadow lace border and huge chenille dots does a deal in the way of setting things off.

MAKE NEW PURSE FROM OLD

Handbags May Be Easily Transformed Into Latest Fashion With Little Effort and Slight Expense.

Have you any old purses?

If you have, did you realize that you could easily transform them into new purses?

You can, without much expense and without much trouble.

To begin with, get a paper pattern for making a handbag. Then get your material.

The old handbag is used merely, as a foundation for the new one. That is, the old clasp is requisitioned—with the rest of the old frame. A new covering is made of the new material, and this is slipped over the old frame and fastened securely. If you wish to, you may simply cover the old purse with an envelopelike section of the new material. Or else you may fasten a lining bag to the old frame as big or as little as you please, and put the new outside over that.

If you have a bit of velvet left from a velvet frock, buy a pattern for a bag of interesting shape, cut the velvet and then embroider it with beads—either steel beads or else colored glass beads. Or else embroider it with a heavy silk floss, in a loose, quick stitch. This loose stitch really gives better results—and, of course in a far shorter time—than a fine stitch.

The strap handles of the bag may be made of a folded and stitched strip of the fabric of the bag, or else silk cords may be used.



ON GUARD

At this time of the year people feel weak, tired, listless, their blood is thin, they have lived indoors and perhaps expended all their mental and bodily energy and they want to know how to renew their energy and stamina, overcome headaches and backaches, have clear eyes, a smooth, ruddy skin, and feel the exhilaration of real good health tingling thru their body. Good, pure, rich, red blood is the best insurance against ills of all kinds. Almost all diseases come from impure and impoverished blood. It is to be noticed in the pale or pimply face, the tired, haggard appearance or the listless manner.

Drink hot water a half hour before meals, and for a vegetable tonic there's nothing better than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the old-fashioned herbal remedy, which has had such a fine reputation for fifty years. It contains no alcohol or narcotics. It is made from Golden Seal root, Blood-root, Oregon grape root, Queen's root, Black Cherry bark, extracted with glycerine and made into tablets and liquid. Tablets fifty cents, at most drug stores.

In order to insure pure blood and to build up the system try this tonic known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Get it now!

NECESSARY TO SAVE MANURE

Sometimes Overlooked by Small Farmer Who Is Just Starting in Live Stock Business.

Save manure. The necessity for this is sometimes forgotten by the small farmer who is just starting in the business of live stock production. Fertilizer is scarce, high in price, and hard to get for any reasons. Therefore, the more manure saved to apply to the land the less need for fertilizer.

Counter Check Books

We have the BEST LINE of Counter Check Books made in Canada.

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

We have the **BEST LINE** of
Counter Check Books made
in Canada.

**Any Size
Shape
or Style**

Call and see samples, or 'phone 134

Our Commercial Printing

Has a **QUALITY** and **STYLE**
that will please you. Printed
in black or colors, on high
class stock.

Wedding Invitations
Calling Cards
Invites

THE EXPRESS PRINTING HOUSE

John Street, Napanee.

WANTED--25,000 Musk Rats

Send them Express or Mail, any quantity. We will remit CASH by return mail in full; or on receipt of your shipment we will mail you an offer for your consideration.

Our Reliable Reputation at your Service.

Phone 797.

Joseph T. Delaney Belleville, Ont.

16-h

Every Satisfied Customer

Has brought another to our OPTICAL DEPARTMENT. It has always been our aim to satisfy by doing the best work we possibly can.

If you need glasses the best is what you want, and by having your eyes tested by H. E. SMITH, the true condition of your eyesight will be revealed.

Our Prices are Reasonable for the Quality of our Spectacles.

Smith's Jewelry Store

Established 1889.

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS

'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

Dancing and Deportment.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Johnston, qualified teachers will open a school of dancing for select classes only, in the town hall, Napanee, Tuesday

--FRUITS--

Dried Peaches,
Apricots and Prunes
also
Dates and Figs

Yearling Heifer
For Sale

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 180.

Trinkets or cash for Y.M.C.A. Fund received at Mr. F. L. Hooper's.

Found—in Napanee—the best hand to clean carpets and rugs. Satisfaction guaranteed. Apply to Thos. Pearson.

Get a tin of Jonteel Talcum, the newest and daintiest odor of all. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

The regular monthly meeting of the I.O.D.E. will be held in their work-room, Harshaw block, Monday, p.m., April 8th, at 8.30.

Our Streets Committee is to be congratulated on the splendid way in which they have kept the streets and walks this spring. No town or city in this district has had less trouble. The season has been an especially hard one.

The Church Women's Guild of St. Mary Magdalene's Church, are holding an "At Home" at the Vicarage, on Thursday evening, April 11th. A splendid programme is being prepared and a cordial invitation is extended to all.

Easter Day was marked in St. Mary Magdalene's church by very bright and inspiring services. The music was of a high order and was exceptionally well rendered by the choir. The congregations were large at all the services. The Vicar was assisted by his father, Rev. A. H. Coleman.

The Yakoo Club of the Collegiate Institute gave a very nice dance in the town hall on Tuesday evening. The guests were principally the pupils of the Collegiate and the young people enjoyed the event to the full. A very nice sum was realized for patriotic work, to be divided between the Red Cross and the I.O.D.E.

Arrangements have been made for an illustrated lecture to be given in Napanee on April 16th. The lecturer on this occasion will be Prof. A. H. McLennan, of the Ontario Agricultural College. The lecture is designed to help definitly in the movement for greater production. Watch the local papers—next week's issue—for further information. Bear in mind the date, April 16th, and keep it free for the lecture. The meeting is being held

Highest Prices GUARANTEED.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

9.30—Class meeting.

10.30—Regular service.

11.45—Sunday School.

6.45—Song service.

7.00—Regular service.

Monday, 8.00—League Meeting—election of officers.

Wednesday, 8.00—Prayer meeting.

Thursday, 7.30—Meeting of C.G.I.T. Groups.

Friday, 8.00—Choir practice.

Keep Tuesday evening, 16th, clear for Choir Concert.

Garden Seeds at WALLACE'S.

J. M. Vanalstine, Napanee, is reported wounded.

A 25c. bottle of Colorite will make your old straw hat like new—all colors—25c. per bottle at WALLACE'S. A very quiet wedding was solemnized at Enterprize on March 13th, when Myrtle Edna, eldest daughter of Stanley Bell, Enterprize, was united in marriage to Arthur Edmund Brown, son of the late Lindley Brown, Moscow.

The Canadian daylight saving bill is to be made the first Government business on reassembling of the Parliament on Tuesday, and the measure will likely be put into operation in Canada by the 15th.

Miss Pearl Switzer, one of Wilton's most accomplished young ladies, suffered a stroke of paralysis on Wednesday morning after a serious illness of heart trouble. Her many concerned friends hope for a speedy recovery.

A quiet wedding was celebrated in St. Luke's Church, Camden East, on March 20th, when Miss Hazel A. Burgess, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Burgess, Enterprize, and Robt. Cook, Roblin, were united in the bonds of matrimony.

Tressa Breault, widow of the late A. P. Bell, of Richmond, died at the home of her son, Mr. Wellington Bell, Young, Sask., on Saturday last. The remains were brought to Napanee and the funeral takes place to-day to Riverview Cemetery. Mr. Eleveil Bell, Belleville, is a son of deceased.

Notice.

For nice cured Hams go to Kelly's.

Hogs and Calves Wanted.

Will ship on Monday, April 8th. Will pay highest market price.

JOHN WILLIAMS.

Fresh Groceries and Provision.

At the Normile Grocery Co. Have you tried our teas? Choice Black at 45c. and 50c. lb., choice Green at 30c. 35c. and 40c. lb. Fresh Bulk cocoa 25c. lb. We pay highest prices for farmers produce. Give us a call.

Wanted—500 Hogs and Calves.

Will ship Hogs and Calves on Monday, April 8th, and will pay \$20.00

Made for You

PERSONALLY

is what you get in a

WALTERS

Custom Tailored
SUIT

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. pastor.

10.30 a.m.—Morning service.

11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7.00—Evening service.

Wednesday, 7.30—Mid-week meet for prayer and Bible Study.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M.A., Vicar. Services at St. Mary Magdal Church:

10.30—Holy Communion.

12.00—Sunday School.

7.00—Evening Prayer.

Wednesday, 7.30—Intercession Service.

Private Sale

of Household Furniture, Saturday afternoon, April 6th, and follow week at MRS. D. W. ALLISON Richard St. 18.

GROCERIES.

Special for Saturday—Fresh Strawberries, Celery, Lettuce, a few Valencia Oranges, and California Lemons. Good Coffee at 40c.

G. W. BOYES.

'Phone 236.

Hogs and Cattle Wanted

Will ship on Saturday, April 6, 1918. Will pay 20c. for first class hogs, 17c. for sows. 8c. to 11c. for Veal Calves.

J. W. HAMBLBY.

G. H. WILLIAMS.

Private Sale of Household Furniture.

Consisting of Parlor Suite, Wain Sideboard, Dining Tables, Chairs, H Stand, Writing Desk, Rockers, B room Suites, Carpets, Curtains, C Plate with Oven, Happy Thought Range and Upright Stove, etc. Start to-day (this Friday) and follow days.

E. B. PERRY, West Street

Notice to Auto Buyers!

The government intends placing

P. PAPPAS

'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

Dancing and Deportment.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Johnston, qualified teachers will open a school of dancing for select classes only, in the town hall, Napanee, Tuesday evening, April 9th. For full information apply to Mr. A. McGregor. 17-a

Wallace's Rat Strychnine will destroy your rats and mice. For sale only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

Red Cross and the I.O.D.E.

Arrangements have been made for an illustrated lecture to be given in Napanee on April 16th. The lecturer on this occasion will be Prof. A. H. McLennan, of the Ontario Agricultural College. The lecture is designed to help define in the movement for greater production. Watch the local papers—next week's issue—for further information. Bear in mind the date, April 16th, and keep it free for the lecture. The meeting is being held under the auspices of the local Horticultural Society.

Old King Spear was a merry old dear,
And a very old dear was he!
He called for gum,
Till they brought him some,
Then he shouted "Hurrah for
Wrig-ley!"

PICTURE FRAMING

Bring that Picture or Group Photo that you have been wanting framed to

THE COOKE STUDIO

Next to Napanee Post Office.

We have a full line of Picture Framing Goods.

CREAM-We Want Yours

We are the Largest Manufacturers of Creamery Butter in Eastern Ontario.

WE PAY EXPRESS. WE FURNISH CANS.
PROFITABLE PRICES PROMPTLY PAID.

Write us

Belleville Creamery Limited,

118 Front Street.

Belleville, Ontario.

15h

FARM BUILDINGS

are one of the clearest signs of the prosperity prevailing in any agricultural district.

A close observer driving along a country road and watching Buildings, Fences and the state of cultivation, can read the owner's character better than a fortune-teller. An old building like an old coat can be patched, and the old proverb, "A stitch in time" applies to buildings as well as clothes.

YOUR PROSPERITY

depends on ALL YOUR BUILDINGS being kept in the best possible state of repair so that all their contents will be preserved in first-class condition. A leaky roof, a rotten floor, and a cold pig pen or poultry house is a direct aid to the Kaiser.

No matter what your needs in connection with old or new buildings, or building material, I can help you to solve them.

I can let you have plans, specifications, bills of materials and Estimates of cost for Alterations or New Buildings. Call, phone or write.

I will buy dry oak or maple in any thickness.

W. D. MIDMER,

Lumber and Building Supplies.

Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.

'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.

Successors to Dafeo & Waller.

45th

Fresh Groceries and Provision.

At the Normile Grocery Co. Have you tried our teas? Choice Black at 45c. and 50c. lb., choice Green at 30c. 35c. and 40c. lb. Fresh Bulk cocoa 25c. lb. We pay highest prices for farmers produce. Give us a call.

Wanted—500 Hogs and Calves.

Will ship Hogs and Calves on Monday, April 8th, and will pay \$20.00 cwt. for hogs, and 8c. to 10c. for calves. Good quality 11c. to 15c. lb. Bring in your hogs and calves on Monday.

Telephone 226. FRED WILSON.

Notice to Auto Owners

We have opened up a service station for storage batteries and are prepared to repair all makes of batteries. Satisfaction guaranteed and prices reasonable. Get your batteries repaired in town and save express charges. Special prices to dealers.

C. A. WISEMAN,
Napanee.

New Classes.

New classes will be started in the Primary rooms of the Napanee Public Schools immediately after Easter. Parents who propose sending their children to school after Easter will kindly have them in attendance the first day, Monday, April 8th. 17-b

W. J. TRENOUTH,
Principal.

Historical Lecture.

The last lecture of the season of the Historical Society promises to be the best. Lieut. Colonel (Dr.) W. G. Anglin was chief surgeon of Queen's Hospital while located at Cairo and while there secured many views of the city and adjacent country. The Dr. has promised to favor the Society with a talk on his experience in Egypt and will also present a large number of lantern slides illustrating his address. Napanee has always taken a deep interest in Queen's and particularly in her magnificent overseas hospital, but how little any of us know about it. Here is an excellent opportunity to learn from one who can speak with authority. This lecture like all the others is open to the public generally and no admission fee is charged. Remember the date Friday, April 12th. At this meeting the election of officers will take place and the annual report of the Society will be presented. All are welcome.

Ashes On The Streets.

We wish to draw the attention of the citizens to the Town By-Law prohibiting the putting of ashes on the streets. This past winter this By-Law has not been observed. Notice has been served on those who have not observed the By-Law, to have the ashes that they have placed on the street removed within twenty-four hours. We find this notice is too short, and, therefore, have instructed the Police to give a further extension of time for ten days or until April 15th. The object of the By-Law is two-fold first to prevent the obstruction of the watercourse at the sides of the road, and second to do away with the unsightliness of the thing. We would recommend that anyone who has a mud hole in front of their premises to consult with Mr. John Lowry, the Chairman of the Streets, as to filling up the same. By Order of the Police Committee.

Wall Paper.

We have the finest line of Wall Paper samples ever shown in Napanee. All prices. Quick delivery.

M. PIZZARIELLO,
Market Square

Trinkets or cash for Y.M.C.A. Fund received at Mr. F. L. Hooper's.

Private Sale of Household Furniture.

Consisting of Parlor Suite, Wain Sideboard, Dining Tables, Chairs, H Stand, Writing Desk, Rockers, B room Suites, Carpets, Curtains, G Plate with Oven, Happy Thought Range and Upright Stove, etc. Start to-day (this Friday) and follow days.

E. B. PERRY, West Street

Notice to Auto Buyers!

The government intends placing 10 per cent. war tax on all automobiles manufactured, which will increase the price 10 per cent. on all new cars. We have a few cars at the old price and would advise intending purchasers to place their order at once, as the tax will come in force in a very short time.

C. A. WISEMAN,
Chevrolet Dealer, Napanee

ROBLINDALE FARMERS—ATTENTION!

All members wishing Marquis Spri Wheat, at \$2.00 per bush.; O.A.C. No. 72 Oats, Improved, at \$1.50 per bush. or Ensilage Seed Corn, at \$4.25 per bush., place your orders at once with Horace Paul, Manager, Roblin, with Mr. G. B. Curran, Napanee. Orders for another car of corn at once requested.

G. H. BROOKS,
Sec. Tre.

Death of Mrs. Joseph Buck.

At the Kingston General Hospital on Wednesday afternoon, Miss Margaret Vanalstine, beloved wife of Mr. Joseph Buck passed peacefully away after a couple days illness. The remains were brought to Napanee Thursday morning and taken to the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Vanalstine, Mill street, where this Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock the funeral will take place at the Riverview cemetery. About eight years ago deceased was married to Mr. J. Buck, and for the past five years have made their home in Kingston. Most beautiful flowers, strewn upon the casket, testified to the high esteem in which Mrs. Buck was held by a large circle of friends in the neighborhood in which she resided. Her sudden demise will cause many a heart ache among her many acquaintances in Napanee, where she was born and spent her girlhood days. She was a devoted member of Queen Street Methodist church, Kingston, and in her humble way endeavored to live the life and realize the high ideals which lead to eternal life. She is survived by her husband, who mourns deeply her loss and her parents and three brothers and five sisters, to whom a host of relatives and friends extend hearty sympathy.

Redeem Curious Promise.

A remarkable promise made twenty-five years ago has just been redeemed.

When Sir James and Lady Pend of Donhead St. Andrew, Wiltshire, Eng., celebrated their silver wedding in 1892, the latter presented a number of the local children with three penny bits, and promised each of them that if they returned them the celebration of her golden wedding each would receive a half-sovereign.

Nearly thirty of the recipients turned their three-penny bits with the golden wedding was recently celebrated, and each received a half-sovereign in accordance with Lady Fender's promise.

She had the three-penny bits given and wears them as a necklace.

MUSIC.

Patriotic Songs, Sheet Music. Call in and see them.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Market Square

Made for You

PERSONALLY

is what you get in a

WALTERS

Custom Tailored

SUIT

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

ev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D.,
tor.
0.30 a.m.—Morning service.
1.45—Sunday School and Bible
sses.
.00—Evening service.
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prayer and Bible Study.

MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

v. J. H. H. Coleman, M.A., Vicar
services at S. Mary Magdalene
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3.30—Holy Communion.
2.00—Sunday School.
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Household Furniture, Saturday
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Will pay 20c. for first class
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s.

E. B. PERRY, West Street.

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re government intends placing a

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. C. W. DeMille, Minister.

9.45—Morning Class.
10.30—Morning worship.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening worship.
Tuesday, 6.15—Girls classes.
Wednesday, 7.30—Prayer service.
Thursday, 3.00—W.M.S.
Thursday, 6.00—Boys classes.
Thursday, 7.30—Choir practice.

PERSONALS

Senator W. J. Harmer, Edmonton, Alta., spent Easter with his sister, Mrs. F. S. Scott.

Mr. Roy Russell was down from Toronto for Easter.

Mrs. Wallace Marsh spent Easter week in Kingston.

Mr. Frank Barber, Watertown, spent Wednesday with Mrs. Robt. Brown.

Miss Hypatia Fox, Midland, is visiting her father, Mr. Max Fox.

Mrs. W. A. Baker has returned from spending the winter in Toronto.

Mrs. Rev. J. H. H. Coleman is in Toronto visiting her sister, Miss McMorine.

Mrs. J. A. Fraser and Mrs. Holland have returned from spending the winter in New York.

Miss Mae Steacy left on Thursday to join the staff of Wellesly Hospital Toronto, as nurse-in-training.

Miss Margaret McConnachie leaves next week for Montreal where she will train for a nurse.

Mrs. Robt. Frizzell returned on Thursday last from spending the winter with her daughter in Niagara Falls.

Master Geo. Daly is spending the holidays in Toronto.

Mrs. Costigan and Master Will Costigan spent Easter in Ottawa.

Mr. Roland and Miss Kathleen Graham, Kingston, were in Napanee for the dance on Tuesday evening.

Mr. Will Conger returned this week from Sault Ste. Marie.

Misses Helen and Edna VanLoven have returned to Toronto.

Miss Bessie Sherwood is home for a short vacation.

Mrs. Chas. Dean has returned to Napanee after spending the winter with her son, Mr. Harry Dean, Montreal.

Miss Elizabeth Woodcock, Syracuse, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Woodcock.

Misses Ruby and Lillie Morris spent Easter with friends in Kingston.

Miss Elsie Woodcock spent Easter in Toronto.

Misses Hazel and Ruth Gordon were home from Toronto to spend Easter with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Gordon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson are spending a few days in Toronto.

Miss Hazel Parks, Kingston, spent the holidays at her home, Palace Road.

Mr. Leonard Wartman, Peterboro, spent Easter with friends in Napanee.

Miss Marie McNeill is home from Toronto visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard McNeill.

Miss Cora Kimmerly spent the week-end in Kingston.

Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Leonard spent Easter in Toronto with Mr. and Mrs. A. F. D. Lace.

Mrs. C. E. Vine spent Easter in Toronto.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the "U. E. Loyalist" Chapter, I.O.D.E.



The local Belgian Relief Committee has again reason to thank one interested in its endeavours for a very acceptable contribution towards supplies of clothing for deplorably needy Belgian children.

Reference is made above to a generous parcel of children's dresses donated by Miss Gertrude Metzler, for which the committee desire to express very appreciative thanks.

Another fine hospital supply box is nearly ready for shipment. In view of the terrible conflict now raging on the Western front, it is hardly necessary to point out how much all such supplies are required and valued. Therefore, on all these lines we should be increasingly active.

Very appreciative thanks were received recently from the Canadian Red Cross Society Headquarters, for the last case shipped there, telling how urgently supplies are needed, and assuring us that our consignment would be of great assistance.

Therefore, do not lessen your efforts but rather increase them if possible, as it is a great privilege to be able to help, however inadequately or remotely our splendid men both on land and sea and air, who are doing their utmost, and making immense sacrifices in defence of us, our homes and country.

Let us not prove unworthy of them, or of their heroic efforts and supreme sacrifices!

RUBBERS !



PRICES TO SUIT THE TRADE

Men's Rubber Boots, best grade **\$4.75**

Women's Rubber Boots... **3.25**

Misses' Rubber Boots 11-2 **3.00**

Child's Rubber Boots 6-10 **2.50**

Women's Rubbers **75c. to 1.00**

Men's Rubbers..... **1.15**

WEISS BROS.

Make a specialty of Rubbers
Largest Shoe Dealers
NAPANEE and TRENTON.



WE ARE VERY GLAD TO SAY

we handle high grade meats only. It's not just a claim, it's a solid fact. Yet we do not charge high prices. On the contrary you'll probably pay less for meat here than you have been paying heretofore. Give us a chance to prove that high class meats can be sold at low prices.

OUR GROCERY

is stocked with a New Fresh Stock of Family Groceries and Canned Goods.

NORMILE GROCERY CO'Y.

Successors to The Beverly McDonald Co.

SAVE THE WEAR ON HARDWOOD FLOORS

An Occasional Coat of
CROWN DIAMOND FLOOR VARNISH

McARTHUR, IRWIN, LIMITED

PAINT MAKERS SINCE 1842

FOR SALE BY

R. J. WALES
NAPANEE

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class workmen; cigars and tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

NOTICE.

For first-class Watch Repairing, at reasonable prices, go to MEL. TAYLOR'S Jewellery Store. 30 years' experience repairing watches in Napanee, formerly of Smith Bros. Also a stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Cut Glass always on hand. Next door to Henry's Bookstore.



Private Sale of Household Furniture.
Consisting of Parlor Suite, Walnut
leboard, Dining Tables, Chairs, Hall
and Writing Desk, Rockers, Bed-
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We have a few cars at the old price,
I would advise intending purchasers
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C. A. WISEMAN,
Chevrolet Dealer, Napanee.

BLINDALE FARMERS—ATTENTION!

All members wishing Marquis Spring
wheat, at \$2.00 per bush.; O.A.C. No.
Oats, Improved, at \$1.50 per bush.;
Ensilage Seed Corn, at \$4.25 per
sack, place your orders at once with
George Paul, Manager, Roblin, or
with Mr. G. B. Curran, Napanee. Or-
ders for another car of corn at cost
requested.

G. H. BROOKS,
Sec.-Treas.

Death of Mrs. Joseph Buck.

At the Kingston General Hospital,
Wednesday afternoon, Minnie
Margaret Vanalstine, beloved wife of
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Thomas Vanalstine, Mill street, from
where this Friday afternoon at 2.30
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neighborhood in which she resided.
Her sudden demise will cause many
heart ache among her many ac-
quaintances in Napanee, where she
was born and spent her girlhood
years. She was a devoted member of
Queen Street Methodist church,
Kingston, and in her humble way
endeavored to live the life and reach
the high ideals which lead to life
eternal. She is survived by her hus-
band, who mourns deeply her loss,
her parents and three brothers
and five sisters, to whom a host of
relatives and friends extend heartfelt
sympathy.

Redeem Curious Promise.

A remarkable promise made twenty-
five years ago has just been re-
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When Sir James and Lady Pender,
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ber of the local children with three-
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Nearly thirty of the recipients re-
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Pender's promise.

She had the three-penny bits gold-
en and wears them as a necklace.

SIC.
Patriotic Songs, Sheet Music. Come
and see them.

PIZZARELLO, Market Square.

ROAD.

Mr. Leonard Wartman, Peterboro,
spent Easter with friends in Napanee.

Miss Marie McNeill is home from
Toronto visiting her parents, Mr. and
Mrs. Richard McNeill.

Miss Cora Kimmerly spent the
week-end in Kingston.

Dr. and Mrs. R. A. Leonard spent
Easter in Toronto with Mr. and Mrs.
A. F. D. Lace.

Mrs. C. E. Vine spent Easter in
Toronto.

Cadet A. F. Bailey of the R. F. C.
Camp Mohawk, Deseronto, spent the
Easter holidays at the residence of
his Aunt, Mrs. John Pollard, Dundas
street.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Douglas, Buffalo,
are renewing acquaintances in Napa-
nee for a few days.

Mrs. Andrew Madden, Deseronto,
spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs.
Victor Cowling.

Mr. Lawrence Poole spent Easter in
Cornwall.

Mr. W. J. Wiggins spent Easter in
Toronto.

Mrs. J. W. Foster accompanied by
her son George, of Trinity College
School, Port Hope, left on Wednes-
day for Toronto to visit her daughter,
Mrs. Jos. Robinson, also her son, Mr.
C. W. Foster.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Sherwood have
returned home from New York.

Miss Mary Fraser is spending Easter
with Mrs. Thompson, Westmount,
Que.

Mrs. Godfrey Bartlett left on Fri-
day last to join her husband in
Hamilton where they will reside.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Brooks, Mon-
treal, spent Easter with her father,
Mr. Geo. Grieves.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Holland, King-
ston, spent Easter with her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Doller spent the
week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Huyck,
Tweed.

Miss Myrtle Stevens was home from
Campbellford to spend Easter with
her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas.
Stevens.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmett Brown,
Picton, are guests of his sister, Mrs.
C. H. Gordon.

Mr. Elevell Bell, Belleville, was in
town on Saturday.

Mrs. John Gleeson, who the misfor-
tune to break her arm badly a couple
of weeks ago, had the arm finally set
in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, on Sat-
urday and is progressing nicely.

MARRIAGES.

MOORE—BROWN—At Napanee, on
Wednesday, March 13th, 1918, by Rev.
C. W. Demille, Stella Louise, daugh-
ter of Mrs. Robt. Brown, to George
Herring Moore, both of Napanee.

SHOREY—MONTGOMERY—In Lon-
don, England, on March 14th, 1918,
Capt. Kenneth M. Shorey, C.A.M.C.,
to Miss Laura A. Montgomery, of
Cardinal, Ont. Both of Duchess of
Cannought Hospital, Taplow.

DEATHS

BELL—At Young, Sask., on Satur-
day, March 30th, 1918, Tressa Breault,
widow of the late A. P. Bell, of
Richmond.

BUCK—At Kingston, on Wednes-
day, April 3rd, Mrs. Joseph Buck, nee
Miss Minnie Margaret Vanalstine,
aged 31 years.

DENISON—At Richmond, on Mon-
day, April 1st, 1918, John Wesley
Denison, aged 92 years, 4 months, 28
days.

McNEILL—At Napanee, on Satur-
day, March 30th, 1918, Evelyn Mc-
Neill.

In loving memory of Mrs. Caroline
Ham who died April 5th, 1913.

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